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HAMILTON TWP., NEW JERSEY
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REFERENCE NO. 13

Presentation of the Phase I Sampling
Plan Results for the Former
Polychrome Corporation Facility in
Yardville, New Jersey

ECRA Case No. 86122

Submitted to the
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
on behalf of
Polychrome Corporation

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results from the soil and ground water sampling at the underground tank were submitted as an addendum on September 26, 1986.

The NJDEP assigned Case Manager, Michael Metlitz, requested a site inspection of the building interior, which occurred on February 3, 1987. The remainder of the property was inspected on March 3, 1987. The March 27, 1987 Report of Inspection from the NJDEP, which indicated a number of required actions, was followed by a June 10, 1987 letter to Carol Surgens, also of Lowenstein, Sandler et al., commenting on the July 15, 1986 Sampling Plan and restating the requirements in the Report of Inspection.

A Revised Sampling Plan, which was designed to determine the nature and extent of soil contamination as requested in the Report of Inspection, was submitted on July 20, 1987, with an accompanying cover letter addressing issues raised by NJDEP correspondence of March 27 and June 10. The Revised Sampling Plan identified 14 areas of environmental concern (AECs) based on site history, results of the site inspections, and NJDEP comments. The locations of the AECs, which are briefly described in Table 2, are shown on Figure 1. Detailed descriptions of the AECs can be found in the Revised Sampling Plan, which was

For this report, "contamination" is defined as concentrations of a particular substance exceeding informal NJDEP-established ECRA cleanup guidelines for soil or ground water (Table 1). ENVIRON is using these guidelines to simplify presentation and interpretation of sampling results and neither ENVIRON nor Polychrome suggests the cleanup guidelines are the appropriate basis for a site cleanup. For example, health and environmental risk analyses may prove more appropriate for determining cleanup levels.

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Table 1: ECRA Action Levels

		•
Parameter	Soil	Ground Water
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPHCs)	100 ppm	1,000 ppb
Base/Neutral Extractables (BNs)	10 ppm	Case-by-case
Acid Extractables (AEs)	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	1 ppm	Case-by-case
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)	1-5 ppm	0.001 ppb
Priority Pollutant Metals (PPMs)*		·
Antimony Arsenic Beryllium Cadmium Chromium Copper Lead Mercury Nickel Selenium Silver Thallium Zinc	2 ppm 20 ppm 1 ppm 3 ppm 100 ppm 170 ppm 250 ppm 1 ppm 1 ppm 1 ppm 5 ppm 5 ppm 350 ppm	50 ppb 10 ppb 50 ppb 1,000 ppb 50 ppb 2 ppb 10 ppb 50 ppb 5,000 ppb
Cyanide	12 ppm	200 ppb
Phenols	Case-by-case	3,500 ppb

<sup>\*</sup> ECRA action levels for Priority Pollutant Metals in ground water are derived from NJAC 7:9-6.6

NOTE: ECRA cleanup guidelines which are taken from an NJDEP internal memorandum and communication with NJDEP personnel, are not established by administrative code.

<sup>--</sup> Indicates no cleanup guideline listed in NJAC 7:9-6.6

ppm parts per million (equivalent to mg/kg)

ppb parts per billion (equivalent to ug/1)

#### I. INTRODUCTION

### A. History of ECRA Compliance

Polychrome Corporation ("Polychrome") entered into an Agreement of Sale with Herbert Krumsick on December 18, 1985 and shortly thereafter signed an Administrative Consent Order (ACO) that governs potential cleanup of its Yardville facility ("the site") under the Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act (ECRA).

Polychrome submitted a General Information Submission (GIS) and a Site Evaluation Submission (SES) to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) on February 18, 1986. A review of Polychrome's activities at this facility suggested that it was unnecessary to submit a sampling plan. NJDEP, however, following their review of the SES, required documentation of the integrity of the underground fuel oil storage tank. The subsequent Petro-Tite® test revealed the tank to be leaking. A monitoring well was installed in the presumed downgradient direction proximate to the tank which is situated partially below the water table. Soil samples were collected during the well installation, and a ground water sample was obtained after the well had been developed and had stabilized. In a May 5, 1986 letter to Edward Hogan, Esq. of Lowenstein, Sandler, et al. (counsel for Polychrome) NJDEP requested that a Sampling Plan be submitted to address potential contamination resulting from the underground tank. After subsequent discussions with NJDEP personnel regarding additional sampling requirements, a Sampling Plan was submitted on July 15, 1986. The

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# Table 2: Areas of Environmental Concern

Area of Environmental	
Concern	Description
1	Soil in vicinity of dumpster which formerly contained PCB contaminated material (Spill #1 of Appendix 4).
2	Soil in vicinity of north edge of parking lot, in former disposal site of absorbent materials (Spill #2 of Appendix 4).
3	Soil adjacent to former drum storage pad and Spill #3 of Appendix 4.
4	Soil in vicinity of underground fuel oil storage tank (Spill #4 of Appendix 4).
5	Soil in vicinity of railroad tracks (Spill #6 of Appendix 4).
6	Soil in a circular zone of distressed vegetation north of the facility.
7	Soil adjacent to a trench located in the wooded area north of the facility.
8	Soil in area of distressed vegetation and debris in area bordering eastern edge of parking lot.
9 .	Soil in area of distressed vegetation adjacent to propane tanks.
10	Trench which runs along the southern end of the building.
11	Soil adjacent to water tank.
12	Sediments in the storm sewer catch basin.
13	Damaged pipe insulation in boiler room.
14	Sump located adjacent to transformer enclosure.
15	Small pit located in wooded portion of site.
16	Small pit located in wooded portion of site.

conditionally approved by NJDEP in a June 3, 1988 letter that identified two additional AECs. Implementation of this plan on August 1 and 2, 1988, involved the collection of a total of 30 soil samples from 12 borings and a storm sewer catch basin; one water sample from a sump; and two pipe insulation samples from the boiler room.

## B. Purpose and Scope

In this report ENVIRON presents the results from implementation of the Revised Sampling Plan. The report discusses the methodologies used to collect samples, presents site-specific geological and analytical results of soil and water sampling, interprets these results in terms of ECRA action levels and, finally, recommends further action to satisfy ECRA requirements.

#### II. METHODOLOGY

## A. Sample Collection

The sample collection techniques used at Polychrome were generally those proposed in the Revised Sampling Plan. As discussed below, field conditions necessitated several changes to the proposed sampling depths. Figure 1 is a site map showing the actual sampling locations, all of which were surveyed by James M. Stewart, Inc., licensed surveyors. Boring logs are presented in Attachment 1.

## 1. Soil Sampling from Hollow-Stem Auger Borings

The Revised Sampling Plan proposed a total of 15 hollow-stem auger borings in nine AECs. Except as noted below, ENVIRON installed and located these borings in accordance with the Revised Sampling Plan. Table 3 lists the sampling locations, actual sampling depths, and analyses performed for each soil sample. All borings were drilled by a licensed driller on the staff of J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc., using a Dietrich D-25 truck-mounted skid rig. In some cases, the driller drove the split spoons to the maximum sampling depth (4 feet below ground surface) without the use of augers. These sampling locations, 901, 1001 and 1002, will still be referred to as hollow-stem auger borings in this report.

In general, ENVIRON planned to collect three samples from each boring, from three six-inch increments from the surface to the water

Table 3: Actual Sampling in Areas of Environmental Concern

Areas of Environmental Concern	Sampling Location	Number and Type of Samples per Location	Analyses <sup>1</sup>
1	101	Hollow-Stem Auger Boring 3 soil samples • 2.0 - 3.0 feet • 5.0 - 5.5 feet	PP+40, TPHCs
2	201	Hollow-Stem Auger Boring 4 soil samples • 0 - 0.5 feet • 1.5 - 2.0 feet • 3.0 - 3.5 feet • 5.0 - 6.0 feet	TPHCs, PCBs, VOC+15, BN+15, PPMs
3	301	Hollow-Stem Auger Boring 4 soil samples • 0 - 0.5 feet • 1.5 - 2.0 feet • 2.5 - 3.0 feet • 5.5 - 6.0 feet	PP+40
5	501,502 503,504	Hollow-Stem Auger Borings 3 soil samples • 1.0 - 3.0 feet <sup>3</sup> • 3.0 - 4.5 feet <sup>3</sup> • 4.5 - 6.0 feet <sup>3</sup>	TPHCs BN+15 PP+404
8	801	Hollow-Stem Auger Boring 2 soil samples • 2.0 - 2.5 feet • 4.5 - 5.0 feet	PP+40
8 .	802	Hollow-Stem Auger Boring 1 soil sample • 2.5 - 3.0 feet	PP+40
9	901	Hollow-Stem Auger Boring 3 soil samples • 0.0 - 0.5 feet • 1.5 - 2.0 feet <sup>2</sup>	PP+40, TPHCs
10	1001, 1002	Hollow-Stem Auger Borings 2 soil samples • 2.5 - 3.5 feet <sup>3</sup> • 5.5 - 6.0 feet	PP+40, TPHCs

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Table 3: Actual Sampling in Areas of Environmental Concern (continued)

Areas of Environmental Concern	Sampling Location	Number and Type of Samples per Location	<u>Analyses</u> <sup>1</sup>
12	1201	Surface Soil Sample	PP+40, TPHCs
13	1301, 1302	Insulation Samples	Asbestos
14	1401	Surface Water Sample	PCBs, BN+15

PCBs - Polychlorinated biphenyls on the priority pollutant list
TPHCs - Total petroleum hydrocarbons
VOC+15 - Volatile organic chemicals on the priority pollutant list
plus the next 15 highest peaks
PP+40 - Priority pollutants excluding the pesticides plus the next
40 highest peaks
BN+15 - Base neutral extractables on the priority pollutant list
plus the next 15 highest peaks
PPMs - Metals on the priority pollutant list

Samples collected from this depth were analyzed for VOC+15. Soil samples from 0 to 0.5 feet were analyzed for all other parameters in that AEC.

Samples were collected from a six-inch increment within this interval. Actual sampling depths, which vary slightly from boring to boring, are presented in the boring logs.

Analyses for PP+40 were performed only on the uppermost samples from Borings 502, 503 and 504.

table. Borings that encountered the water table were plugged with cement grout; those that did not were plugged with the soil cuttings.

Changes to the Revised Sampling Plan required by field conditions were as follows:

- AEC 1 is located at a low point in the parking lot. Thus, when Boring 101 was installed, rainwater that infiltrated the stone fill layer below the asphalt had saturated underlying soils. When this stone layer was disrupted by the auger, water flowed into the boring, further saturating the underlying soils. Split-spoon samplers could not retain samples of this saturated silty clay. Soil samples were thus collected from the auger flights. The surface sample was eliminated because saturated conditions prevented its collection without surface water contamination.
- Slight alterations to the sampling depths in AEC 5 were necessary due to variations in the surface gravel fill thickness and the presence of water puddled at the base of this fill. At only one location, Boring 503, did these factors prevent the collection of a sample. Specific sampling depths can be found in the boring logs included as Attachment 1.

- Dense underbrush prevented the drill rig from reaching the sampling locations in AECs 6 and 7. ENVIRON thus planned to collect the soil samples from these areas, and from AECs 15 and 16, using hand augers. However, attempts to locate and collect soil samples from these vegetated areas of low relief were unsuccessful. Therefore, ENVIRON proposes to collect samples in these areas later in the year, after the underbrush has died and these features have become visible. When available, these results will be submitted as an addendum to this report.
- After completion of the field program, AnalytikEM, the laboratory analyzing the samples, informed ENVIRON that the sample collected from the interval above the water table at Boring 802 was missing. As no visible evidence of contamination was noted during the sampling of AEC 8, ENVIRON did not attempt to recollect this sample.

  Analytical results from AEC 8, discussed later, indicate that no contamination is present in this area. Thus, this sample does not need to be collected again.

In granting conditional approval to the Revised Sampling Plan for this facility, NJDEP required that a number of additional sampling locations and analyses be included. Following the review of these requirements with Polychrome, ENVIRON outlined questions

and requested clarification of several requirements in a July 11, 1988 letter to Mr. Kenneth Hart (Attachment 2). Mr. John DeFina responded to this letter, indicating that if ENVIRON believed the original goals of the Revised Sampling Plan could be achieved without implementing some of the NJDEP requirements, then ENVIRON should design the field program accordingly and outline the reasons for the design in this report. The NJDEP requirements that were not included in the sampling program, and the reasons why ENVIRON omitted them, are discussed below. All other requirements in the June 3, 1988 conditional approval letter were incorporated.

NJDEP required two additional borings in the railroad siding north of the building beyond the extent of AEC 5. Only the portion of the railroad spur which borders the building was designated an AEC and this only because of Monsanto Company's former practice of waste oil disposal for weed control. Thus, ENVIRON did not believe that sampling beyond the AEC was necessary and did not soil sample be collected from each boring from a 6-inch interval across the water table. Since sampling soil from the saturated zone is inconsistent with NJDEP recommendations, ENVIRON did not collect samples from the 6-inch interval above the water table or above the confining silt layer.

- NJDEP required two monitoring wells downgradient of AEC 5.

  Because no sampling had yet been conducted to characterize soil quality in this AEC, monitoring wells were not believed to be appropriate at this time. Field observations suggested that subsurface contamination was not present and thus, monitoring wells were not installed. Furthermore, the two piezometers which ENVIRON indicated would be installed to determine the ground water flow direction were not installed, again because the need for ground water monitoring was thought to be minimal.
- NJDEP required that soil samples be collected from the two circular pits located in the wooded portion of the property. As described above, dense undergrowth prevented the location of these features. Soil samples will be collected from these pits at a later date.

## 2. Sediment Sampling

As proposed in the Revised Sampling Plan, one sediment sample was collected from the storm sewer catch basin (location 1201), using a trowel after the storm sewer grate had been lifted.

## 3. Surface Water Sampling

As proposed in the Revised Sampling Plan, one surface water sample was collected from a sump adjacent to the transformer enclosure (location 1401). A laboratory-prepared glass container was used to transfer water from the sump to the sample containers.

## 4. Insulation Sampling

Two pipe insulation samples were collected from the boiler room as proposed. On July 2, 1987, a representative of Kaselaan & D'Angelo Associates, Inc. collected two insulation samples from the most damaged areas of the pipe insulation.

## B. Quality Assurance/Quality Control

## l'. <u>Decontamination Procedures</u>

After the installation of each boring in an AEC, the drill rig and all downhole equipment were steam cleaned before drilling another boring.

## 2. Wash Blanks, Trip Blanks, Duplicate Samples

To monitor the effectiveness of the decontamination procedures, a wash blank was collected each day and analyzed for all parameters for which samples were collected that day. A total of two soil wash blanks were collected and analyzed for PP+40 and TPHCs.

On days that samples were collected for VOC+15 analyses, a trip blank accompanied the sampling team during the sampling activity. A total of two trip blanks were collected and analyzed for VOC+15. To monitor the consistency of laboratory analytical procedures, duplicate samples were proposed for approximately every 20 samples. Hence, two TPHC and one PP+40 duplicate samples were proposed. Because the two-inch diameter split spoons which the driller provided did not permit the collection of sufficient soil volume for duplicate samples from the same depth interval for PP+40 analysis, ENVIRON planned to collect the PP+40 duplicate and the second TPHC duplicate from one of the hand auger borings within the wooded area. Since sampling could not be conducted there, these duplicate samples will be collected when samples are obtained from the wooded area.

## C. Waste Containment and Disposal

Drill cuttings would have been contained only if field observations had suggested the presence of subsurface contamination significantly greater than the surficial contamination present in the AEC in which a given boring was drilled. Because none of the soil cuttings appeared to be contaminated, they were either used as backfill, if the water table was not encountered, or left on the surface.

## D. <u>Laboratory Methodology</u>

Analytikem, Inc. of Cherry Hill, New Jersey performed all analyses of the samples in accordance with the Revised Sampling Plan. Table 4

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Table 4: Analytical Methods

Parameter	Water	Soil
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	418.1	418.11
Volatile Organic Compounds	624	SW846:8240
Base/Neutral Extractables .	625	SW846:8270 <sup>2</sup>
Acid Extractables	625	SW846:8270 <sup>2</sup>
Pesticides/PCBs	608	8080
Cyanide	335	335
Phenols	420	420
Priority Pollutant Metals		
Antimony Arsenic Beryllium Cadmium Chromium Chromium Copper Lead Mercury Nickel Selenium Silver Thallium Zinc	204.1 206.2 210.1 213.1 218.1 220.1 239.1 245.1 249.1 270.2 272.1 279.1 289.1	7040 7070 7090 7130 7190 7210 7420 7470 7520 7740 7760 7840 7950

<sup>1</sup> 

Following Soxhlet extraction.
Following extraction by EPA Method SW846:3550.

lists the USEPA methodologies used in analysis for each parameter. The analyses for VOCs and base/neutral organics (BNs) included a 15-compound library search to identify other organic compounds present in the sample. The analysis for acid extractable organics (AEs) included a similar 10-compound library search. When the laboratory chemist was confident in identifying a compound, the laboratory reported a full chemical name on the EPA/NIH/NBS Non-targetted Library Search summary sheet. If the chemist was not confident of the identity of a compound, the compound was reported as "unknown" or by generic chemical group (e.g., "alkenes"). Reported concentrations of tentatively identified compounds are estimates based on an assumed 1:1 response. Because actual responses vary, these estimates may be as much as 20 times higher or 5 times lower than the actual concentration.

## E. Data Reporting

Tier II data packages including the original data and full laboratory documentation are being submitted with this report. These data are summarized in the text if a parameter, or group of parameters, was detected in a given AEC above applicable ECRA action levels.

#### III. GEOLOGICAL FINDINGS

## A. Regional Geology and Setting

The Polychrome Corporation facility is located in the Coastal Plain Physiographic Province. Wisconsin-age stratified drift is the surficial deposit in this area. The Merchantville Clay formation underlies this, and, in turn, is underlain by the Magothy and Raritan Formations. Ground surface elevations typically range from 60 to 100 feet above mean sea level. Surface water drainage is generally to the northwest, by a stream partially following the railroad siding. The small stream discharges into Back Edges Brook to the north. This brook flows west to the Crosswicks Creek system which flows southwest into the Delaware River. Approximately half of the property has been developed for industrial use. The remainder is wooded, with dense undergrowth.

#### B. Site Geology

The predominant sediment types at this facility are an orange-brown silty clay, often with gray mottles and gravel or sand, and a medium to coarse sand with up to 50% subrounded gravel. The gravelly sand is frequently interbedded with minor beds of fine silty sand. At several locations, black clay and peat were encountered at depths greater than five feet. Geologic logs for the 12 borings installed at the site are provided in Attachment 1.

## IV. ANALYTICAL RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

#### A. Overview

The results of this sampling program indicate that in four AECs -- 3, 8, 9 and 14 -- no contamination is present. In AEC 5, while contamination was identified, it is at concentrations only slightly above ECRA action levels. In two of the remaining AECs -- 2 and 12 -- the sample results delineated the extent of contamination sufficiently to define the area potentially requiring remediation. Lastly, in AECs 1 and 10 the results, while not sufficient to delineate totally the horizontal and vertical extent of contamination, do provide a more precise understanding of contamination present and suggest direction for future actions.

Following this overview, detailed summaries of the results for each AEC are presented. For the following discussion, concentrations of the analytical parameters will be presented in terms of their relation to the ECRA action levels presented in Table 2. However, ENVIRON wishes to emphasize that these levels are informal and actual cleanup levels are determined on a case-by-case basis. Figure 2 presents summarized results for those sampling intervals in which at least one parameter was identified above ECRA action levels. A summary of the results is as follows:

- Pesticides were not detected in any sample.
- No contaminants were detected in the surface water sample collected from the sump in AEC 14.

- Base/Neutral extractable organic compounds (BNs) were locally
  present above ECRA action levels in one surface soil sample and
  in the storm water sewer sediments.
- Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were also locally present above ECRA action levels, in one sample from the interior trench in AEC 10, and from a subsurface sample from AEC 2.
- Acid extractable organic compounds (AEs) and phenols were detected in the upper soil samples from AEC 10. There are no ECRA action levels to which to compare these results.
- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) were detected at concentrations above the 5 ppm ECRA action level in the upper soil samples from AEC 10, and above the 1 ppm ECRA action level in one of the two deeper samples from this AEC. PCBs were not detected in any other AEC.
- Arsenic (As) was found in two soil samples, and cadmium (Cd) in nine soil samples, at concentrations above ECRA action levels. No other Priority Pollutant metals were found at concentrations above ECRA action level.
- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPHCs) were identified in seven soil samples above the ECRA action level. In six of these samples, Cd was also present above the action level.
- VOCs, ABNs, TPHCs, cyanide, pesticides, or PCBs were not detected in either of the two wash blanks. Zinc was detected in both wash blanks, and nickel in one wash blank, but at concentrations well below ECRA action levels.
- No VOCs were detected in the trip blank.

## B. Summaries of Soil Results for Each AEC

#### 1. AEC 1

Two soil samples were collected from the soil surface and from above the water table from the boring installed adjacent to the cement pad in AEC 1. Both samples were analyzed for TPHCs and PP+40. No VOCs, AEs, BNs, PCBs, cyanide or phenolics were detected in either sample. TPHCs and cadmium were identified above ECRA action levels in both samples. All remaining PPMs were either not detected or detected at concentrations below ECRA action levels.

Table 5 provides the concentrations of all parameters found above ECRA action levels in AEC 1.

These results suggest that the soil in this area was not impacted by any potential spills or leakage from the PCB-contaminated material that, as described in the SES, was at one time found in the dumpster formerly stored in this area. The results also indicate that limited remediation, if any, may be necessary in AEC 1.

Although the TPHC and cadmium concentrations were above the ECRA action levels to a depth of 5.5 feet, it is likely that the saturated conditions introduced some error to these results. The storm water present beneath the pavement would tend to introduce surficial contaminants into the underlying soils. Furthermore, the collection method for these samples, i.e., collecting saturated soil

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Table 5: Parameters Detected Above ECRA Action Levels in Boring 101

Parameter: TPHCs	ECRA Action Level: 100 ppm
Depth	Concentration
2.0	<u>720</u>
5.0	<u>380</u>

Parameter: Cadmium	ECRA Action Level: 3 ppm
Depth	Concentration
2.0 5.0	<u>10</u> <u>13</u>

#### Notes.

Underlined concentrations are above ECRA action levels. "ND" indicates that a compound was not detected above the method detection limit.

that adhered to the auger flights, may have affected the results. Samples collected in this fashion are not necessarily representative of a discrete depth interval because the auger tends to mix soil and contaminants from one depth to another as it advances in the borehole.

The pattern of contamination in AEC 1 suggests that surficial contamination may have been transported into the borehole by the confined surface water, causing the soil adhering to the auger flight to become contaminated. Additional sampling is necessary to verify the vertical extent of contamination and to determine the lateral distribution of these contaminants before addressing the need for soil remediation. This sampling is proposed in Section V.

#### 2. AEC 2

Three soil samples were collected from the ground surface to the water table in one borehole in this AEC and analyzed for TPHCs,

VOC+15, BN+15, PPMs and PCBs. PCBs were not detected in any soil sample. TPHCs and all of the PPMs were either not detected or detected at concentrations well below ECRA action levels. BNs in the surface sample and VOCs in the 3-foot sample were found above ECRA action levels. The concentrations of these parameters in all of the samples from AEC 2 are provided in Table 6.

Sampling was conducted in this area to verify that a previous spill had been successfully remediated. The data suggests that

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Table 6: Parameters Detected Above ECRA Action Levels in Boring 201

Parameter: BNs	ECRA Action Level: 10 ppm
Depth	Concentration
0.0	<u>126</u> 1
3.0	ND
5.5	ND

Parameter: VOCs	ECRA Action Level: 1 ppm
Depth	Concentration
1.5	.42
3.0	4.4 2
5.5	.84

#### Notes:

Underlined concentrations are above ECRA action levels. "ND" indicates that a compound was not detected above the method detection limit.

- 1 This includes 120 ppm of bis-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate.
- The specific compounds are toluene at 3.6 ppm and methylene chloride at .8 ppm.

contamination, possibly from this spill, is present and that additional remediation may be necessary. This remediation is proposed in Section V.

## 3. <u>AEC 3</u>

The three soil samples collected in AEC 3 were analyzed for TPHCs and PP+40. No parameter was detected above ECRA action levels. Thus, the prior remedial actions in this area were effective in remediating the spill that was described in the SES. No further action is necessary in this area.

### 4. AEC 5

Four borings were drilled along the railroad siding in this AEC. Three soil samples were obtained from each of three locations. Only two soil samples were collected from the fourth boring. All samples were analyzed for TPHCs and BTEX. In addition, three of the four surface samples were analyzed for PP+40. BTEX, VOCs, BNs, AEs and PCBs were not present in any sample. Cyanide was present below the ECRA action level in three surface samples while phenolics were present in only one sample, at a concentration of 550 parts per billion (ppb). TPHCs were found above the ECRA action level in two of the surface samples. The only Priority Pollutant metals that were detected above ECRA action levels were cadmium and arsenic in several surface samples. Table 7 provides the concentrations of those parameters which exceeded these action levels.

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Table 7: Parameters Detected Above ECRA Action Levels in AEC 5 1

Parameter: TPHCs	ECRA Action Level: 100 ppm	
Sampling Location and Depth		
Sampring Location and Depth	Concentration	
Boring 501		
1.5	ND ·	
3.0	ND	
4.5	29	
Boring 502		
1.5	240	
3.0	ND	
5.0	ND	
Boring 503		
2.5	ND	
5.5	ND	
Boring 504	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2.5	<u>330</u>	
4.0 5.5	ND	
	ND	
Parameter: Cadmium	ECRA Action Level: 3 ppm	
Sampling Location and Depth	Concentration	
Boring 501		
1.5	NR	
3.0	NR	
4.5	NR	
Boring 502		
1.0	(17)	
3.0	NR	
5.0	NR	

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Table 7: Parameters Detected Above ECRA Action Levels in AEC 5 (continued)

Parameter: Cadmium

ECRA Action Level: 3 ppm

Sampling Location and Depth

Concentration

Boring 503

2.0

5.5

12 NR

Boring 504

2.0

4.0

5.5

8<u>.4</u> NR

NR

#### Notes:

Underlined concentrations are above ECRA action levels. "ND" indicates that a compound was not detected above the method detection limit. "NR" indicates that an analysis for a particulate parameter was not requested for this sample.

In addition to these parameters, arsenic was identified in the surface sample from Boring 503 at a concentration of 44 ppm. This was the only sample from AEC 5 which exceeded the ECRA action level of 20 ppm for and the contract.

The primary reasons for designating this active railroad siding an AEC were to determine the potential impact on soil quality from Monsanto's former practice of disposing of waste oil along the siding for weed control and to verify that prior remedial actions were effective. The recent sampling results suggest that most of the contamination potentially resulting from this former waste oil disposal has been remediated and that subsurface soils were not significantly impacted by the waste oil disposal. ENVIRON believes that the data gathered from this sampling program sufficiently characterize the type and extent of contamination in this AEC to address the potential need for remediation and ground water monitoring.

Since Polychrome relocated to its new facility, the current tenants have substantially increased the usage of this railroad siding. The low levels of the contaminants now present in this area—TPHCs, cadmium and arsenic—are confined to the surface. TPHC concentration are below method detection limits in three of the four subsurface samples. Thus, the presence of these contaminants can be attributed to, in part, activities related to the increased number of trains that now use this siding. These contaminants are also not related to Polychrome operations. For these reasons, and because the low contaminant levels are associated with a railroad siding that is currently in use, no remediation is believed to be necessary.

These sampling results also demonstrate that there is no need for ground water monitoring in AEC 5. TPHCs were not detected in

any sample below the surface at concentrations exceeding ECRA action levels, and were not detected in three of the four deep samples. It is clear that waste oil disposal activities did not adversely impact subsurface soil quality, and thus, it is not likely that ground water quality would be affected.

## 5. AEC 8

Two borings were drilled in this AEC. Two soil samples were collected from the ground surface and from the interval directly above the water table. Three of these samples were analyzed for PP+40. No parameter was identified at concentrations exceeding ECRA action levels in any soil sample. As previously described in Section II.A.1., the deeper sample from boring 802 was lost.

The data obtained from these three soil samples are sufficient to conclude that the debris disposal noted in this area by NJDEP during the April, 1987 site inspection apparently has not impacted the soil quality in this AEC. Thus, no further characterization of this area is necessary.

#### 6. AEC 9

The two soil samples collected from the one boring installed in this AEC were analyzed for PP+40. No parameter was detected above ECRA action levels. Thus, the small areas of distressed grass that comprise this AEC were caused not by material spillage, but more

likely by the storage of equipment which restricted sunlight and water from reaching these areas. No additional characterization of this area is needed.

## 7. AEC 10 Successoria Common to the common t

Two borings were installed through the concrete lining in the bottom of the trench in AEC 10. Soil samples were collected from the intervals immediately below the concrete and from directly above the water table. All four soil samples were analyzed for TPHCs and PP+40. BNs, pesticides and cyanide were not detected above ECRA action levels in any sample. VOCs, TPHCs, PCBs, cadmium and arsenic were identified in one or more samples at concentrations in excess of ECRA action levels. Table 8 provides the concentrations of these parameters in each soil sample from AEC 10. VOCs and arsenic were detected above ECRA action levels in only one sample each. TPHCs were detected above ECRA action levels only in the surface samples and were not detected in the deeper samples. PCBs and cadmium were found above the action level in both surface samples and in the same deep sample. PCB concentrations decreased significantly with depth.

Concentrations of AEs and phenolics were not included in Table 8 because there are no ECRA action levels for these contaminants.

Both parameters were detected in both surface samples, and phenolics were identified in one of the deep samples. The concentrations of AEs ranged from none detected to 6.0 ppm, while the concentrations of phenolics were between 1.3 and 450 ppm. The concentrations of both parameters decreased markedly with depth.

ECRA Case No. 86122

Table 8: Parameters Detected Above ECRA Action Levels in AEC 10

Parameter: TPHCs

ECRA Action Level: 100 ppm

Sampling Location and Depth

Concentration

Boring 1001

2.5

5.5

4.500

Boring 1002

3.1

5.5

2,700

Parameter: PCBs

Sampling Location and Depth

Boring 1001

2.5

5.5

ECRA Action Level: 1 to 5 ppm

Concentration

79 1

Boring 1002

3.1

5.5

 $\frac{6.6}{1.8}$ 

Parameter: VOCs

Sampling Location and Depth

Boring 1001

2.5

5.5

ECRA Action Level: 1 ppm

Concentration

15 2 .83

Boring 1002

3.1

5.5

ND

ND

ECRA Case No. 86122

Table 8: Parameters Detected Above ECRA Action Levels in AEC 10 (cont'd.)

Parameter: Cadmium	ECRA Action Level: 3 ppm
Sampling Location and Depth	Concentration
Boring 1001	
2.5 5.5	ND <u>11</u>
Boring 1002	
3.1 5.5	<u>6</u> <u>26</u>
Parameter: Arsenic	ECRA Action Level: 20 ppm
Sampling Location and Depth	Concentration
Boring 1001	
2.5 5.5	3.8 14
Boring 1002	
3.1 5.5	3.6 <u>46</u>

#### Notes:

Underlined concentrations are above ECRA action levels. "ND" indicates that a compound was not detected above the method detection limit.

- All PCBs in this AEC were identified as Aroclor 1242.
- The specific compounds are 1,1,1-Trichloroethane and Tetrachloroethylene.

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The sampling results for AEC 10 describe the pattern of contamination sufficiently to determine the need for further actions in this area. Contaminant levels sharply decreased with depth, often decreasing to below action levels. In particular, TPHCs and VOCs were found above ECRA action levels only in surface samples. Similarly, AEs were only detected in the surface samples and the concentrations of phenolics dropped sharply with depth. Furthermore, organic contaminant levels were higher at Boring 1001, the location more upgradient of the former cooling water circulation equipment still present near the eastern corner of the building. This suggests that contaminant levels may continue to decrease approaching the circulation equipment. Lastly, the sampling conducted in AEC 5 demonstrates that any contamination present in the trench was contained within the building as no VOCs, PCBs or AEs were detected in any sample from AEC 5.

#### 8. AEC 12

One sediment sample was collected from the storm sewer in this AEC and analyzed for TPHC and PP+40. TPHCs, BNs and cadmium were detected at concentrations exceeding ECRA action levels. VOCs, AEs, PCBs, pesticides and cyanide were not detected in this sample. Phenolics were detected at a low concentration of 420 ppb. All remaining PPMs were either not detected or detected at concentrations below ECRA action levels. The material present in this storm sewer will be remediated concurrently with the contaminated soil in AECs 2, 4 and 11.

Polychrome Corporation ECRA Case No. 86122

# 9. AEC 13

Two insulation samples were collected from two of the damaged areas of pipe insulation in the boiler room. These samples were analyzed for asbestos content by Kaselaan & D'Angelo Associates, Inc., and found to contain 40% to 55% chrysotile asbestos. The laboratory report of these analyses is provided as Attachment 4. Because the damaged areas of the insulation are small, repair is preferable to removal. This repair will be conducted by a licensed contractor, and all pertinent documentation will be submitted to the NJDEP.

# C. Conclusions

The 1988 sampling program, and the extensive analyses conducted on the majority of soil samples, nearly fully characterized the potential impact of industrial activities on soil quality. The results provide ample direction for additional sampling and remediation, and for designating those areas which no longer need to be addressed. Specifically:

• Contaminant levels in AECs 3, 8, 9, and 14 were below ECRA action levels, indicating both that these areas need not be included in any future site characterization and that remediation of them is unnecessary. In addition, contaminant levels in AEC 5 were minimally above ECRA cleanup guidelines only at several surface locations. Because these levels are

only slightly above ECRA action levels and are confined to the surface, and because the railroad siding is currently in use, no remediation is believed to be necessary.

- Pesticides were not detected in any soil sample and need not be included in future sampling programs at this site.
- Similarly, cyanide was not detected above ECRA action levels in any sample and need not be included in future sampling programs at this site.
- Ms were not detected above ECRA action levels in any AEC in which additional sampling is necessary; and both areas in which BNs were detected above the ECRA action level will be remediated. Thus, BNs need not be included in any future characterization of other areas.
- Similarly, AEs and phenolics were detected only in AEC 10.

  Therefore, analyses for these parameters will not be necessary in future characterization of areas outside of AEC 10.
- The PCBs detected in AEC 10 were identified as Aroclor 1242, the same congener identified in the former dumpster in AEC 1.

  Hence, it is probable that the PCBs present in this trench resulted from activities during Monsanto's occupancy. PCBs were not detected in any sample from AECs 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9 and 12.

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The pattern of TPHC and cadmium contamination identified in AECs 1, 5, 10 and 12 strongly suggests a single source for these contaminants which may be related to previous site activities. TPHCs were detected above the ECRA action level in seven samples from these four AECs. Cadmium was identified exceeding the ECRA action level in six of these seven samples, and in three other sample from AECs 5 and 10. TPHCs and cadmium were not found to exceed ECRA action levels in any other AEC, suggesting that the TPHC and cadmium contamination resulted from a single source. Available information regarding previous site activities by Monsanto Company supports this conclusion. AEC 10 is the only AEC at this facility that was an active part of the Monsanto's manufacturing processes. (Polychrome did not conduct manufacturing operations at this facility.) Thus, if any contamination were associated with Monsanto's processes, it would be expected to most significantly impact AEC 10. The fact that TPHC and cadmium concentrations are highest in AEC 10 seems to corroborate this assumption.

One potential source of the TPHCs and cadmium in AEC 10 is waste oil from machinery. Used oil has been determined to contain cadmium at concentrations of up to 57 ppm, most likely as an additive or from engine wear. This same study, in which over 1000 used oil samples were analyzed, also found

Composition and Management of Used Oil Generated in the United States, Franklin Associates Ltd., USEPA, November 1984, p. 1-12.

arsenic, PCBs, 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, tetrachloroethylene, and phenolic compounds as common constituents in used oil. The study concluded that these parameters were either present as additives or contaminants, or were products of engine wear. All of these parameters were identified above ECRA action levels in at least one of the soil samples from AEC 10. The identification of minimal TPHC and cadmium contamination in AEC 5, an area of known waste oil disposal, could also have resulted if contaminated waste oil were disposed of on the railroad siding. It should be noted that although prior waste oil disposal practices may have resulted in a portion of the contamination detected in AEC 5, because this contamination is insignificantly above ECRA action levels and because the railroad siding is active, no remediation is believed to be appropriate.

The contamination detected in AEC 1 may be similarly explained. It is possible that Monsanto also disposed of waste oil-contaminated material in this dumpster. Potential leakage from this dumpster may thus have resulted in the TPHC and cadmium contamination recently identified. If this dumpster did leak, stormwater runoff may have transported some of this leakage into the sewer sediments in AEC 12. It should be noted that although PCBs were detected in sorbent material in this dumpster in 1982, analyses for PCBs on soil samples from AECs 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9 and 12 clearly demonstrate that the PCBs formerly present in the dumpster did not impact any AEC at this facility.

Polychrome Corporation
ECRA Case No. 86122

ENVIRON believes that the pattern of TPHC and cadmium contamination, information on previous Monsanto operations at this facility and information on common contaminants of used oil support the conclusion that these contaminants were associated with waste oil handling procedures during Monsanto's occupancy of this site.

- environ believes that the pattern of contamination in AEC 10 indicates that ground water monitoring is unnecessary.

  Concentrations of organic contaminants decrease markedly with depth, usually to below ECRA action levels and/or method detection limits. This demonstrates that contaminants are not significantly migrating. One reason for this is that AEC 10, and much of the surrounding area, are covered by the building which prevents rainwater infiltration. Polychrome believes that the appropriate remedial option for the soil contamination in AEC 10 is to fill the trench with concrete to prevent future disturbance of the underlying soil.
- The sampling results from August, 1988 provide sufficient information regarding soil contamination at this facility to limit the analyses proposed in AECs 6 and 7, and the analyses required by NJDEP in AECs 15 and 16. Originally, analyses for PP+40 were proposed or required for soil samples to be collected

Polychrome Corporation
ECRA Case No. 86122

from AECs 6, 7, 15 and 16. Since no PCBs, AEs and pesticides were identified in any exterior sample, they need not be included as parameters in the analyses for these four AECs. Furthermore, cyanide was not detected above the ECRA action level in any sample. Lastly, phenolics, while detected in two soil samples, were identified at insignificant concentrations. Hence, the analytical parameters proposed in AECs 6, 7, 15, and 16 can be limited to those found above ECRA action levels in exterior samples, namely, TPHCs, BNs, VOCs and PPMs.

Polychrome Corporation ECRA Case No. 86122

#### V. ADDITIONAL SAMPLING AND PROPOSED REMEDIATION

#### A. Additional Sampling

Sampling is necessary in AEC 1 to delineate more fully the lateral extent of the TPHC and cadmium contamination. ENVIRON proposes to install four hollow-stem auger borings proximate to and downgradient of the cement pad near AEC 1. Table 9 summarizes proposed sampling depths and analyses. Soil samples will be collected from each boring at three intervals: the soil surface, the water table, and an intermediate depth. All soil samples will be analyzed for TPHCs and cadmium.

# B. Proposed Remediation

Remediation is proposed in three areas of the facility. Sampling data suggest that the contamination in AEC 2, is confined to the upper four feet of soil. Thus, the upper five feet of soil, which includes a vertical buffer of one foot, will be excavated and staged on plastic sheeting on the pavement and covered with plastic sheeting. Once this soil has been removed, five post-excavation samples will be collected, one from the excavation floor and the remaining four from the sidewalls. Sampling locations and the proposed extent of excavation are illustrated on Figure 3, while the proposed analyses are provided in Table 9. The floor sample will be analyzed for VOCs, the only contaminant found at depth. The four sidewall samples will be analyzed for BNs, the only surficial contaminant in this AEC. As proposed for AEC 2, the data obtained from these samples will be used to determine the need for additional excavation.

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Table 9: Proposed Phase II and Post-Excavation Sampling and Analyses

<u>AEC</u>	Sampling Location	Number and Type of Samples per Location	Analytical Parameters
1	102, 103 104, 105	Hollow-Stem Auger Boring 3 Soil Samples • 0.5-1.0 feet • 2.5-3.0 feet • 5.5-6.0 feet	TPHCs, Cd
2	202	Soil Sample • 5.5-6.0 feet	VOCs
2	203, 204, 205, 206	Soil Samples • 0.5-1.0 feet	BNs
4	402	Soil Sample • 5.0-5.5 feet	TPHCs
4	403, 404, 405, 406	Soil Samples • 0.5-1.0 feet	TPHCs
11	1101	Soil Sample • 0.5-1.0 feet	TPHCs
11	1102	Soil Sample • 2.0-2.5 feet	TPHCs

Polychrome Corporation ECRA Case No. 86122

The small surficial staining in AEC 11, shown on Figure 3, and the TPHC-contaminated soil in AEC 4 will also be removed at this time. AEC 11 is a small discolored gravel area proximate to an aboveground fuel oil tank near the water tank in the northern portion of the site. This discoloration was noted in the March 27, 1987 Report of Inspection as an area requiring remediation. The NJDEP required in the June 3, 1988 letter granting approval to the Phase I Sampling Plan that post-excavation samples be collected following remediation of this area. Given the small size of the discolored area in AEC 11, only two post-excavation samples will be collected, one from the floor and one from a sidewall. Both samples will be analyzed for TPHCs. Five post-excavation samples will be collected from the excavation in AEC 4 and analyzed for TPHCs.

The sediments present in the storm water sewer will be removed at this time. As this basin is concrete-lined, no post-remediation samples are necessary.

#### C. Implementation Costs

Approximately of contaminated soil will be removed from AECs 2, 4, 11, and 12. It is anticipated that this soil will be disposed of either at the GROWS Landfill in Morrisville, Pennsylvania or at the Waste Conversion facility in Hatfield, Pennsylvania. The approximate cost per cubic yard for soil disposal at these facilities is \$180. The estimated disposal cost for this Cleaning States.

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ECRA Case No. 86122

Polychrome will retain NEPCCO to perform the excavations in AECs 2, 4, 11, and 12. It is anticipated that the excavations can be completed in one day. The cost for the necessary equipment and personnel from NEPCCO will be approximately \$2,000, including transportation of the excavated soil to the disposal site.

Following the completion of the excavations, 12 post-excavation samples will be collected and analyzed for the parameters previously described. These samples will be analyzed by AnalytiKEM at an estimated cost of \$2,600.

ENVIRON will be present during the implementation of this Cleanup

Plan to direct the remedial activities and to collect the post-excavation

samples. The estimated cost of this is \$700.

The total estimated cost of this Cleanup Plan, \$11,600, will increase if results of the post-excavation samples indicate that additional soil needs to be excavated. A contingency of 20% has thus been added to cover this additional excavation, resulting in a final estimate of

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ooded Area

Area of Environmental Concern

- Monitoring Well
- Hollow Stem Auger Boring
- Surface Water Sample
- Grab Sample

ENVIRON
210 CARNEGIE CENTER, SUITE 201, PRINCETON, N.J. 08540
1000 POTOMAC ST., N.W WASHINGTON D.C. 20007

AREAS OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN AND ACTUAL SAMPLING LOCATIONS

> Polychrome Corp. Yardville, New Jersey

DATE

July, 1987.

DRAFTED BY C. GWYNN CHECKED BY B. Kraft

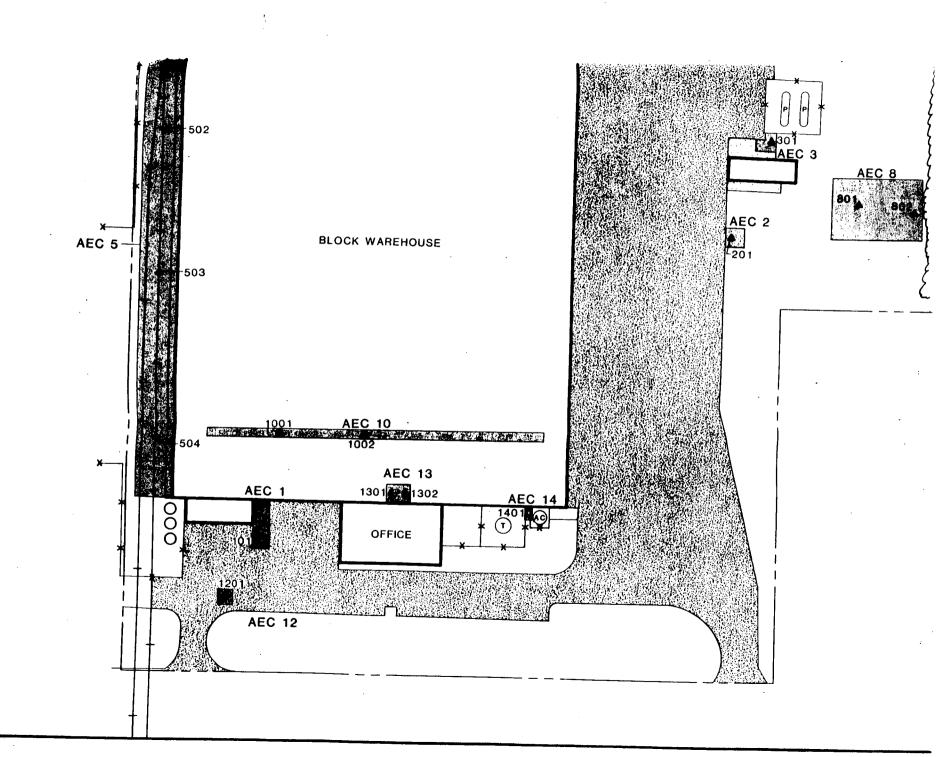
Revised:

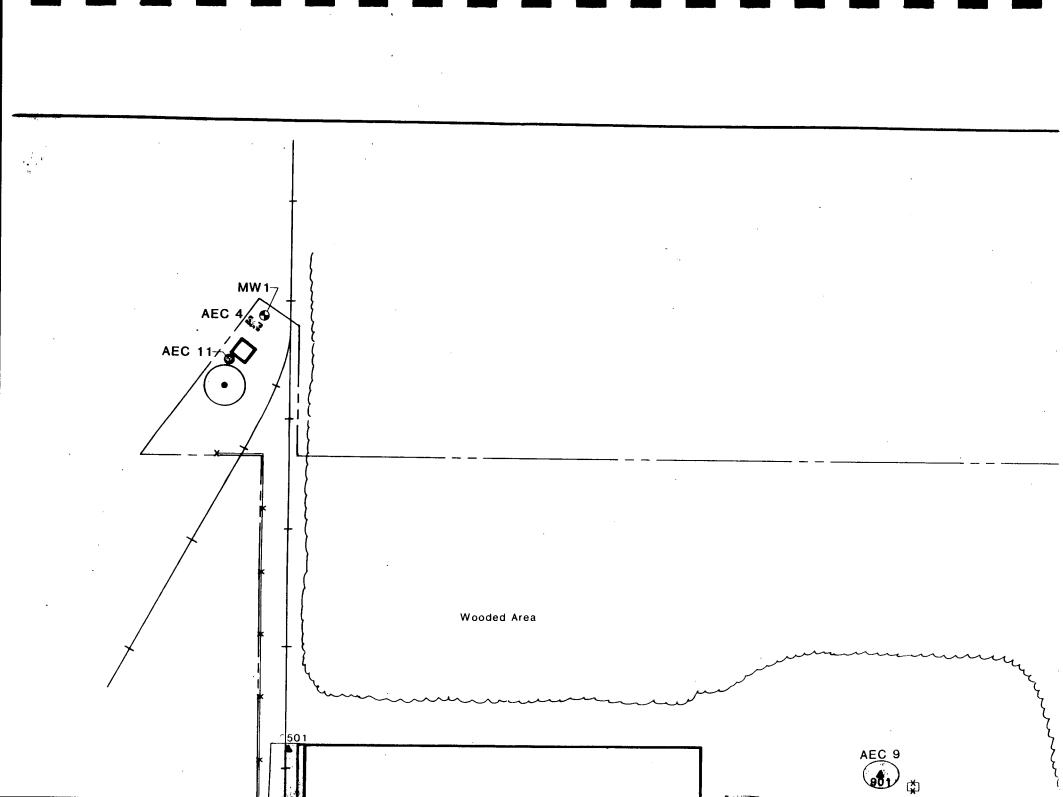
September 1988.

Property Line
Fence
Railroad
Creek
Building
Propane Tank
Underground Tank
Water Tower
Silo
Transformer

Air Conditioner Unit

Wooded Area





oded Area

Concrete Paved Area

Area of Environmental Concern

Monitoring Well

Hollow Stem Auger Boring

Surface Water Sample

Grab Sample

Asphalt Paved Area

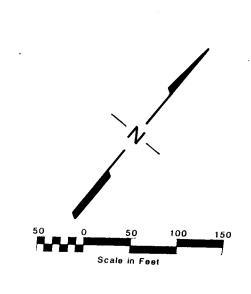
Notes: All Concentrations are in parts per million (ppm).

Only those depth intervals in which at least one parameter was detected above ECRA action levels are included on this figure.

Concentrations of AEs and Phenolics are provided even though there are no ECRA action levels which to compare these results.

Depths, in feet below ground surface, are provided above the concentrations.

# ENVIRON INC.ARNEGIE CENTER SUITE 201 PRINCETON. N.J. 08540 1000 POTOMAC ST. N.W. WASHINGTON D.C. 20007 FIGURE 2 CONCENTRATIONS OF CONTAMINANTS EXCEEDING ECRA ACTION LEVELS Polychrome Corp. Yardville, New Jersey DATE July, 1987. ORAFTED BY C. Gwynn CHECKED BY B. Kraft Revised: September 1988.



Property Line

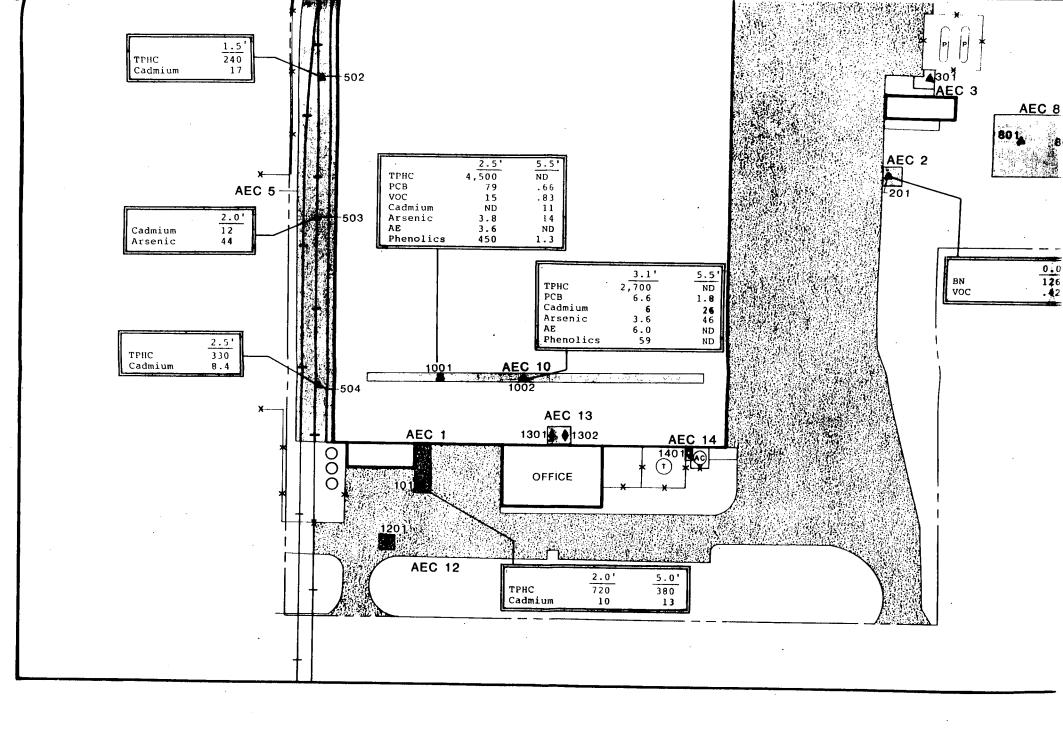
Fence
Railroad

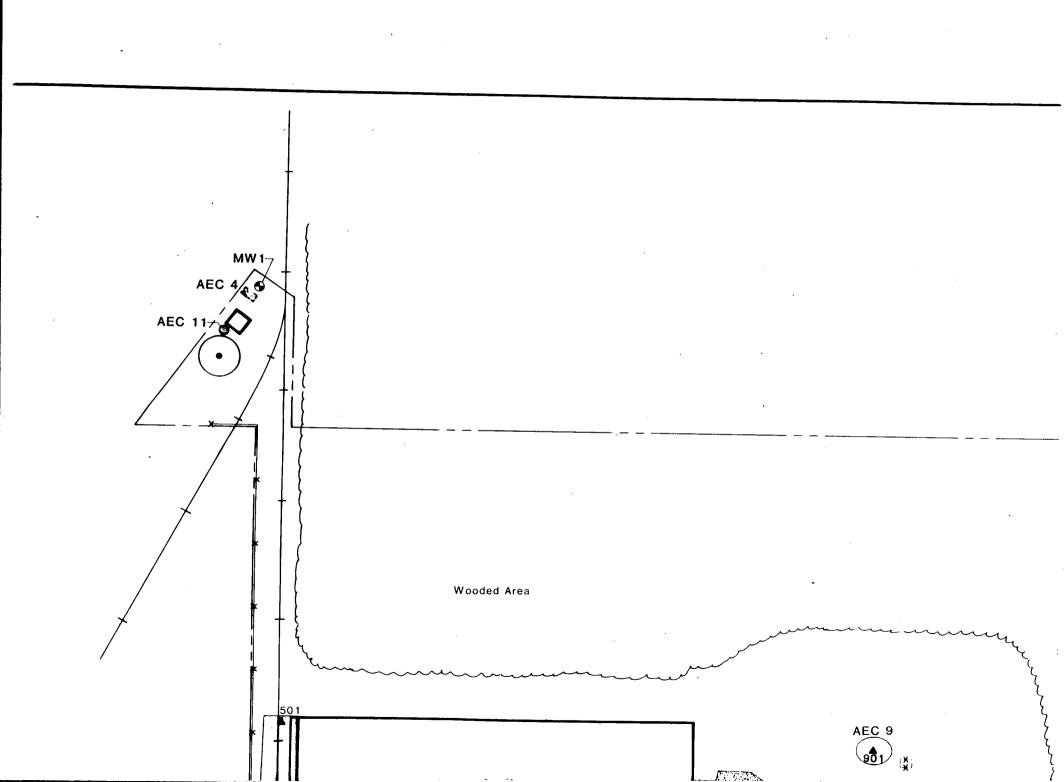
Creek
Building
Propane Tank
Underground Tank
Water Tower
Silo

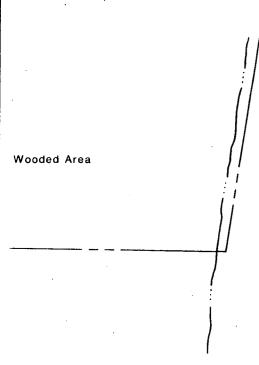
Transformer

Air Conditioner Unit

ed Area







Hollow Stem Auger Boring

Post Excavation Grab Sample

Monitoring Well

ENVIRON
210 CARNEGIE CENTER, SUITE 201, PRINCETON, N.J. 08540
1000 POTOMAC ST., N.W. WASHINGTON D.C. 20007

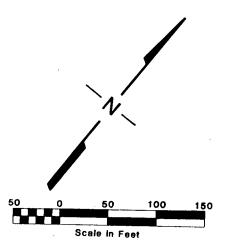
PROPOSED PHASE II AND POST EXCAVATION SAMPLING LOCATIONS

> Polychrome Corp. Yardville, New Jersey

DATE July, 1987. DRAFTED BY C. GWYNN CHECKED BY B. Kraft

Revised: September 1988.

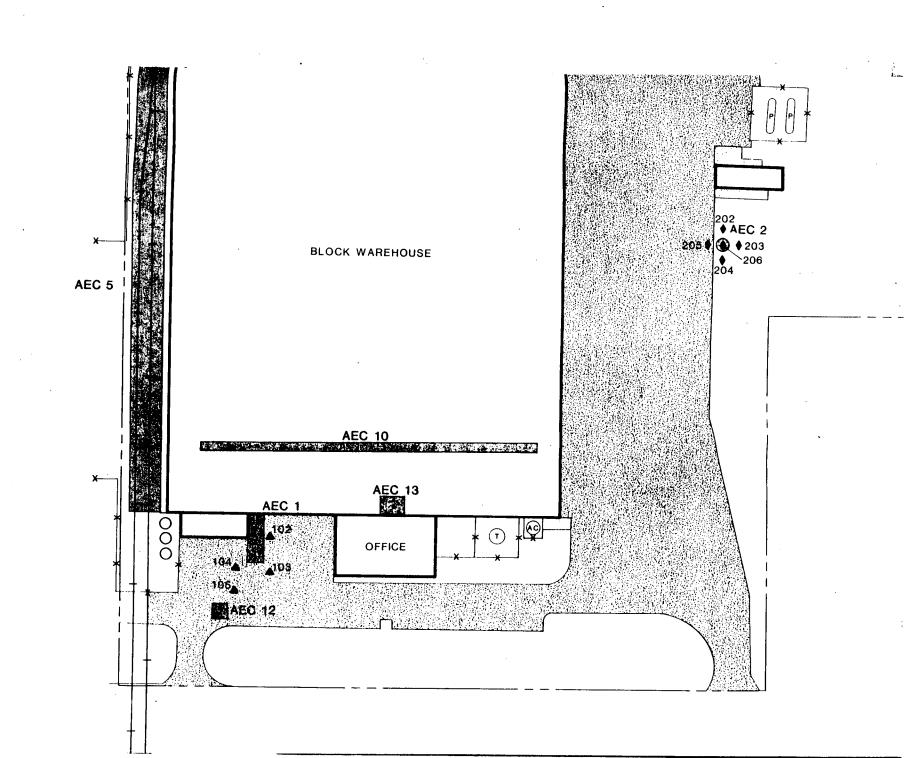
Wooded Area

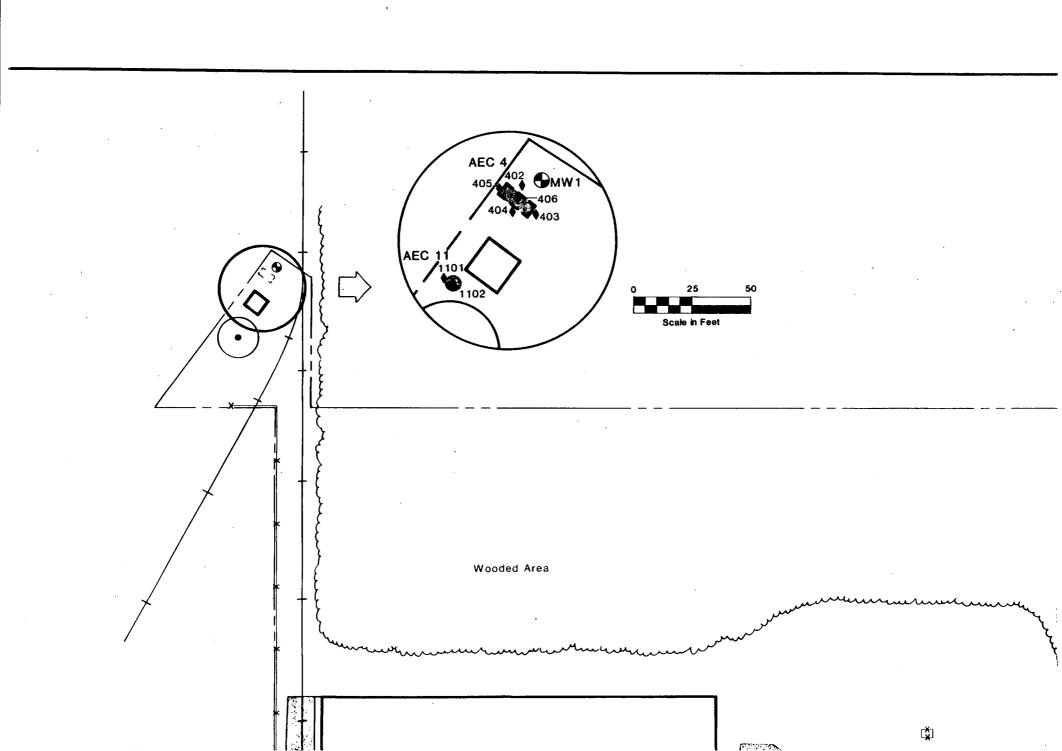


Property Line

Fence
Railroad
Creek
Building
Propane Tank
Underground Tank
Water Tower
Air Conditioner Unit
Silo
Transformer

Area of Environmental Concern





ATTACHMENT

Polychrome Yardvil<u>le</u>, <u>NJ</u>

Boring No. 101

# Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.0' Asphalt and stone fill. 1.0 - 5.5' Orange brown silty clay.

# Drilling Specifications

Drilling Method:

Hollow-Stem Auger Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company:

J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled:

August 1, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

#### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	1 - 3 'bgs	4, 4, 4, 5	140 lbs	0''
2	3 - 5 'bgs	3, 3, 3, 4	140 lbs	0"

Sample ID No.	Date	<u>Analyses</u>	Depth
609A-0101-SB01	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	2.0 - 3.0
609A-0101-SB02	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	5.0 - 5.5

Boring No. 201

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.0' Gravel fill.

1.0 - 2.2' Orange-brown plastic silty clay.

2.2 - 3.5' Clayey silt with fine sand.

3.5 - 5.0' Orange-brown clayey silt with gray mottles, trace gravel.

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# Drilling Specifications

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig: Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: August 1, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

#### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	1 - 3 'bgs	7, 9, 10, 12	140 lbs	18''
2	3 - 5 'bgs	6, 12, 13, 11	140 lbs	20''

Sample ID No.	<u>Date</u>	<u>Analyses</u>	Depth
609A-0201-SB01	8/1/88	TPHC, PCB, BN+15, PPM	0.0 - 0.5
609A-0201-SB01	8/1/88	VOC+15	1.5 - 2.0
609A-0201-SB02	8/1/88	TPHC, PCB, VOC+15, BN+15, PPM	3.0 - 3.5
609A-0201-SB03	8/1/88	TPHC, PCB, VOC+15, BN+15, PPM	5.5 - 6.0

Boring No. 301

# Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.2' Orange-brown sandy silt, minor clay.

1.2 - 2.0' Fine silty sand, with rounded quartz pebbles.

2.0 - 3.0' Fine to medium orange sand with iron oxide laminations.

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3.0 - 6.2' Medium to coarse gravelly sand, poorly sorted.

6.2 - 7.2' Fine to medium silty sand, wet.

7.2 - 8.0' Medium to coarse sand, trace gravel.

# **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig:

Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company:

J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled:

August 1, 1988

Plugging Material: Cement Grout

#### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.		D	ept	h		Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	0	-	2	1	bgs	3, 7, 8, 8	140 lbs	20"
2	2	-	4	•	bgs	10, 21, 23, 43	140 lbs	16''
3	4	_	6	1	bgs	16, 23, 22, 17	140 lbs	12"
4	6	_	8	•	bgs	12, 16, 21, 29	140 lbs	18''

Sample ID No.	Date	<u>Analyses</u>	Depth
609A-0301-SB01	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	0.0 - 0.5, 1.5 - 2.0
609A-0301-SB02	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	2.5 - 3.0
609A-0301-SB03	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	5.5 - 6.0

Boring No. 501

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.0' Slag and gravel fill.

1.0 - 1.5' Orange-brown and gray sandy silt and clay.

1.5 - 1.8' Gray sandy silt.

1.8 - 5.0' Orange-brown plastic silty clay, gray mottles.

#### Drilling Specifications

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig:

Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: August 2, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

#### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	1 - 3 'bgs	10, 8, 9, 11	140 lbs	20''
2	3 - 5 'bgs	9, 10, 10, 13	140 lbs	20''

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Sample ID No.	Date	<u>Analyses</u>	<u>Depth</u>
609A-0501-SB01	8/2/88	TPHC, BTEX	1.5 - 2.0
609A-0501-SB02 609A-0501-SB03	8/2/88 8/2/88	TPHC, BTEX TPHC, BTEX	3.0 - 3.5 4.5 - 5.0

Polychrome Yard<u>ville</u>\_, NJ

Boring No. 502

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.0' Slag and gravel fill.

1.0 - 5.0' Orange-brown silty clay with gray laminations.

5.0 - 6.0' Sandy clay, minor silt.

# **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig:

Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company:

J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled:

August 2, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

# Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	1.0 - 3.0' bgs	4, 4, 8, 11	140 lbs	12"
2	3.0 - 5.0' bgs	4, 6, 9, 10	140 lbs	12"
3	4.5 - 6.5' bgs	2, 3, 7, 12	140 lbs	24"

Sample ID No.	<u>Date</u>	Analyses	Depth
609A-0502-SB01 609A-0502-SB01 609A-0502-SB02	8/2/88 8/2/88 8/2/88	PP+40 TPHC, BTEX TPHC, BTEX	1.0 - 1.5 1.5 - 2.0 3.0 - 3.5
609A-0502-SB02	8/2/88	TPHC, BTEX	5.0 - 5.5

Boring No. 503

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.0' Slag and gravel fill, wet.

1.0 - 4.0 Red-brown plastic silty clay with gray laminations.

4.0 - 5.2' Red-brown and gray clay with hard pans and gravel.

Gray to black clay and peat with hard pans and gravel, damp. 5.2 - 6.0'

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#### Drilling Specifications

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig:

Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company:

J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled:

August 2, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

#### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	1.0 - 3.0' bgs	3, 4, 7, 11	140 lbs	0''
2	2.0 - 4.0' bgs	3, 2, 4, 7	140 lbs	18''
3	4.0 - 6.0' bgs	4, 6, 6, 6	140 lbs	24''

Sample ID No.	<u>Date</u>	Analyses	<u>Depth</u>
609A-0503-SB01	8/2/88	PP+40	2.0 - 2.5
609A-0503-SB01	8/2/88	TPHC, BTEX	2.5 - 3.0
609A-0503-SB02	8/2/88	TPHC, BTEX	5.5 - 6.0

Boring No. 504

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.0' Slag and gravel fill, wet.

1.0 - 5.2' Red-brown and gray laminated plastic silty clay, gray dominant

in lower 1 foot.

5.2 - 6.0' Black peat, damp.

# **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method:

Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig:

Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company:

J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled:

August 2, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

#### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	1.0 - 3.0' bgs	3, 4, 7, 10	140 lbs	1"
2	2.0 - 4.0' bgs	3, 3, 3, 4	140 lbs	18"
3	4.0 - 6.0' bgs	4, 4, 6, 10	140 lbs	24"

Sample ID No.	Date	Analyses	Depth
609A-0504-SB01	8/2/88	PP+40 TPHC, BTEX TPHC, BTEX TPHC, BTEX TPHC, BTEX	2.0 - 2.5
609A-0504-SB01	8/2/88		2.5 - 3.0
609A-0504-SB02	8/2/88		4.0 - 4.5
609A-0504-SB22	8/2/88		4.0 - 4.5
609A-0504-SB03	8/2/88		5.5 - 6.0

Boring No. 801

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.5' Brown silty loam with roots.

1.5 - 2.5' Silty clay with gravel.

2.5 - 6.0' Fine to medium sand, minor gravel, water table at 5 feet.

فالعصاف أأدا

# **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig: Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: August 1, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

# Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	2.0 - 4.0' bgs	5, 12, 9, 9.	140 lbs	18"
2	4.0 - 6.0' bgs	9, 20, 22, 25	140 lbs	18''

Sample ID No.	Date	<u>Analyses</u>	Depth
609A-0801-SB01	8/1/88	PP+40	2.0 - 2.5
609A-0801-SB02	8/1/88	PP+40	4.5 - 5.0

Boring No. 802

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 3.0' Brown silty loam and roots.

3.0 - 4.3' Medium to coarse orange gravelly sand.

4.3 - 5.3' Very fine to fine silty sand.

5.3 - 6.0' Moist plastic clay, trace gravel.

#### Drilling Specifications

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig: Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: August 1, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

#### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	2.0 - 4.0' bgs	4, 4, 3, 3	140 lbs	24''
2	4.0 - 6.0' bgs	4, 9, 6, 6	140 lbs	20"

Sample ID No.	Date	<u>Analyses</u>	Depth	
609A-0802-SB01	8/1/88	PP+40	2.5 - 3.0	

Boring No. 901

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.0' 1.0 - 1.7' 1.7 - 4.0' Brown silty loam and roots.

Brown silt.

Orange-brown plastic clay.

# **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig: Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: August 1, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

# Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth_	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	0.0 - 2.0' bgs	3, 3, 2, 4	140 lbs	24''
2	2.0 - 4.0' bgs	3, 5, 5, 13	140 lbs	24''

Sample ID No.	<u>Date</u>	<u>Analyses</u>	<u>Depth</u>
609A-0901-SB01	8/1/88	TPHC, PP+40 (no VOCs)	0.0 - 0.5
609A-0901-SB01	8/1/88	VOC+15	1.5 - 2.0
609A-0901-SB02	8/1/88	TPHC, PP+40	3.0 - 3.5

Boring No. <u>1001</u>

# Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.8' Open trench. 1.8 - 2.3' Concrete.

2.3 - 3.4' Brown and gray silty sand, minor clay.

3.4 - 6.3' Clayey silt, gray with greenish mottles grading to orange-brown with gray mottles, damp at base.

# Drilling Specifications

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig:

Dietrich D-25

Drilling Company:

J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled:

August 1, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

#### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
2	2.3 - 4.3' bgs	16, 11, 12, 13	140 lbs	22"
2	4.3 - 6.3' bgs	14, 14, 16, 17	140 lbs	20''

Sample ID No.	Date	<u>Analyses</u>	Depth	
609A-1001-SB01	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	2.5 - 3.0	
609A-1001-SB02	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	5.5 - 6.0	

Boring No. 1002

#### Geologic Log

0.0 - 2.8' Open trench.

2.8 - 3.1' Concrete.

3.1 - 5.1' Brown to greenish gray clayey silt, mottles beginning at 4, 5

feet.

5.1 - 6.1' Orange-brown and gray mottled silty clay.

# **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-Stem Auger

Rig:

Dietrich D-25 J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Drilling Company:
Date Drilled:

August 1, 1988

Plugging Material: Cuttings

# Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	3.1 - 5.1' bgs	12, 6, 10, 13	140 lbs	24"
2	5.1 - 6.1' bgs	16, 19	140 lbs	12"

Sample ID No.	<u>Date</u>	<u>Analyses</u>	Depth
609A-1002-SB01	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	3.1 - 3.6
609A-1002-SB02	8/1/88	PP+40, TPHC	5.5 - 6.0

ATTACHMENT 2

Mr. Kenneth T. Hart
Bureau of Environmental Evaluation and
Cleanup Respinsibility Assessment
New Jersey Department of
Environmental Protection
401 East State Street, 5th Floor
Trenton, New Jersey 08608

Re: Polychrome Corporation Yardville, Mercer County ECRA Case No. 86122

#### Dear Mr. Hart:

I am writing with regard to your June 3, 1988 letter to Carol Surgens, Esq. granting conditional approval to the July, 1987 Sampling Plan for the above referenced facility. There are several items in Sections I.C. and II.A. for which ENVIRON needs clarification prior to implementation of the Sampling Plan, which is scheduled to begin shortly. Since we understand Ms. Feinberg, the Case Manager, is leaving the NJDEP on July 15, I felt it was best to discuss these items with you. Each requirement of these sections, and ENVIRON's response to them, is provided below in the same order as in the letter.

#### Section I.C.

#### NJDEP Requirement:

"Polychrome shall collect two additional borings north of the building in AEC 5 (Railroad Tracks)."

#### ENVIRON Response:

"As described in the Site Evaluation Submission (SES), and in subsequent submissions, Monsanto Company, a former owner and occupant of the facility, disposed of a portion of their waste machine oil on the section of the railroad siding adjacent to the building in order to limit weed growth. Only this portion of the railroad siding is

designated an area of environmental concern and only because of the spill history. Thus, ENVIRON does not understand why additional borings are required beyond the extent of the spill area. Furthermore, ENVIRON questions the potential use of the soil quality data obtained from these two borings. As this is an active railroad siding currently in use by several industrial establishments, soil contamination may exist but have resulted from railroad equipment, not from industrial activities."

#### NJDEP Requirement:

"Two samples shall be taken from each boring. One shall be from the first 0-6" in the natural soil below the trap rock layer added in 1965 and the second from the 6" interval across the water table."

#### ENVIRON Response:

"This requirement suggests that the second sample be collected from partially within the saturated zone. This is not consistent with previous NJDEP recommendations. Is this sample to be collected from an interval directly above the water table, as is typically recommended, or actually from the interval across the water table? Secondly, are the sampling depths which ENVIRON had proposed for the other borings in AEC 5 to be similarly revised?"

#### NJDEP Requirement:

"Three of the samples from worst case areas shall include analyses for USEPA Priority Pollutants +40 and Petroleum Hydrocarbons at the first 0-6" interval below the trap rock."

#### **ENVIRON Response:**

"ENVIRON is assuming that by "worst case areas", the NJDEP means either that samples for the broader set of parameters shall be collected from the most discolored soils or from the area which Monsanto indicated was the primary area for waste oil disposal. Clarification of this is necessary prior to implementation of the field program. However, ENVIRON does not believe that analyses for PP+40 are warranted. In 1982, Monsanto retained Lippincott Engineering Associates to install a number of soil borings along the entire length of the spill area and collect soil samples for PCB analyses. Seven such samples were obtained and were analyzed for eight Arochlors. No

Arochlors were detected in any sample. Documentation of this sampling has been provided to the NJDEP in the SES. Thus, ENVIRON does not believe that analyses for PCB need to be performed on any sample from AEC 5. Furthermore, ENVIRON believes that the descriptions Monsanto has provided regarding the source of the waste oil, the waste oil disposal practices in this area and the manufacturing processes do not suggest in any way that pesticides, cyanide, phenols or acid extractable organic compounds would be present in AEC 5. Machine oil would not typically contain any of these compounds and these compounds were not used in Monsanto's manufacturing processes. Therefore, ENVIRON does not believe that it is necessary to analyze for these parameters in AEC 5. ENVIRON understands that base/neutral extractable organic compounds (BN) and volatile organic compounds (VOC) may be associated with machine oil, and believes that only these parameters need be included in the broader set of analyses for AEC 5."

#### NJDEP Requirement:

"All other samples shall be analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbons, Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and total Xylenes."

## ENVIRON Response:

"ENVIRON will substitute analyses for BTEX for the analyses for BN+15 that were originally proposed."

#### Section II.A.

#### NJDEP Requirement:

"Polychrome shall install two 4 inch diameter monitoring wells downgradient of the railroad tracks. Monitoring wells are required to assess the impact to groundwater quality from the waste oil discharged. One monitoring well shall be installed upgradient of all areas of concern."

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

"As discussed a number of times with the NJDEP personnel working on this case, ENVIRON does not believe that the installation of monitoring wells is appropriate at this time. ENVIRON has proposed an extensive soil sampling program in AEC 5, which will certainly provide an amount of soil quality data sufficient to determine whether the

ground water quality may have been impacted as a result of the waste oil disposal. ENVIRON and Polychrome propose that if soil contamination is identified in AEC 5, the need for a ground water sampling program will then be evaluated. In addition, ENVIRON does not believe that the site hydrogeology has been adequately assessed in order to correctly place the wells required. Thus, ENVIRON proposes to install two piezometers, which along with the well already installed, will help to define e direction of ground water flow. These piezometers will be constructed in borings following the collection of soil samples."

In light of the 90-day reporting time, ENVIRON and Polychrome would appreciate your timely review and response to our questions so that they may be resolved without causing delay of our implementation schedule. If you need additional clarification of this letter, please do not hesitate to call me.

Sincerely, William D. Kuft

William D. Kraft Staff Geologist

WDK:srf 1237f

cc: Carol Surgens, Esq. Barbara Cane, Esq.

ATTACHMENT

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VIII. Analytical Results

## Volatile Organics

# Sample Designation

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Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank l	A16894-1 609A-0201- SB01	A16894-2 609A-0201- SB02
Chloromethane	330 U	360 U	410 U
Bromomethane	330 U	360 U	410 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 บ	360 U	410 U
Chloroethane	330 U	360 U	410 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	360 U	800
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	360 U	410 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U·	360 U	410 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	360 U	410 U
Chloroform	330 U	360 U	410 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 บ	360 บ	410 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	<b>360</b> U	410 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	<b>360</b> U	410 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	360 U	410 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	360 U	410 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	360 U	410 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	360 บ	410 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	360 U	410 U
l,l,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	360 U	410 U
Benzene	330 U	360 U	410 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 บ	360 U	410 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	360 U	410 U
Bromoform .	330 U	360 U	410 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	360 U	410 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	360 U .	410 U
Toluene	330 U	420	3,600
Chlorobenzene	330 U	360 U	410 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	360 U	410 U
m-Xylene	330 U	360 U	410 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	360 U	410 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Volatile Organics

Concentrucat	Nonaqueous Method	A16894-3 609A-0201-	A16894-4 609A-0301-
Constituent	Blank l	SB03	SB01
Chloromethane	330 U	360 U	390 ป
Bromomethane	330 บ	360 U	390 U
/inyl Chloride	330 U	360 U	390 U
Chloroethane	330 <sup>.</sup> U	360 U	390 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	140 J	51 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	360 U	390 U
l,l-Dichloroethane	330 U	360 U	390 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	360 U	390 U
Chloroform	330 U	360 บ	390 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	360 U	390 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	<b>360</b> U	390 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	<b>360</b> U	390 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	360 U	390. U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	360 U	390 บ
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	360 U	390 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	360 U	390 ປ
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	360 U	390 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	360 U	390 U
Benzene	330 U	360 U	390 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	360 U	390 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	360 U	390 U
Bromoform .	330 U	360 U	ั390 บ
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	360 U	390 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 บ	360 U	390 U
Toluene	330 U	840	590
Chlorobenzene	330 U	360 U	390 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	360 U	390 U
m-Xylene	330 U	360 U	390 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	360 U	390 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Volatile Organics

Constituent	Aqueous Method Blank	A16894-10 609A- 880801-TB
Chloromethane	10 U	10 U
Bromomethane	10 U	10 U
Vinyl Chloride	10 U	10 U
Chloroethane	10 U	10 U
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>.</b>	
Methylene Chloride	5.4 J	1.8 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 U
Chloroform	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U
2,2,2		10 0
Carbon Tetrachloride	10 U	10 U
Bromodichloromethane	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	10 บ	10 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 U	10 U
Trichloroethene	10 U	. 10 U
Dibromochloromethane	10 U	10 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U
Benzene	10 U	10 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 ປ	10 ប
2 (1)	10 "	10
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	10 U	10 U
Bromoform -	10 U	10 U
Tetrachloroethene	10 U	10 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.3 J	10 U
Toluene	10 U	10 U
Chlorobenzene	10 U	10 U
Ethylbenzene	10 U	10 U
Deny Lucitaene	10 0	
m-Xylene	10 U	10 U
o,p-Xylene	10 U	10 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/1)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Volatile Organics

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank 2	A16894-6 609A-0301- SB03	A16894-8 609A-0802- SB01
Chloromethane	330 U	340 U	370 U
Bromomethane	330 U	340 U	370 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	340 U	370 U
Chloroethane	330 U	364 U	370 U
·			
Methylene Chloride	330 บ	340 U	370 U
l,l-Dichloroethene	330 U	340 U	370 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	340 U	370 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	340 U	370 U
Chloroform	330 U	340 U	370 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	340 U	370 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	340 U	370 U
1,1,1 111011101001111110	330 0	340 0	370 0
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	340 U	370 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	340 U	370 บ
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	340 U	370 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	340 U	370 U
Mud ablamachan	220 "	2/2 "	270: **
Trichloroethene	330 U	340 U	370 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	340 U	370 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	340 U	370 U
Benzene	330 U	340 U	370 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	340 U	370 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	340 U	370 U
Bromoform -	330 U	340 U	370 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	340 U	370 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	340 U	370 U
Toluene		•	
	330 U	340 U	370 U
Chlorobenzene	330 U	340 U	370 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	340 U	370 U
m-Xylene	ั330 บ	340 U	370 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	340 U	370 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Volatile Organics

## Sample Designation

in a Drawer

	Nonaqueous Method	A16894-9 609A-0802-
Constituent	Blank 2	SB02
Chloromethane	330 U	380 บ
Bromomethane	330 U	380 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	380 บ
Chloroethane	330 U	380 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	410
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	380 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	380 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	. 380 U
Chloroform	330 U	380 บ
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	<b>380</b> U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	380 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	380 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	380 ป
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 บ	380 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	380 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	380 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	380 บ
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	380 U
Benzene	330 U	380 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	380 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	380 U
Bromoform -	33 <u>0</u> U	380 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	380 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	380 U
Toluene	330 U	1,300
Chlorobenzene	330 U	380 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	380 U
m-Xylene	330 บ	380 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	380 บ
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Volatile Organics

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank 3	A16894-5 609A-0301- SB02	A16894-7 609A-0801- SB01
CONSCILGENC	DIGHK J	3802	3801
Chloromethane	330 U	350 บ	360 U
Bromomethane	330 U	350 U	360 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	350 U	360 U
Chloroethane	330 U	350 บ	360 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	350 U	1,800
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	350 U	360 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	350 U	360 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	350 U	360 U
Chloroform	330 บ	350 U	360 บ
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	350 U	360 บ
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	350 U	360 บ
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	350 บ	360 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	350 U	360 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	350 U	360 บ
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 บ	350 U	360 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	350 U	360 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	350 U	360 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	350 U	360 U
Benzene	330 U	350 บ	360 บ
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	350 U	360 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	350 บ	360 U
Bromoform -	330 U	350 U	360 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	350 U	360 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	. 330 U	350 U	360 U
Toluene	330 U	350 U	2,800
Chlorobenzene	330 U	350 บ	360 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	350 U	360 U
m-Xylene	330 U	350 U	360 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	350 U	360 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 1 of 2)

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-1 609A-0201- SB01	A16894-2 609A-0201 SB02	A16894-3 609A-0201- SB03
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 บ	340 U	410 U	3 <b>60</b> ឋ
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 U	340 U	410 U	. 360 บ
Hexachloroethane	330 U	- 340 U	410 U	360 U
Nitrobenzene	330 บ	340 U	410 U	360 U
Isophorone	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Naphthalene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 บ	340 U	410 U	360 U
Acenaphthylene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Acenaphthene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-1 609A-0201- SB01	A16894-2 609A-0201- SB02	A16894-3 609A-0201- SB03
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Diethyl Phthalate	330 U	1,100	410 U	360 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Fluorene	330 บ	90 J	410 U	360 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	340 U	26 J	369 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Hexachlorobenzene	330 U	340 บ	410 U	360 U
Phenanthrene	330 U	800	410 U	33 J
Anthracene	330 U	190 J	410 U	360 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	<b>Z2</b> J	170 J	410 U	23 J
Fluoranthene	330 U	1,500	410 U	62 J
Benzidine	3,200 U	3,400 U	4,100 U	3,600 U
Pyrene	330 บ	1,100	410 U	46 J
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 บ	340 บ	410 U	360 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 บ	680 U	820 บ	730 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	780	410 U	360 U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	18 J	120,000	170 J	1,200
Chrysene	330 บ	340 U	410 U	360 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 บ	340 U	410 U	360 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	500	410 U	360 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 U	420	410 U	360 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330 U	430	410 U	360 U
Indeno(1, 3-cd)pyrene	330 บ	180 J	410 U	360 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 บ	340 บ	410 U	360 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 1 of 2)

	Method	A16894-4 609A-0301-	A16894-5 609A-0301	A16894-6 609A-0301-
Constituent	Blank	SB01	SB02	SB03
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 U	380 บ	350 บ	340 U
Phenol	330 U	380 บ	350 บ	340 U
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	330 บ	380 บ	350 U	340 U
2-Chlorophenol	ี330 ป	380 U	350 U	340 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	380 U	350 บ	340 U
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 บ	380 U .	29 J	26 J
l,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	380 U	350 บ	340 U
2-Methylphenol	330 U	380 U	350 U	340 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 U	380 U	350 บ	340 U
4-Methylphenol	330 U	380 บ	350 U	340 U
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 U	380 U	350 บ	340 U
Hexachloroethane	330 บ	380 U	350 U	340 U
Nitrobenzene	330 U	380 U	350 U	340 U
Isophorone	330 บ	380 U	350 บ	340 U
2-Nitrophenol	330 U	380 บ	350 U	340 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330 U	380 U	350 บ	340 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 บ	380 บ	350 บ	340 บ
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330 บ	380 U	350 บ	340 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 บ	380 U	350 บ	340 U
Naphthalene	330 U	380 บ	350 บ	340 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 U	380 บ	350 U	340 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330 U	380 U	350 U	340 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 U	380 บ	350 บ	340 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	3 <b>30</b> U	380 U	350 บ	340 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	380 บ	350 บ	340 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 U	380 บ	350 ປ	340 บ
Acenaphthylene	330 U	380 บ	350 บ	340 U
Acenaphthene	330 U	380 ับ	350 บ	340 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,600 U	1,400 U	1,700 U	1,700 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-4 609A-0301- SB01	A16894-5 609A-0301- SB02	A16894-6 609A-0301- SB03
4-Nitrophenol	1,600 U	29 Ј	1,700 U	1,700 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	380 U	350 U	340 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	380 บ	350 U	340 U
Diethyl Phthalate	330 U	380 U	350 U	340 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	380 บ	350 บ	340 บ
Fluorene	330 บ	380 U	350 U	340 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1,600 U	1,400 U	1,700 U	1,700 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	380 U	ั350 บ	ั340 บ
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 บ	ט 380	350 U	340 U
Hexachlorobenzene	330 U	380 U	350 U	340 U
Pentachlorophenol	1,600 ប	1,400 ປ	1,700 U	1,700 U
Phenanthrene	330 บ	120 J	350 บ	340 U
Anthracene	330 U	27 J	350 บ	340 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	22 J	30 J	19 J	340 U
Fluoranthene	330 บ	150 J	350 บ	340 U
Benzidine	3,200 U	3,800 U	3,500 U	3,400 U
Pyrene	330 U	190 J	350 U	340 U
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 บ	22 J	350 U	340 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 U	560 U	690 U	690 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	80 J	350 บ	340 U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	18 J	380 U	47 J	51 J
Chrysene -	330 U	96 J	350 U	340 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 บ	380 U	350 U	340 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	33U U	44 J	350 บ	340 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 U	57 J	350 บ	340 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330 U	67 J	350 U	340 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330 บ	380 U	350 บ	340 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 U	380 U	350 บ	340 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	380 U	350 U	340 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Semivolatile Organics (Page 1 of 2)

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-7 609A-0801- SB01	A16894-8 609A-0802 SB01	A16894-9 609A-0802- SB02
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Phenol	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	330 U	360 U	- 370 U	380 U
2-Chlorophenol	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	27 J	28 J	380 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
2-Methylphenol	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 U	360 บั	370 U	380 U
4-Methylphenol	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 U	. 360 บ	370 U	380 บ
Hexachloroethane	330 บ	360 U	370 U	380 U
Nitrobenzene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Isophorone	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
2-Nitrophenol	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330 บ	360 U	-370 บ	380 บ
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330 U	360 U	370 บ	380 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
Naphthalene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330 U	360 U	370 U	U 086
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	360 บ	370 U.	380 บ
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 บ	360 U	370 U	380 U
Acenaphthylene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Acenaphthene	330 ับ	360 U	370 U	380 บ
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,600 U	1,800 U	1,800 U	1,800 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

# Sample Designation

الأصفحات الأرا

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-7 609A-0801- SB01	A16894-8 609A-0802- SB01	A16894-9 609A-0802- SB02
4-Nitrophenol	1,600 U	1,800 U	1,800 U	1,800 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
Diethyl Phthalate	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
,		300 0	370 0	300 0
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	360 U	370 บ	3 <b>8</b> 0 U
Fluorene	330. U	360 U	370 U	380 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1,600 U	1,800 U	1,800 U	1,800 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	<sup>*</sup> 25 J	์ 370 บ	380 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 บ	360 U	370 U	380 บ
Hexachlorobenzene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Pentachlorophenol	1,600 U	1,800 U	1,800 U	1,800 ប
Phenanthrene	330 บ	360 U	24 J '	380 บ
Anthracene	330 บ	360 U	370 ช	380 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	22 J	360 U	370 U	380 U
Fluoranthene	330 U	360 U	51 J	380 U
Benzidine	3,200 U	3,600 U	3,700 U	3,800 U
Pyrene	330 U	360 U	50 J	380 บ
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 บ	360 U	32 J	380 บ
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 U	730 บ	740 บ	760 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	360 U	32 J	290 11
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	18 J	83 J	100 J	380 U
Chrysene	330 U	360 U	35 J	99 J 380 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 U	360 U	370 U	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	360 U	44 J	380 บ 380 บ
	330 0	J00 0	44 3	300 0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 บ	360 U	370 U	380 บ
Benzo(a)pyrene	ี 330 บ	360 U	25 J	380 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330 U	360 U	27 J	380 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 U	360 ป	370 U	380 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-1 609A-0201- SB01	A16894-2 609A-0201- SB02	A16894-3 609A-0201- SB03
Aroclor 1016	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Aroclor 1221	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Aroclor 1232	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Aroclor 1242	330 U	340 U	410 U	360 U
Aroclor 1248	330 บ	340 U	410 U	360 U
Aroclor 1254	330 U	340 บ	410 U	360 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	340 บ	410 U	360 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Pesticidal Compounds and Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-4 609A-0301- SB01	A16894-5 609A-0301- SB02	A16894-6 609A-0301- SB03
alpha-BHC	330 U	390 U	350 บ	340 U
beta-BHC	330 บ	390 U	350 U	340 U
delta-BHC	330 U	390 U	350 U	340 U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	330 U	390 U	350 บ	340° U
Heptachlor	330 U	390 U	350 `บ	340 U
Aldrin	330 U	390 U	350 U	340 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	330 บ	390 U	350 บ	340 U
Endosulfan I	330 U	. 390 U	350 U	340 U
Dieldrin	330 U	390 U	350 บ	340 U
4,4'-UDE	330 U	390 U	350 U	340 U
Endrin	330 U	3 <b>9</b> 0 U	350 U	340 U
Endosulfan II	330 บ	390 U	350 บ	340 U
4,4'-DDD	330 U	390 U	350 บ	340 U
Endosulfan Sulfate	330 U	390 U	350 บ	340 U
4,4'-DDT	330 U	390 U	350 U	340 U
Endrin Aldehyde	330 U	390 U	350 U	340 U
Chlordane	330 U	390 U	350 บ	340 U
Toxaphene	330 U	390 U	350 U	340 U
Aroclor 1016	330 U	390 U	350 U	340 U
Aroclor 1221	330 บ	390 U	350 บ	340 U
Aroclor 1232	330 U	390 U	350 U	340 U
Aroclor 1242	330 บ	390 U	350 U	340 U
Aroclor 1248	330 U	390 U	350 บ	340 บ
Aroclor 1254	330 U	390 บ	350 บ	340 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	390 U	350 · U	340 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Pesticidal Compounds and Polychlorinated Biphenyls

## Sample Designation

القاعفيدات الحرا

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-7 609A-0801- SB01	A16894-8 609A-0802- SB01	A16894-9 609A-0802- SB02
alpha-BHC	330 บ	360 U	370 U	380 U
beta-BHC	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
delta-BHC	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Heptachlor	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Aldrin	330 บ	360 U	370 U	380 U -
Heptachlor Epoxide	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
Endosulfan I	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 บ
Dieldrin	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
4,4'-DDE	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Endrin	330 U	360 U	370 บ	380 U
Endosulfan II	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
4,4'-DDD	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Endosulfan Sulfate	330 U	360 U	37Ò U	์ 380 ปี
4,4'-DDT	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Endrin Aldehyde	330 บ	360 U	370 บ	380 U
Chlordane	<b>33</b> 0 :	360 U	370 U	380 ป
Toxaphene	330 U	360 U	370 บ	380 U
Aroclor 1016	330 U	360 U	370 บ	380 U
Aroclor 1221	330 บ	360 U	370 U	380 U
Aroclor 1232	330 บ	. 360 U	370 U	380 U
Aroclor 1242	330 บ	360 U	370 U	380 U
Aroclor 1248	330 U	360 U	37 J	380 U
Aroclor 1254	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	360 U	370 U	380 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Metals

#### Sample Designation

عاموسات الأ

Parameter	Method Blank	A16894-1 609A-0201- SB01	A16894-2 609A-0201- SB02	A16894-3 609A-0201- SB03
Antimony, total	2,000 U	2,100	2,500 U	2,200 U
Arsenic, total	1,000 U	1,400	5,100	12,000
Beryllium, total	500 บ	1,200	890	740
Cadmium, total	1,000 U	2,900	2,800	1,500
Chromium, total	5,000 U	17,000	25,000	8,600
Copper, total	5,000 U	10,000	9,300	5,100
Lead, total	10,000 U	20,000	21,000	8,900 J
Mercury, total	200 บ	210 U	250 U	220 J
Nickel, total	4,000 U	7,300	7,400	3,500 J
Selenium, total	1,000 U	1,100 U	1,200 U	450 J
Silver, total	5,000 U	2,100 J	1,600 J	1,300 J
Thallium, total	1,000 ປ	1,100 U	1,200 U	1,100 U
Zinc, total	2,000 U	28,000	63,000	1,000
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

_	A16894-4 609A-0301-	A16894-5 609A-0301-	A16894-6 609A-0301-
Parameter	SB01	SB02	SB03
Antimony, total	2,400 U	2,100 U	2,100 U
Arsenic, total	5,200	2,500	1,800
Beryllium, total	750	390	400 J
Cadmium, total	2,100	690	710 J
Chromium, total	13,000	11,000	13,000
Copper, total	6,100	2,600 J	3,000 J
Lead, total	14,000	11,000 U	10,000 U
Mercury, total.	240 U	210 U	210 U
Nickel, total	5,100	3,700 J	3,100 J
Selenium, total	1,200 U	1,100 U	1,100 U
Silver, total	1,100 J	1,200 J	1,300 J
Thallium, total	1,200 ປ	1,100 U	1,100 U
Zinc, total	24,000	7,400	12,000
Units	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# <u>Metals</u>

Parameter	Method Blank	A16894-7 609A-0801- SB01	A16894-8 609A-0802- SB01	A16894-9 609A-0802- SB02
Antimony, total	2,000 U	2,200 U	2,200 U	2,300 U
Arsenic, total	1,000 U	2,800	12,000	7,100
Beryllium, total	500 บ	530	830	780
Cadmium, total	1,000 U	1,700	1,300	1,600
Chromium, total	5,000 U	11,000	9,500	14,000
Copper, total	5,000 U	4,900	7,700	5,200
Lead, total	10,000 U	11,000	21,000	11,000 U.
Mercury, total	200 บ	์ 220 บ	220 U	230 U
Nickel, total	4,000 U	4,500	6,600	4,700
Selenium, total	1,000 U	1,100 U	1,100 U	1,100 U
Silver, total	5,000 U	1,100 J	1,200 J	4,600 U
Thallium, total	1,000 ປ	1,100 U	1,100 U	1,100 U
Zinc, total	2,000 U	14,000	23,000	7,500
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg da)

# WIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# General Chemistry

# Parameter

Sample Designation	Cyanide, total	Phenolics, total as phenol	Petroleum Hydrocarbons, by IR	Residue, total
Method Blank	250 บ	250 บ	20,000 U	0.1 U
A16894-1 609A-0201-SB01	NR	NR	100,000	96
A16894-2 609A-0201-SB02	NR	NR	25,000	81
A16894-3 609A-0201-SB03	NR	NR	22,000	91
A16894-4 609A-0301-SB01	290 U	290 ປ	24,000	85
A16894-5 609A-0301-SB02	260 U	260 บ	21,000	95
A16894-6 609A-0301-SB03	260 U	260 U	21,000	96
A16894-7 609A-0801-SB01	270 บ	270 U	NR.	91
A16894-8 609A-0802-SB01	280 บ	280 U	NR.	89
A16894-9 609A-0802-SB02	290 บ	290 U	NR	87
Units	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(%)

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

No nontargetted compounds were detected in the following samples:

Volatile Aqueous Method Blank Volatile Nonaqueous Method Blank 1, 2, 3 A16894-10 609A-880801-TB

AnalytiKEM Designation Method Blank

Client Designation ——

الأحدث الحا

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/l or ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Ketone	BNA	308	260
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,933	1,600

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-1
609A-0201Client Designation SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA	<b>—</b>	
	Unknown Compound	BNA	695	5,100
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone	BNA	448	9,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	511	9,000
	Unknown Alcohol	BNA	586	29,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	591	11,000
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	629	8,700
	Unknown Compound	BNA	640	24,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	645	30,000

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-1 (Cont'd)

Client Designation 609A-0201-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	BNA	713	6,300
	Unknown Compound	BNA	759	7,200
	Unknown Compound	BNA	815	9,000 -
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,126	5,900
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,213	19,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,259	5,100
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,438	20,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,610	40,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,749	10,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,766	42,000
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	1,790	15,000
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	1,989	5,500
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	2,125	9,300
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,157	4,400
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,169	11,000
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	2,175	4,500

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-2

Client Designation 609A-0201-SB02

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Ketone	BNA	304	260
	Unknown Compound	BNA	460	190
•	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,252	1,200

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-3

Client Designation 609A-0201-SB03

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Ketone	BNA	299	230
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,166	230
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	2,123	160
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,253	460

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-4

Client Designation 609A-0301-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	261	3,400
	Unknown Compound	BNA	311	2,600
	Unknown Compound	BNA	346	190
!	Unknown Compound	BNA	437	530
	Unknown Compound	BNA	445	180
1	Unknown Compound	BNA	520	200
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,207	200
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,601	180
	Unknown Alkane	BNA ·	1,989	190
	Unknown Phthalate Ester	BNA	2,031	230
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,247	1,500
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	2,304	500
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	2,564	420
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,952	150

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM	Designation	A16894-5
Client	Designation	609A-0301-SB02

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	272	130
	Unknown Compound	BNA	442	690
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,247	340

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-6

Client Designation 609A-0301-SB03

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	271	180
	Unknown Compound	BNA	441	300
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,246	1,300

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-7

Client Designation 609A-0801-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	307	260
	Unknown Compound	BNA	461	210
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,245	2,000

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-8

Client Designation 609A-0802-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	307	4,500
	Unknown Compound	BNA	352	4,300
	Unknown Compound	BNA	380	380
	Unknown Compound	BNA	460	220
	Unknown Compound	BNA	468	290_

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-8 (Cont'd)

Client Designation 609A-0802-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Aromatic	BNA	472	170
	Unknown Compound	BNA	492	160
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,341	210
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,592	350
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,599	700
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,945	180
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,986	220
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,122	160
•	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,244	1,000
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	2,301	930
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,480	180
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	2,559	890
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,948	160
	Unknown Compound	BNA	3,084	330

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16894-9

Client Designation 609A-0802-SB02

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	BNA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	250	230
	Unknown Compound	BNA	303	1,100
	Unknown Compound	BNA	348	720
	Unknown Compound	3NA	2,244	430
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,260	370

VIII. Analytical Results

## Volatile Organics

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank l	A16918-5 609A-1201- SB01	A16918-9 609A-0101- SB01
Constitution			
Chloromethane	330 U	370 U	440 U
Bromomethane	330 บ	370 U	440 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	370 U	440 U
Chloroethane	330 U	370 U	440 U
Methylene Chloride	120 J	740	440 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	370 บ	440 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	370 U	440 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	370 U	440 U
Chloroform	330 บ	370 บ	440 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	370 U	440 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 · U	370 U	440 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	370 บ	440 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	370 U	440 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	370 U	440 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	370 U	440 U
Trichloroethene	330 บ	370 U	440 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	370 U	440 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	370 U	440 U
Benzene	330 U	3 <sub>.</sub> 70 U	440 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	370 U	440 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	370 U	440 U
Bromoform -	330 U	. 370 บ	440 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	370 U	440 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 Ü	370 U	440 U
Toluene	270 J	900	440 U
Chlorobenzene	330 U	370 บ	440 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	370 U	440 U
m-Xylene	. 330 บ	370 U	440 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	370 U	440 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Volatile Organics

# Sample Designation

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Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank l	A16918-10 609A-0101- SB02	A16918-11 609A-1001- SB01
Chloromethane	330 U	450 U	380 บ
Bromomethane	330 U	450 บ	380 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	450 U	380 U
Chloroethane	330 U	450 U	380 U
Methylene Chloride	120 J	450 U	380 U ,
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	450 U	380 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	450 U	380 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	450 บ	380 U
Chloroform	330 บ	450 U	380 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 บ	450 U	380 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	450 บ	7,600
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	450 U	380 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	450 บ	380 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	450 U	380 บ
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	450 ับ	380 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	450 U	380 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 ับ	450 U	380 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 ປິ	450 U	380 U
Benzene	330 U	450 U	380 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	450 U	380 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	3 <b>30</b> U	450 U	380 U
Bromoform .	330 U	450 บ	380 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	450 U	7,300
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	450 U	380 U
Toluene	270 J	450 U	380 U
Chlorobenzene	330 บ	450 U	380 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	450 U	380 U
m-Xylene	330 U	450 U	380 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	450 U	380 บ
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

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VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Volatile Organics

Constituent	Aqueous Method Blank	A16918-15 609A-0801- WB01	A16918-24 609A-0503- WB01
Chloromethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Bromomethane.	10 U	10 U	10 U
Vinyl Chloride	10 U	10 U	· 10 U
Chloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Methylene Chloride	10 U	5.0 J	5.0 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10 ປ	10 U	10 U
Chloroform	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 ប
Carbon Tetrachloride	10 U	50 U	10 U
Bromodichloromethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	10 U	. 10 U	10 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Trichloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Dibromochloromethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Benzene	10 U	10 U	10 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 U	10 U	10 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	10 U	10 U	10 U
Bromoform .	10 U	10 U	10 U
Tetrachloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 ປ
Toluene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chlorobenzene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Ethylbenzene	10 U	10 U	10 U
m-Xylene	10 U	10 U	10 U
o,p-Xylene	10 U	10 U	
		10 0	10 U
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

Test Report No. A16918

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Volatile Organics

#### Sample Designation

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Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank 2	A16918-12 609A-1001- SB02	A16918-13 609A-1002- SB01	A16918-14 609A-1002- SB02
Chloromethane	330 U	410 U	380 บ	460 U
Bromomethane	330 J	410 U	380 U	460 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 Ú	410 U	380 U	460 U
Chloroethane	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	210 J	380 U	460 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
l,l-Dichloroethane	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 บ	'410 U	380 U	460 U
Chloroform	330 U	410 U	380 บ	460 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	410 U	380 บ	460 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 บ	410 U	380 U	460 · U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 บ	410 U	380 U	400 U
Benzene	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Bromoform -	330 บ	410 U	380 U	460 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Toluene	3 <b>30</b> U	620	380 U	460 U
Chlorobenzene	30 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Ethylbenzene	3 <b>30</b> U	410 U	380 U	460 U
m-Xylene	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	410 U	380 U	460 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Volatile Organics

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank 3	A16918-7 609A-0901- SB01	A16918-8 609A-0901- SB02
		<u> </u>	5502
Chloromethane	330 U	390 U	400 บ
Bromomethane	330 U	390 U	400 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	390 U	400 U
Chloroethane	330 U	390 U	400 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	3 <b>9</b> 0 U	180 J
l,l-Dichloroethene	330 U	390 บ	400 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	390 U	400 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	390 U	400 U
Chloroform	330 U	390 U	400 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	<b>390</b> U	400 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	390 U	400 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	3 <b>9</b> 0 U	400 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	390 U	400 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	390 U	400 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	390 U	400 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	390 U	400 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	390 บ	400 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	390 บ	400 U
Benzene	330 บ	390 บ	400 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	390 บ	400 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	390 U	400 บ
Bromoform .	330 บ	390 บ	400 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	390 U	400 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	390 บ	400 U
Toluene	330 บ	390 U	400 U
Chlorobenzene	330 บ	390 U	400 U
Ethyl benzene	330 U	390 U	400 U
m-Xylene	330 U	390 U	400 บ
o,p-Xylene	330 U	390 U	400 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

#### VII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Semivolatile Organics-Base Neutrals (Page 1 of 2)

	Sample D	esignation
Constituent	Aqueous Method Blank	A16918-6 609A-1401- SW01
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	10 U	10 U
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	10 U	10 U
l,3-Dichlorobenzene	10 U	10° U
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10 U	10 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	10 U	10 U
Dio( a children opiop) 1, Dimer	10 0	10 0
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	10 U	10 U
Hexachloroethane	10 U	10 U
Nitrobenzene	10 U	10 U
Isophorone	10 U	10 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	10 U	10 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10 U	10 U
Naphthalene	10 U	10 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	` 10 U	10 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10 U	10 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	10 U	10 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U
Acenaphthylene	10 U	10 U
Acenaphth <b>ene</b>	10 U	10 U
No. Jan.	(	4 445
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-6 609A-1401- SW01
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	10 U	10 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	10 U	10 U
Diethyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	10 U	10 U
Fluorene	10 U	10 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	10 U	10 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	10 U	10 U
Hexachlorobenzene	10 U	10 U
Phenanthrene	10 U	0.5 J
Anthracene	10 U	10 υ
Dibutyl Phthalate	10 U	·10 U
Fluoranthene	10 U	0.8 J
Benzidine	100 U	/100 U
Pyrene	10 U	0.6 J
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	20 U	20 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	10 U	10 ປ
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	10 U	19
Chrysene	10 U	10 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	10 U	10 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	10 U	10 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	10 U	10 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	10 U	10 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	10 U	10 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10 U	10 U
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 1 of 2)

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-1 609A-0504- SB01	A16918-5 609A-1201 SB01	A16918-7 609A-0901- SB01
				,
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Phenol	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
2-Chlorophenol	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
2-Methylphenol	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
4-Methylphenol	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Hexachloroethane	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Nitrobenzene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Isophorone	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
2-Nitrophenol	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	- 330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Naphthalene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Acenaphthylene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Acenaphthene	330 U	460 U	1,100 J	400 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,600 U	2,200 U	18,000 U	1,900 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-1 609A-0504- SB01	A16918-5 609A-1201- SB02	A16918-7 609A-0901- SB01
4-Nitrophenol	1,600 U	2,200 U	18,000 U	1,900 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Diethyl Phthalate	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	460 U	3,700 ປ	400 U
Fluorene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1,600 U	2,200 U	18,000 U	1,900 ປ
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Hexachlorobenzene	330 U	460 ป	3,700 U	400 U
Pentachlorophenol	1,600 U	2,200 U	18,000 ປ	1,900 U
Phenanthrene	330 U	460 U	13,000	43 J
Anthracene	330 U	460 U	3,000 J	400 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Fluoranthene	330 U	460 U	19,000	86 J
Benzidine	3,300 U	4,600 U	37,000 U	4,000 U
Pyrene	330 U	460 U	17,000	·71 J
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 U	460 U	290 J	400 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 U	920 U	7,100 U	800 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	460 U	9,300	40 J
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	330 บ	460 U	1,600 J	110 J
Chrysene .	330 U	460 U	13,000	52 J
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	460 U	5,100	400 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330 บ	460 U	2,000 J	400 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	400 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	460 U	4,300	400 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 1 of 2)

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-8 609A-0901- SB02	A16918-9 609A-0101 SB01	A16918-10 609A-0101- SB02
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 บ	400 U	440 U	450 U
Phenol	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
2-Chlorophenol	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	70 J	440 U	450 บ
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 บ	400 U	440 U	450 U
l,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 บ
2-Methylphenol	330 U	400 U	440 U -	450 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 บ	400 บ	440 U	450 บ
4-Methylphenol	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
Hexachloroethane	330 บ	400 U	440 U	450 U
Nitrobenzene	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
Isophorone	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
2-Nitrophenol	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 ป
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330 บ	400 U	440 U	450 บ
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U 🔍	400 U	440 U	450 U
Naphthalene	330 U	400 บ	440 U	450 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 U	400 U	440 U	,450 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 Ú	400 U	440 บ	450 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 บ
Acenaphthylene	330 U	400 U	440 U	450 U
Acenaphthène	330 บ	400 U	440 U	450 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,600 U	1,900 U	2,100 U	2,200 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918- 609A-09 SB02		A16918-9 609A-010 SB01		A16918- 609A-01 SB02	•
4-Nitrophenol	1,600 U	1,900	U	2,100	II .	2,200	II.
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	400		440		450	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	400		440		450	
Diethyl Phthalate	330 U	400		440		450	
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	400	U	440	U	450	U
Fluorene	330 U	400	U	440	U	450-	U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1,600 U	1,900	ប	2,100	U	2,200	U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	400	U	440	U	48	J
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	400		440	U	450	U
Hexachlorobenzene	330 U	400	U	440	U	450	U
Pentachlorophenol	1,600 U	1,900	U	2,100	U	2,200	U
Phenanthrene	330 U	400	U	, 440	U	450	U
Anthracene	330 U	400	U	440	U	450	U
Dibutyl Phthalate	330° U	400	U	440	U	450	U ·
Fluoranthene	330 U	400	บ	440	U	450	U
Benzidine	3,200 U	4,000	U	4,400	U -	4,500	U
Pyrene	330 U	400	_	440	U	21	J
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 U	400		440	Ŭ	450	U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 บ	800	U	880	U	900	U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	400		440	U	450	U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	330 บ	80		440	U	33	J
Chrysene	330 U	400		440	Ü	450	U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 U	400		440		450	U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	400	U	440	U	450	U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	. 330 U -	400	U	440	U	450	U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330 U	400	U	440	U	450	U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330 U	400	U	440	Ü	450	U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 U	400	U	440	U	450	U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 บ	400	U	440	U	450	U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg	dw)	(ug/kg	g dw)	(ug/kg	g dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Semivolatile Organics (Page 1 of 2)

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-11 609A-1001- SB01	A16918-12 609A-1001 SB02	A16918-13 609A-1002- SB01
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 บ	380 บ	410 U	380 U
Phenol	330 U	380 U	62 J	1,900
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
2-Chlorophenol	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 บ	380 U	34 J	380 U
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	380 U	30 J	130 J
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	380 U	410 U	43 J
2-Methylphenol	330 U	- 380 บ	410 U	25 J
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 บ	380 U	410 U	380 U
4-Methylphenol	330 U	2,800	410 U	2,000
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Hexachloroethane	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Nitrobenzene	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Isophorone	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
2-Nitrophenol	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330 U	380 U	410 U	50 J
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330 U	380 บ	410 U	380 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U	380 U	270 J	2,100
Naphthalene	330 U	830	410 U	40 J
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 U /	380 U	410 U	380. U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 U	380 U	410 U	380° U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330 U	380 บ	410 U	38U U
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Acenaphthylene	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Acenaphthene	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,600 U	1,800 U	2,000 U	1,800 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-11 609A-1001- SBO	A16918-12 609A-1001- SB02	A16918-13 609A-1002- SB01
4-Nitrophenol	1,600 U	1,800 U	2,000 U	1,800 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	์ 330 บ	์ 380 บ	410 U	์ 380 บ
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	380 บ	410 U	380 U
Diethyl Phthalate	330° U	380 U	410 U	380 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	380 U	410 U	<b>38</b> 0 U
Fluorene	330 บ	380 U	410 U	380 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1,600 U	1,800 ປ	2,000 U	1,800 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Hexachlorobenzene	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 บ
Pentachlorophenol	1,600 U	1,800 U	2,000 U	1,800 ປ
Phenanthrene	330 U	380 บ	410 U	้ 380 บ
Anthracene	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	330 U	380 U	21 J	380 U
Fluoranthene	330 บ	380 บ	410 U	380 บ
Benzidine	3,200 U	3,800 U	2,000 U	3,800 U
Pyrene	330 บ	380 U	410 U	380 U
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 U	750 U	830 U	750 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 บ	380 <sub>.</sub> U	410 U	380 U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	330 บ	380 U	57 J	86 J
Chrysene .	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 บ	380 U	410 U	24 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	380 U	410 U	· 380 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 บั	380 U	410 U	380 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330 U	380 บ	410 U	380 U
<pre>Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene</pre>	330 บ	380 บ	410 U	380 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 U	380 บ	410 U	380 บ
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	380 U	410 U	380 บ
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Semivolatile Organics (Page 1 of 2)

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-14 609A-1002- SB02	A16918-15 609A-0801 WB01	A16918-19 609A-0502- SB01
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 U	460 บ	10 U	400 U
heno1	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
sis(2-chloroethy1) Ether	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
2-Chlorophenol	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 บ
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	460 บ	10 U	400 บ
2-Methylphenol	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
4-Methylphenol	330 U	83 J	10 U	400 บ
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
Hexachloroethane	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Nitrobenzene	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
Isophorone	330 U	460 U	10 U	4UQ U
2-Nitrophenol	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330 U	460 U	10. U	400 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U	470	10 U	400 5
Naphthalene	330 U	460 U	10 U	ุ 400 บ
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	460 บ	10 U	400 บ
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Acenaphthylene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Acenaphthene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,600 U	2,300 U	50 บ	2,000 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/l)	(ug/kg dw)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

#### Sample Designation

in industrial

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-14 609A-1002- SB02	A16918-15 609A-0801- WB01	A16918-19 609A-0502- SB01
4-Nitrophenol	1,600 U	2,300 U	50 บ	2,000 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	์ 330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
Diethyl Phthalate	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	460 U	10 U	40 <b>0</b> U
Fluorene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 IJ
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1,600 U	2,300 U	50 U	2,000 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Hexachlorobenzene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Pentachlorophenol	1,600 U	2,300 U	50 U	2,000 U
Phenanthrene	330 U	ั460 บ	10 U	400 U
Anthracene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 ป
Dibutyl Phthalate	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Fluoranthene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Benzidine	3,200 U	4,600 U	100 U	4,000 U
Pyrene	330 U	460 U	10 U	ั400 ป
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 U	930 U	20 U	800 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	460 บ	10 U	400 U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	330 บ	460 U	10 U	71 J
Chrysene _	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 บ	460 บ	10 ປ	400 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Semivolatile Organics (Page 1 of 2)

#### Sample Designation

الأعصاب الأر

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-22 609A-0503- SB01	A16918-24 609A-0503 WB01
Constituent	DIGIIK	3801	WBOI
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 U	490 บ	10 U
Phenol	330 U	490 U	10 U
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	330 U	490 U	10 U
2-Chlorophenol	330 U	490 U	10 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	490 U	10 U
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	490 U	10 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	. 490 บ	10 U
2-Methylphenol	330 U	490 U	10 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 U	490 U	10 U
4-Methylphenol	330 U	<b>490</b> U	10 U
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 U.	490 บ	10 U
Hexachloroethane	330 U	490 U	10 U
Nitrobenzene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Isophorone	330 ป	490 U	10 U
2-Nitrophenol	330 U	490 U	10 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330 U	490 ป	10 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	490 U	10 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330 บ	490 U	10 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Naphthalene	330 U	490 บ	10 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 บ	490 U	10 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330 U	490 U	10 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 U	์ 490 บ	10 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330 บ	490 U	10 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 U	490 U	10 U
Acenaphthylene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Acenaphthene	330 U	490 U	10 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,600 U	2,400 U	50 บ
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/1)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-22 609A-0503- SB01	A16918-24 609A-0503- WB01
4-Nitrophenol	1,600 U	2,400 U	50 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	490 U	10 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Diethyl Phthalate	330 U	490 U	10 U
/ Chlamabani Bharal Ebba	220 11	/ 00 H	
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	490 U	10 U
Fluorene	330 U	490 U	10 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1,600 U	2,400 U	50 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	490 U	10 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	490 บ	10 U
Hexachlorobenzene	330 บ	490 U	10 U
Pentachlorophenol	1,600 U	2,400 U	50 บ
Phenanthrene	330 บ	ั 490 ป	10 U
Anthracene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	330 U	35 J	10 U
Fluoranthene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Benzidine	3,200 U	4,900 U	100 U
Pyrene	330 U	180 J	100 U
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 U	490 U	10 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 U	980 U	
3,3 Dieniologenzieline	000 0	300 U	20 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	330 U	490 บ	10 U
Chrysene .	330 U	490 U	10 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 บ	490 บ	10 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	3,700	10 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 ປ	490 U	10 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330 บ	490 U	10 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 U	490 U	10 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	490 U	10 U
- · · · ·			
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw	(ug/1)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Constituent	Aqueous Method Blank	A16918-6 609A-1401- SW01
Aroclor 1016	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1221	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1232	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1242	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1248	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1254	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1260	10 U	10 U
Units	(119/1)	(ng/1)

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Pesticidal Compounds and Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-1 609A-0504- SB01	A16918-5 609A-1201- SB01	A16918-7 609A-0901- SB01
alpha-BHC	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
beta-BHC	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U -
delta-BHC	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Heptachlor	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Aldrin	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Endosulfan I	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Dieldrin	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
4,4'-DDE	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	3 <b>9</b> 0 Ư
Endrin	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 บ
Endosulfan II	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
4,4'-DDD	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Endosulfan Sulfate	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	390 บ
4,4'-DDT	330 U	460 บ	3,700 U	390 U
Endrin Aldehyde	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Chlordane	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Toxaphene	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Aroclor 1016	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Aroclor 1221	330 บ	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Aroclor 1232	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Aroclor 1242 -	330 U	460 บ	3,700 U	390 U
Aroclor 1248	330 U	460 U	3,700 บ	390 U
Aroclor 1254	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	460 U	3,700 U	390 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Pesticidal Compounds and Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-8 609A-0901- SB02	A16918-9 609A-0101- SB01	A16918-10 609A-0101- SB02
alpha-BHC	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
beta-BHC	330 U	400 บ	440 U	460 U
delta-BHC	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Heptachlor	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Aldrin	330 U	400 Ü	440 U	460 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Endosulfan I	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Dieldrin	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
4,4'-DDE	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Endrin	330 U	400 U	440 U	460- U
Endosulfan II	- 330 บ	400 U	440 U	46U U
4,4'-DDD	330 บ	400 U	440 U	460 U
Endosulfan Sulfate	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
4,4'-DDT	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Endrin Aldehyde	330 U.	400 U	440 U	460 U
Chlordane	330 บ	400 U	440 U	460 U
Toxaphene	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Aroclor 1016	330 IJ	400 U	440 U	+60 U
Aroclor 1221	<b>33</b> C	400 U	440 U	460 U
Aroclor 1232	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Aroclor 1242 -	330 บ	400 U	440 U	460 U
Aroclor 1248	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Aroclor 1254	ี 330 บ	400 บ	440 U	460 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	400 U	440 U	460 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Pesticidal Compounds and Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-11 609A-1001- SB01	A16918-12 609A-1001- SB02	A16918-13 609A-1002-
- Constituent	DIGHK	3501	3802	SBOI
alpha-BHC	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
beta-BHC	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
delta-BHC	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Heptachlor	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Aldrin	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Endosulfan I	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Dieldrin	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
4,4'-DDE	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Endrin	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Endosulfan II	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
4,4'-DDD	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Endosulfan Sulfate	330 บ	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
4,4'-DDT	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Endrin Aldehyde	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Chlordane	· 330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Toxaphene	330 U	38,000 บ	420 U	3,800 U
Aroclor 1016	330 U	38,000 ປ	420 U	3,800 U
Aroclor 1221	330 U	38,000 บ	420 U	3,800 U
Aroclor 1232	330 U	38,000 บ	420 U	3,800 U
Aroclor 1242 -	330 U	79,000	660	6,600
Aroclor 1248	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Aroclor 1254	330 บ	38,000 ປ	420 U	3,800 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	38,000 U	420 U	3,800 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Pesticidal Compounds and Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-14 609A-1002- SB02	A16918-15 609A-0801- WB01	A16918-19 609A-0502- SB01
alpha-BHC	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
beta-BHC	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
delta-BHC	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Heptachlor	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Aldrin	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U -
Heptachlor Epoxide	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Endosulfan I	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Dieldrin	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
4,4'-DDE.	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Endrin	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Endosulfan II	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
4,4'-DDD	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Endosulfan Sulfate	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
4,4'-DDT	330 U	460 บ	10 U	400 U
Endrin Aldehyde	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Chlordane	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Toxaphene	330 U	. 460 U	ľo u	400 U
Aroclor 1016	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Aroclor 1221	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Aroclor 1232	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
Aroclor 1242 -	330 บ	1,800	10 U	400 U
Aroclor 1248	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
Aroclor 1254	330 บ	460 U	10 U	400 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	460 U	10 U	400 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/l)	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Pesticidal Compounds and Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Constituent	Nonaqueous Method Blank	A16918-22 609A-0503- SB01	A16918-24 609A-0503- WB01
alpha-BHC	330 U	500 บ	10 U
beta-BHC	330 U	500 U	10 U
delta-BHC	330 U	500 บ	10 U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	330 U	500 บ	10 U
Heptachlor	330 U	500 U	10 U
Aldrin	330 U	500 U	10 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	330 U	500 บ	10 U
Endosulfan I	330 U	500 บ	10 U
Dieldrin	330 U	500 บ	10 U
4,4'-DDE	330 U	500 บ	10 U
Endrin	330 U	500 ປ	10 U
Endosulfan II	330 U	500 บ	10 U
4,4'-DDD	330 U	500 บ	10 U
Endosulfan Sulfate	330 U	500 ป	10 U
4,4'-DDT	330 U	500 ช	10 U
Endrin Aldehyde	330 U	500 บ	10 U
Chlordane	330 บ	500 บ	10 U
Toxaphene	330 U	500 ט	10 U
Aroclor 1016	330 U	500 U	10 ປ
Aroclor 1221	330 บ	500 U	10 U
Aroclor 1232	330 บ	500 บ	10 U
Aroclor 1242 .	330 U	240 J	10 U
Aroclor 1248	330 บ	500 บ	10 U
Aroclor 1254	330 U	500 บ	10 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	500 บ	10 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/1)

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Metals

Samp	le	Des	ign	ation

•				
Parameter	Method Blank	A16918-1 609A-0504- SB01	A16918-5 609A-1201- SB01	A16918-7 609A-0901- SB01
Antimony, total	2,000 U	2,800 U	510 J	2,400 U
Arsenic, total	1,000 U	15,000	2,500	12,000
Beryllium, total	500 U	690 บ	560 บ	1,100
Cadmium, total	1,000 U	8,400	6,200	1,200 U
Chromium, total	5,000 U	36,000	86,000	16,000
Copper, total	5,000 U	6,900 U	160,000	14,000
Lead, total	10,000 U	10,000 U	96,000	51,000
Mercury, total	200 U	280 บ	์ 220 บ	240 U
Nickel, total	4,000 U	5,600 U	47,000	4,700 U
Selenium, total	1,000 U	1,400 U	1,100 ປ	1,200 U
Silver, total	4,000 U	5,600 U	4,500 U	4,700 U
Thallium, total	1,000 U	1,400 U	1,100 U	1,200 ປ
Zinc, total	2,000 U	48,00Ò	170,000	29,000
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

Parameter	A16918-8 609A-0901- SB02	A16918-9 609A-0101- SB01	A16918-10 609A-0101-	A16918-11 609A-1001-
1 didmeter	3502	3801	SB02	SBO1
Antimony, total	2,400 U	2,700 U	2,700 U	2,300 U
Arsenic, total	4,000	13,000	20,000	3,800
Beryllium, total	์ 600 บ	ั 670 บ	้ 680 บ	1,200
Cadmium, total .	1,200 U	10,000	13,000	1,100 U
Chromium, total	18,000	40,000	42,000	18,000
Copper, total	6,000 U	51,000	65,000	5,700 บ
Lead, total	12,000 U	13,000 U	14,000 U	11,000 U
Mercury, total	240 U	์ 270 บ	์ 270 บ	์ 230 บ
Nickel, total	4,800 U	23,000	28,000	4,500 U
Selenium, total	1,200 U	1,300 U	1,300 U	1,100 U
Silver, total	4,800 U	5,300 U	5,500 U	4,500 U
Thallium, total	1,200 U	1,300 ປ	1,300 ປ	1,100 U
Zinc, total	22,000	81,000	77,000	35,000
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Metals

## Sample Designation

Parameter	Method Blank	A16918-12 609A-1001- SB02	A16918-13 609A-1002- SB01	A16918-14 609A-1002- SBU2
Antimony, total	2,000 U	2,500 U	2,300 U	2,800 U
Arsenic, total	1,000 U	14,000	3,600	46,000
Beryllium, total	500 U	630 U	570 U	700 U
Cadmium, total	1,000 U	11,000	6,000	26,000
Chromium, total	5,000 ט	43,000	22,000	78,000
Copper, total	5,000 U	6,300 U	25,000	140,000
Lead, total	10,000 U	13,000 U	11,000 U	14,000 U
Mercury, total	200 U	250 U	230 U	280 U
Nickel, total	4,000 U	5,000 U	4,500 U	41,000
Selenium, total	1,000 Ü	1,200 U	1,100 U	1,490 U
Silver, total	4,000 U	5,000 Ū	4,500 U	5,600 U
Thallium, total	1,000 U	1,200 U	1,100 U	1,400 U
Zinc, total	2,000 U	62,000	38,000	120,000
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

Parameter	A16918-15 609A-0801- WB01	A16918-19 609A-0502- SB01	A16918-22 609A-0503- SB01	A16918-24 609A-0503- WB01
Tarameter	WDO1	3801	3801	MDOI
Antimony, total	60 บ	2,400	3,000 U	60 U
Arsenic, total	2.7 J	18,000	44,000	10 U
Beryllium, total	5.0 บ	610 U	้ 750 บ	5.U U
Cadmium, total	10 U	17,000	12,000	10 U
Chromium, total	50 ປ	52,000	38,000	50 บ
Copper, total	50 ช	95,000	63,000	50 บ
Lead, total	ט 50	12,000 U	15,000 ປ	50 บ
Mercury, total	2.0 U	240 ป	้300 บ	2.0 U
Nickel, total	40 U	24,000	6,000 U	40
Selenium, total	10 U	1,200 U	1,500 U	10 U
Silver, total	50 ປ	4,900 U	6,000 U	50 U
Thallium, total	10 U	1,200 U	1,500 ປ	10 U
Zinc, total	75	67,000	62,000	180
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/l)

# II. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# General Chemistry

## Parameter

Sample Designatio	<u>n</u>	Cyanide, total	Phenolics, total as phenol
Method Bla	nk	250 U	250 บ
A16918-1	609A-0504-SB01	3,200	350 บ
A16918-5	609A-1201-SB01	280 U	420
A16918-7	609A-0901-SB01	290 U	290 บ
A16918-8	609A-0901-SB02	. 300 U	300 U
A16918-9	609A-0101-SB01	330 U	330 U
A16918-10	609A-0101-SB02	340 U	340 U
A16918-11	609A-1001-SB01	390	45,000
A16918-12	609A-1001-SB02	2,200	1,300
A16918-12	609A-1002-SB01	280 U	59,000
A16918-14	609A-1002-SB02	520	350 U
A16918-15	609A-1002-3B02 609A-0801-WB01	25 บ*	NR
		2,900	300 U
A16918-19		2,900 370 U	550
A16918-22		25 U*	
A16918-24	609A-0503-WB01	45 0*	. NR
Units		(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

<sup>\* (</sup>ug/1)

# Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# General Chemistry

## Parameter

Sample Designatio	<u>on</u>	Petroleum Hydrocarbons	by IR	Residue, total
Method Bla	ınk	20,000	U	0.1 U
A16918-1	609A-0504-SB01	330,000		72
A16918-2	609A-0504-SB02	29,000	U	70
A16918-3	609A-0504-SB03	27,000	U	74
A16918-4	609A-0504-SB22	28,000		71
A16918-5	609A-1201-SB01	3,400,000		. 89
A16918-7	609A-0901-SB01	NR		· 85
A16918-8	609A-0901-SB02	NR		83
A16918-9	609A-0101-SB01	720,000		75 ·
A16918-10	609A-0101-SB02	380,000		73
A16918-11	609A-1001-SB01	4,500,000		88
A16918-12	609A-1001-SB02	25,000	U ·	80
A16918-13	609A-1002-SB01	2,700,000		88
A16918-14	609A-1002-SB02	28,000	U	71
A16918-15	609A-0801-WB01	2,000	U .	NR
A16918-16	609A-0501-SB01	22,000	U	89
A16918-17	609A-0501-SB02	28,000		71
A16918-18	609A-0501-SB03	29,000		69
A16918-19	609A-0502-SB01	240,000		82
A16918-20	609A-0502-SB02	47,000	U	43
A16918-21	609A-0502-SB03	30,000		67
A16918-22	609A-0503-SB01	30,000	U	67
A16918-23	609A-0503-SB02	25,000	U	80
A16918-24	609A-0503-WB01	1,000	ប*	NR
Units		(ug/kg o	iw)	(%)

<sup>\* (</sup>ug/1)

# Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### General Chemistry

## <u>Parameter</u>

Sample				
Designation	<u>on</u>	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene
Method Bla	ink	330 J	330 U	330 U
A16918-1	609A-0504-SB01	6 J	6 J	460 U
A16918-2	609A-0504-SB02	470 U	13 J	470 U
A16918-3	609A-0504-SB03	450 บ	9 J	450 ป
A16918-4	609A-0504-SB22	460 U	21 J	460 U
A16918-16	609A-0501-SB01	· 370 U	370 U	- 370 U
A16918-17	609A-0501-SB02	460 U	460 U	460 U
A16918-18	609A-0501-SB03	480 บ	480 U	480 U
A16918-19	609A-0502-SB01	400 U	400 U	400 U
A16918-20	609A-0502-SB02	770 บ	770 บ	770 U
A16918-21	609A-0502-SB03	490 U	490 U	490 U
A16918-22	609A-0503-SB01	490 บ	490 U	490 U
A16918-23	609A-0503-SB02	410 U	14 J	410 U
Units		(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

# • Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# General Chemistry

## Parameter

Sample	•			
Designation	<u>n</u>	<u>m-Xylene</u>	p-Xylene	o-Xylene
Method Bla	nk	330 U	330 U	330 บ
A16918-1	609A-0504-SB01	460 U	460 U	460 U
A16918-2	609A-0504-SB02	470 ··	470 U	470 U
A16918-3	609A-0504-SB03	450 ป	450 ป	450 U
A16918-4	609A-0504-SB22	460 U	460 U	460 U
A16918-16	609A-0501-SB01	370 U	370 บ	370 U
A16918-17	609A-0501-SB02	460 U	460 U	460 U
A16918-18	609A-0501-SB03	480 U	480 U	480 U
A16918-19	609A-0502-SB01	400 U	400 U	400 U
A16918-20	609A-0502-SB02	770 ט	770 บ	์ 770 บ
A16918-21	609A-0502-SB03	490 บ	490 U	490 U
A16918-22	609A-0503-SB01	490 บ	490 U	490 U
A16918-23	609A-0503-SB02	410 U	410 U	410 U
Units	•	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

No nontargetted compounds were detected in the following samples:

Volatile Aqueous Method Blank Volatile Nonaqueous Method Blank 1, 2, 3 Semivolatile Aqueous Method Blank Semivolatile Nonaqueous Method Blank A16918-15 609A-0801-WB01 A16918-24 0503-0801-WB01

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-1 609A-0504- Client Designation SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
·	Unknown Compound	BNA	311	580
	Unknown Compound	BNA	372	340
	Unknown Compound	BNA	412	230
	Unknown Compound	BNA	436	1,200
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	52 <b>9</b>	2,600
	Unknown Compound	BNA	632	410
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,508	180
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,680	840

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation Al6918-1 (Cont'd)

Client Designation 609A-0504-SB01

1				Estimated
		1	Scan	Concentration
CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Number	(ug/kg dw)
1	Unknown Polynuclear	!		
<u> </u>	Aromatic Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,820	940
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,837	260
	Unknown Polynuclear			
	Aromatic Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,865	760
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	1,935	280
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	1,946	260
			2,770	
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	1,951	300
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,007	290
ļ	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,023	280
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,074	360
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,156	270
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,233	560
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,242	580
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,249	670
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,257	630
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,273	650
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,333	570
	Unknown Aliphatic	BNA	2,341	540

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-5

Client Designation 609A-1201-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Methylanthracene Isomer	BNA	1,619	11,000
<u>-</u>	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	1,638	17,000
J <del></del>	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	1,828	7,600
	Methylpyrene Isomer	BNA	1,874	26,000
	Methylpyrene Isomer	BNA	1,887	12,000
	Methylpyrene Isomer	BNA	1,894	9,700
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	2,001	9,400
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	2,009	8,100
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	2,021	6,900
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	2,365	55,000
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	2,403	10,000
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	2,469	35,000
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	2,489	41,000
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic	BNA	3,076	14,000

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-6

Client Designation 609A-1401-SW01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/l)
,	Unknown Compound	BNA	293	5.2
	Unknown Compound	BNA	308	10
	Unknown Compound	BNA	320	21
	Unknown Compound	BNA	365	23

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-7

Client Designation 609A-0901-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	325	4,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	369	3,900
	Unknown Compound	BNA	400	310
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BNA	493	160
<del>-</del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,354	290

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-8

Client Designation 609A-0901-SB02

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	289	210
	Unknown Compound	BNA	436	300
·	Unknown Compound	BNA	448	190
	Unknown Compound	BNA	684	800
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,550	360
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,153	190

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-9

Client Designation 609A-0101-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
····	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	257	5,900

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-10

Client Designation 609A-0101-SB02

-1 ....:

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA	<b></b>	
	Unknown Compound	BNA	238	17,000
	Unknown Alkane	BNA	246	330
	Unknown Compound	BNA	263	250
	Unknown Compound	BNA	275	640
	Unknown Compound	BNA	290	860
	Unknown Compound	BNA	316	180
	Unknown Alkene	BNA	335	740
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,112	260
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,116	250
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,120	240
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,128	240
·	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,138	270
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,724	210
<b></b>	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,728	210
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,730	210

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-11

Client Designation 609A-1001-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Trichlorobenzene Isomer	BNA	866	10,000
	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,533	13,000
	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,613	17,000
L	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,691	16,000
	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,765	14,000
	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,792	11,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,817	8,500
	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,861	8,800
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,922	8,700
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,931	22,000
	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,972	9,600

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-11 (Cont'd)

Client Designation 609A-1001-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,988	16,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,038	16,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,056	16,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,073	8,400
-	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,127	11,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,142	17,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,208	17,000
	Unknown Phthalate	BNA	2,240	17,000
<del></del>	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	2,302	17,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,309	15,000
	Unknown Phthalate	BNA	2,319	22,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,327	28,000
	Unknown Phthalate	BNA	2,578	18,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	3,096	25,000

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-12

Client Designation 609A-1001-SB02

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA	· <b></b>	
	Hexanedioic Acid Ester	BNA	1,965	250
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,991	180
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,062	1,100 -
	Unknown Phthalate	BNA	2,250	220

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-13

Client Designation 609A-1002-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
<del></del>	None Detected	VOA		
<del></del>	Trichlorobenzene Isomer	BNA	866	610
	Tetrachlorobenzene Isomer	BNA	1,062	360
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,316	1,500
<del> </del>	Dichlorobiphenyl Isomer	BNA	1,385	290
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,533	290
	richlorobiphenyl Isomer	BNA	1,538	350

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-13 (Cont'd)

Client Designation 609A-1002-SB01

			Scan	Estimated Concentration
CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Number	(ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,614	460
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,691	490
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,764	310
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,927	450
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,970	520
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,006	2,300
•	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,037	670
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,054	890
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,071	690
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,125	510
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,150	450
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,208	830
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,249	710
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,267	700
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,288	780
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,298	790
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,305	860
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,349	680
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,415	650

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-14

Client Designation 609A-1002-SBU2

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Dichlorobenzene Isomer (carryover)	VOA	759	830 -
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,989	200

#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-19

Client Designation 609A-0502-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,582	330
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,186	170
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,211	320
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,218	300
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,227	440
	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BNA	2,235	360
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,254	250
<b></b>	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,263	310
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,273	240
<u> </u>	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,281	430
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,290	380

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## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-19 (Cont'd)

Client Designation 609A-0502-SB01

			Scan	Estimated Concentration
CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Number	(ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,298	280
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,307	360
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,316	300
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,324	390
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,351	340
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,359	240
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,378	290
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,404	260
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,448	230
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,455	230
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,542	540
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,602	210
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,672	396
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,681	230

Note: Estimated concentration is calculated against the nearest eluting internal standard.

Test Report No. A16918 Page 50

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-22

Client Designation 609A-0503-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	BNA	430	190
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BNA	435	200
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Unknown Compound	BNA	441	230
_	Hexanedioic Acid Ester	BNA	1,203	270
·	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,555	300
	Unknown Compound	BNA	1,666	270
	Unknown Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbon	BNA	1,671	200
ļ	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,217	240
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,225	310
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,233	420
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,243	230
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,252	300
<b> </b>	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,272	250
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,281	290
-	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,289	330

Note: Estimated concentration is calculated against the nearest eluting internal standard.

Test Report No. A16918 Page 51

# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-22 (Cont'd)

Client Designation 609A-0503-SB01

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CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,298	290
······································	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,307	300
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,316	290
·	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,325	320
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,334	210
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,343	250
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,353	190
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,361	280
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,369	220
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,379	250

Note: Estimated concentration is calculated against the nearest eluting internal standard.

ATTACHMENT

4

# Environmental Consulting & Engineering

# ASBESTOS BULK ANALYSIS DATA

CLIENT: Environ

SAMPLING DATE: 7/2/87

**PROJECT NO: 1914-1** 

FACILITY:

Polychrome, Yardville, New Jersey

COLLECTED BY: A. Carino

	PACIEIT.	Totychiome, faidu	vece, new dersey	COLLECTED BA:	n. car ino
SAMPLE #	LOCATION	MATERIAL SAMPLED	ASBESTOS (%/TYPE)	OTHER FIBROUS MATERIALS (%)	NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS (%)
609A1301- 1N01	Boiler Room, Warehouse, Above Boiler	Insulation, 1" Hot Water Line	55% Chrysotile	20% Cellulose	25% Unspecified
609A1302- 1NU1	Boiler Room, Warehouse, At Boiler Level, Discharge	Packing Around Elbow Boiler Discharge	40% Chrysotile	10% Cellulose 3-5% Mineral Wool	45% Binder
					,
:					
			,		

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY WITH DISPERSION STAINING EPA QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM NO. 2187

James J. Weitzman, Lab Director

#### Addendum To

Presentation of the Phase I Sampling
Plan Results for the Former
Polychrome Corporation Facility in
Yardville, New Jersey

ECRA Case No. 86122

Submitted to the
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
on behalf of
Polychrome Corporation

January 1989

Prepared by:

ENVIRON Corporation 210 Carnegie Center Suite 201 Princeton, New Jersey 08540 ENVIRON completed the Phase I sampling program at the above-referenced facility on November 18, 1988. Areas of environmental concern (AECs) 6, 7, 15 and 16, located in the wooded portion of the site, could not be located during the August 1988 drilling program. Thus, sampling in these AECs was postponed until the vegetation had thinned, enabling ENVIRON to locate the features requiring sampling. This addendum discusses this sampling, the geologic and analytical results obtained, and conclusions that can be reached regarding this portion of the site.

Soil samples from these four AECs were collected from hand auger borings. Figure 1 shows the approximate locations of these borings while Table 1 summarizes the sampling intervals and the analyses that were performed on each sample. As originally proposed, all soil samples were analyzed for Priority Pollutants plus a nontargeted 40-compound library search (PP+40). Each boring was sampled at a depth of 0.5-1.0 feet, the depth immediately below the layer of surface vegetation. Samples were not obtained from the surface because vegetative matter causes interferences with EPA Method 418.1. The uppermost soil sample for volatile organic compound (VOC) analysis was collected from a depth of 1.5-2.0 feet. At AECs 6 and 7, a third soil sample was obtained at 3.5-4.0 feet and 2.5-3.0 feet, respectively. The depth of these soil samples were different because of different geological conditions at the two locations. The water table was not encountered at any of the sampling locations.

The geology in AECs 6 and 7 was similar both laterally and vertically. The upper six inches to one foot consists of an orange-brown

Table 1: Actual Sampling Locations and Depths

AEC	Sampling Location	Number and Type of Samples per Location	Analyses
6	601	3 Soil Samples  • 0.5 - 1.0 feet  • 1.5 - 2.0 feet  • 3.5 - 4.0 feet	PP+40, (no VOCs) VOC+15, TPHCs PP+40, TPHCs
7	701, 702	3 Soil Samples  • 0.5 - 1.0 feet  • 1.5 - 2.0 feet  • 2.5 - 3.0 feet	PP+40 (no VOCs) VOC+15, TPHC PP+40, TPHC
15	1501	2 Soil Samples • 0.5 - 1.0 feet • 1.5 - 2.0 feet	PP+40 (no VOCs), TPHC VOC+15
16	1601	<ul> <li>2 Soil Samples</li> <li>0.5 - 1.0 feet</li> <li>1.5 - 2.0 feet</li> </ul>	PP+40 (no VOCs), TPHC VOC+15

clayey sand with vegetative matter at the surface. The borings installed in AECs 15 and 16, the small pits, also encountered these materials. Beneath the clayey sand is fine orange sand with minor clay and silt. At the base of the borings is a brown fine sand with subrounded to rounded quartz pebbles. The hand auger met with refusal in this material. Based on the relative consistency in the geology encountered, it appears that the area has not been disturbed or used for fill activities.

Petroleum hydrocarbons (TPHCs), VOCs, pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), acid extractable compounds (AEs), cyanide and phenolics were not detected in any soil sample. The laboratory data package is provided as two volumes with this addendum. Several targeted base/neutral extractable compounds (BNs) were detected in certain soil samples but at concentrations below the respective method detection limits. Two of these compounds—dibutyl phthalate and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate—most likely result from sample handling with latex gloves. The other BNs detected below method detection limits include naphthalene, fluroanthene, and n—nitrosodiphenylamine. Of the thirteen Priority Pollutant metals, only cadmium was identified at concentrations exceeding the ECRA guidance level of 3 ppm. The concentration of cadmium for each soil sample is provided in Table 2 and is shown on Figure 1. Concentrations of cadmium in AECs 6 and 7, where two samples were obtained from each boring, uniformly decrease with depth.

Cadmium was previously identified above the ECRA action level in AECs 1, 5, 10 and 12. ENVIRON concluded that since TPHC contamination was also present in these AECs, the cadmium contamination most likely resulted from waste oil handling practices of Monsanto Chemical Company ("Monsanto"), a former site operator. However, the absence of TPHCs in

Table 2: Concentrations of Cadmium in Soil Samples

Boring Number	Depth <sup>1</sup>	Cadmium Concentration <sup>2</sup>	ECRA Guidance Level
601	0.5	50	
001	3.5	58 6.0	3.0 3.0
701	0.5	8.2	3.0
	2.5	7.3	3.0
702	0.5	7.2	3.0
	2.5	6.2	3.0
1501	0.5	9.53	3.0
1601	0.5	10	3.0

Upper depth of sampling interval, 1.5 foot interval analyzed for VOCs only

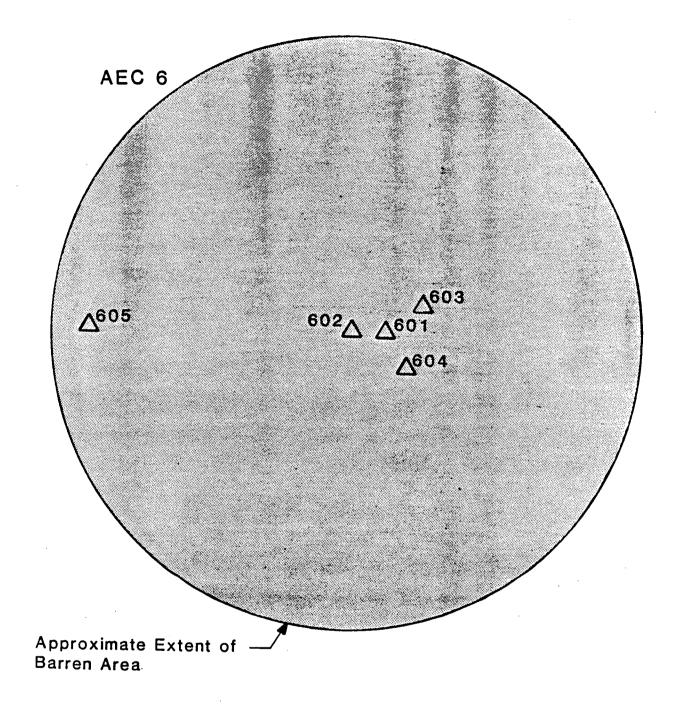
<sup>2</sup> In parts per million

Duplicate analysis-average of 9.4 and 9.6 ppm

the soil samples from AECs 6, 7, 15 and 16 and the similarity in concentrations in AECs 1, 5, 10, and 12 suggests that the cadmium concentrations may be due to conditions which predate the development of this property for industrial purposes.

Polychrome Corporation did not handle or store any products at this facility that contained cadmium. Material Safety Data Sheets for Polychrome products handled and stored at this facility were provided in the February 1986 Site Evaluation Submission. Although Polychrome's information regarding Monsanto's activities at this site is limited, current knowledge regarding former operations at this facility does not enable ENVIRON to relate the elevated cadmium level in AEC 6, and the slightly elevated cadmium levels in AECs 7, 15, and 16 to industrial activities. Excluding the concentration of 58 ppm, the cadmium concentrations appear to be approximately equal throughout the wooded portion of the site, suggesting that these levels may represent background conditions. If these levels were due to industrial activities, a greater variation in concentrations would be expected.

ENVIRON proposes to confirm and delineate the surficial cadmium contamination at boring 601 before evaluating the need for soil remediation. A confirmatory surface sample will be collected proximate to boring 601. In addition, four hand auger borings, shown on Figure 2, will be installed in AEC 6. Three of these borings will be installed proximate to boring 601 while the fourth will be located near the edge of the barren area to determine whether surface cadmium levels similar to those at boring 601 are present throughout this area. Soil samples will be collected from each boring from the surface and from a depth of approximately four feet. These samples will be analyzed for cadmium.



△ Hand Auger Boring

ENVIRON

Counsel in Health and Environmental Science

PROPOSED SAMPLING LOCATIONS IN AEC 6

Figure

2

ENVIRON does not believe that it is appropriate to collect additional samples to delineate the extent of the slightly elevated cadmium levels in AECs 7, 15, and 16. Cadmium concentrations for the surface samples from these AECs are similar, suggesting that the slightly elevated cadmium conditions are areally extensive in this portion of the site. Also, cadmium concentrations in the subsurface samples are similar to the surface values, suggesting that the slightly elevated concentrations may be due to conditions which predated the development of this property for industrial purposes.

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ECRA Case No. 86122

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REFERENCE NO. 14

# PRESENTATION OF THE PHASE II SAMPLING PLAN RESULTS FOR THE FORMER POLYCHROME CORPORATION FACILITY IN YARDVILLE, NEW JERSEY

ECRA Case No. 86122

Volume I of II

Submitted to the

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
on behalf of
Polychrome Corporation

March 1990

Prepared by:

ENVIRON Corporation 210 Carnegie Center Suite 201 Princeton, New Jersey 08540 ECRA Case No. 86122

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# Polychrome Corporation, Yardville, NJ

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

## A. History of ECRA Compliance

Polychrome Corporation ("Polychrome") entered into an Agreement of Sale with Herbert Krumsick on December 18, 1985 and shortly thereafter signed an Administrative Consent Order (ACO) that governs potential cleanup of its Yardville facility ("the site") under the Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act (ECRA). Subsequently, Mr. Krumsick sold the facility to the Hillman Group.

Polychrome submitted a General Information Submission (GIS) and a Site Evaluation Submission (SES) to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) on February 18, 1986. A review of Polychrome's activities at this facility indicated that it was unnecessary to submit a sampling plan. Following their review of the SES, however, NJDEP required documentation of the integrity of the underground fuel oil storage tank. The subsequent Petro-Tite® test revealed the tank had a net volume change exceeding .05 gallons in an hour. A monitoring well was installed in the presumed downgradient direction proximate to the tank, which is situated partially below the water table. Soil samples were collected during the well installation, and a ground water sample was obtained after the well had been developed and had stabilized. In a May 5, 1986 letter to Edward Hogan, Esq. of Lowenstein, Sandler, et al. (counsel for Polychrome) NJDEP requested that a Sampling Plan be submitted to address potential contamination resulting from the underground tank. After subsequent discussions with NJDEP

personnel regarding additional sampling requirements, a Sampling Plan was submitted on July 15, 1986. The results from the soil and ground water sampling at the underground tank were submitted as an addendum on September 26, 1986.

The NJDEP-assigned Case Manager, Michael Metlitz, requested a site inspection of the building interior, which occurred on February 3, 1987. The remainder of the property was inspected on March 3, 1987. The March 27, 1987 Report of Inspection from the NJDEP, which indicated a number of required actions, was followed by a June 10, 1987 letter to Carol Surgens, Esq., also of Lowenstein, Sandler et al., commenting on the July 15, 1986 Sampling Plan and restating the requirements in the Report of Inspection.

A Revised Sampling Plan, which was designed to determine the nature and extent of soil contamination as requested in the Report of Inspection, was submitted on July 20, 1987, with an accompanying cover letter addressing issues raised by NJDEP correspondence of March 27 and June 10. The Revised Sampling Plan identified 14 areas of environmental concern (AECs) based on site history, results of the site inspections, and NJDEP comments. The locations of the AECs, which are briefly described in Table 2, are shown on Plate 1. Detailed descriptions of the

For this report, "contamination" is defined as concentrations of a particular substance exceeding informal NJDEP-established ECRA cleanup guidelines for soil or ground water (Table 1). ENVIRON is using these guidelines to simplify presentation and interpretation of sampling results and neither ENVIRON nor Polychrome suggests the cleanup guidelines are the appropriate basis for a site cleanup.

Polychrome Corporation, Yardville, NJ

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Table 1: NJDEP Informal ECRA Action Levels for Soil and Ground Water

Parameter	Soil	Ground Water
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPHCs)	100 ppm	1,000 ppb
Priority Pollutants:		
Acid Extractable Organics (AEs)	Case-by-case	50 ppb
Base/Neutral Extractable Organics (BNs)	10 ppm	Case-by-case
Pesticides	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)	1-5 ppm	0.001 ppb
Volatile Organics (VOCs)	l ppm	Case-by-case
Phenols	Case-by-case	3,500 ppb
Cyanide (CN)	12 ppm	200 ppb
Priority Pollutant Metals (PPMs)		•••
Antimony (Sb)	10 ppm	NA 50
Arsenic (As)	20 ppm	50 ppb
Beryllium (Be)	1 ppm	NA 10
Cadmium (Cd)	3 ppm	10 ppb
Chromium (Cr)	100 ppm	50 ppb 1,000 ppb
Copper (Cu)	170 ppm	50 ppb
Lead (Pb)	250-1,000 ppm	2 ppb
Mercury (Hg)	1 ppm 100 ppm	NA
Nickel (Ni)	4 ppm	10 ppb
Selenium (Se) Silver (Ag)	5 ppm	50 ppb
Thallium (T1)	5 ppm	NA NA
Zinc (Zn)	350 ppm	5,000 ppb
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAR	is) 10 ppm	50 ppb
Dioxins	NA	NA
Furans	NA	NA

ppm: Parts per million (mg/kg)
ppb: Parts per billion (ug/l)

NA: Not available as of August 28, 1989

AECs can be found in the Revised Sampling Plan, which was conditionally approved by NJDEP in a June 3, 1988 letter that identified two additional AECs. Implementation of this plan on August 1 and 2, 1988, involved the collection of a total of 30 soil samples from 12 borings and a storm sewer catch basin; one water sample from a sump; and two pipe insulation samples from the boiler room. Results of this sampling, including a Phase II Sampling Plan and Cleanup Plan, were submitted to NJDEP in September 1988. Subsequently, ENVIRON completed five hand auger borings in the wooded portion of the property. Results of this sampling were discussed in an addendum to the above report submitted in January 1989.

The Phase I sampling program identified TPHC and cadmium contamination in AECs 1 and 5, VOC and BN contamination in AEC 2, and elevated cadmium concentrations in all areas in the wooded portion of the site. In addition, soils underlying the interior trench were found to contain elevated levels of TPHCs, cadmium, arsenic, phenols, VOCs, and PCBs.

Based on these results and previous observations in AECs 2, 4, and 11, ENVIRON proposed remediation in these areas. In addition, ENVIRON proposed additional sampling in AEC 1 and in the wooded area to confirm Phase I results. The NJDEP, in its October 12, 1989 conditional approval letter, responded to the September 1988 results report, indicating that although the proposed soil sampling was generally acceptable, three monitoring wells should be installed to document ground water quality downgradient of the railroad siding.

ENVIRON implemented the NJDEP-amended Phase II sampling plan in December 1989 and January 1990, completing three monitoring wells, three hollow-stem auger borings, and six hand auger borings. Also, soils were excavated from AECs 2, 4, 10, 11 and 12.

#### B. Purpose and Scope

In this report ENVIRON presents the results from implementation of the Phase II Sampling Plan. The report discusses the methodologies used to collect samples, presents site-specific hydrogeological and analytical results of soil and ground water sampling, interprets these results in terms of ECRA action levels, and finally, recommends further action to satisfy ECRA requirements.

Table 3: Actual Sampling in Areas of Environmental Concern

Areas of Environmental Concern	Sampling Location	Number and Type of Samples per Location	Analyses
1	102, 103 104	Hollow-stem auger borings 3 Soil Samples  0.5 - 1.0 feet 2.5 - 3.0 feet 5.0 - 5.5 feet	Cadmium, TPHC
6	601	Surface Sample	Cadmium
6	602, 603 604, 605	Hand auger borings 3 Soil Samples • 0.0 - 0.5 feet • 1.5 - 2.0 feet • 3.0 - 3.5 feet	Cadmium
Background	BG01, BG02	Hand auger borings 2 Soil Samples • 0.0 - 0.5 feet • 2.0 - 2.5 feet	Cadmium
Background	MW2	Ground Water Sample	TPHC, VOC+15, BN+15, TDS, pH
5	MW3	Ground Water Sample	TPHC, VOC+15, BN+15, TDS, pH
Downgradient	MW4	Ground Water Sample	TPHC, VOC+15, BN+15, TDS, pH
2	201-PE01 through 201-PE04	Post-Excavation Samples  1.0 - 1.5 feet	VOC+15, BN+15
2	201-PE05	Post-Excavation Sample • 5.0 - 5.5 feet	VOC+15, BN+15
4	401-PE02 through 401-PE04	Post-Excavation Samples  1.0 - 1.5 feet	TPHC

Table 3: Actual Sampling in Areas of Environmental Concern (continued)

Areas of Environmental Concern	Sampling Location	Number and Type of Samples per Location	Analyses
4	401-PE01	Post-Excavation Sample  4.0 - 4.5 feet	TPHC
10	1001-PE01 through 1001-PE04	Post-Excavation Samples  ● 2.0 - 2.5 feet	TPHC, PCBs, VOC+15, phenols As, Cd
10	1001-PE05	Post-Excavation Sample  6.0 - 6.5 feet	TPHC, PCBs, VOC+15, phenols As, Cd
10	1002-PE01 through 1002-PE04	Post-Excavation Samples  ● 3.0 - 3.5 feet	TPHC, PCBs, VOC+15, phenols As, Cd
10	1002-PE05	Post-Excavation Sample 6.0 - 6.5 feet	TPHC, PCBs, VOC+15, phenols As, Cd
11	1101-PE01	Post-Excavation Sample  ● 0.5 - 1.0 feet	TPHC
2 and 4	401-WC01	Waste Classification Sample - Composite	TPHC, PCBs, Reactivity, RCRA Metals plus Cu and Zn
10	1001-WC01	Waste Classification Sample - Composite	TPHC, PCBs, Reactivity, RCRA Metals plus Cu and Zn, VOCs

two additional hand auger borings at locations recommended by NJDEP. Table 3 presents the sampling locations, actual sampling depths, and analyses performed. All hollow-stem auger borings were drilled by a driller on the staff of J. E. Fritts & Associates, Inc., using a Mobile B-61 rig.

As proposed, ENVIRON collected three samples from each boring in AEC 1. Since the water table was encountered at a depth of less than 6 feet, the depths of the deepest samples were revised.

Samples from the hand auger borings in AEC 6 and at background locations were collected from the proposed depths. Tier II data packages for these samples are provided as Volume II.

# B. Monitoring Well Installation and Sampling

The NJDEP required that at least two monitoring wells be installed downgradient of the railroad sidings and one monitoring well be installed upgradient of all AECs. The actual locations of these wells are shown on Plate 1 and were surveyed by James M. Stewart, Inc. These locations were based on a presumed northeasterly ground water flow direction and on the site configuration. Given the presumed flow direction, the area directly downgradient of the railroad siding is beneath the building. Thus, one of the downgradient monitoring wells was installed on the opposite side of the property.

Each monitoring well was drilled by a licensed driller on the staff of J. E. Fritts & Associates, using hollow-stem augers. These wells were drilled to depths of 10 to 15 feet and were constructed in accordance with NJDEP specifications for wells monitoring unconsolidated formations.

Two of the wells were constructed with 10 feet of screen set from about 2 feet above to 8 feet below the water table. The third well was constructed with 5 feet of screen because a potentially confining peat layer was encountered at this location.

These wells were developed on December 5, using a suction lift pump and also by manual bailing. Each well was developed for at least one hour, during which the water clarity improved moderately.

Each well was sampled on January 4, 1990 by ENVIRON using dedicated Teflon® bailers. Each well was purged of three well volumes, unless it purged dry, and was allowed to recover to within 2 feet of static water level. In accordance with the October 12, 1989 NJDEP letter, each well was sampled for TPHCs, BN+15, VOC+15, TDS and pH.

#### C. Soil Excavation

Soils were excavated from AECs 2, 4, 10, 11 and 12 in accordance with the NJDEP-approved Cleanup Plan. A backhoe was used to excavate soil from AECs 2, 4, and 11. Sediments accumulated in AEC 12 were removed manually. In AEC 10, two 10-foot sections of the trench were remediated. Borings 1001 and 1002, which were completed during the Phase I sampling program, were at the midpoint of these excavations. A ram-hoe was used to break the concrete flooring in the trench after a steel pipe was cut and removed. This pipe, which was 6 inches in diameter at Boring 1001 and 8 inches at Boring 1002, was used to convey cooling water to machinery. Soil was then excavated and staged in drums inside the flammable liquids storage building north of the warehouse.

#### D. Post-Excavation Sampling

Post-excavation samples were collected from each excavation, and analyzed for the proposed parameters, including those additional parameters required by NJDEP. Table 3 lists the actual sampling depths and analyses for each sample.

In AECs 2 and 10, four samples were collected from the walls of excavation, and one sample was obtained from the base of the excavation. Similarly, three sidewall and one floor sample was collected from AEC 4. One sample was collected from the excavation in AEC 11. Samples from AECs 2, 4 and 11 were collected using dedicated wood spatulas. Latex gloves were worn during sampling and were changed following the collection of each sample.

Samples from AEC 10 excavations were collected with a hand auger or a stainless steel ladle. Plate 2 shows the locations of each post-excavation sample in this AEC. These items were decontaminated using the NJDEP-recommended seven-step process. An equipment blank was collected to verify the effectiveness of the decontamination.

## III. HYDROGEOLOGICAL FINDINGS

#### A. Site Geology and Setting

The Polychrome Corporation facility is located in the Coastal Plain Physiographic Province in an area where Wisconsin-age stratified drift is the surficial deposit. The underlying formation is the Merchantville Clay, a black, glauconitic micaceous clay that is 50 to 60 feet thick. This formation rests disconformably on the Magothy Formation, which is composed of fine white sands and clays, with characteristic carbonized wood. The Raritan Formation underlies the Magothy but is geologically similar, and thus, the two formations are often referred to as one formation.

mean sea level. Surface water drainage is generally to the northwest, by a stream partially following the railroad siding. The small stream discharges into Back Creek to the north. This creek flows west to the Crosswicks Creek system, which flows southwest into the Delaware River. Approximately half of the property has been developed for industrial use. The remainder is wooded, with moderate to dense undergrowth.

The predominant sediment types at this facility are an orange-brown silty clay, often with gray mottles and gravel or sand, and a medium to coarse sand with up to 50% subrounded gravel. The gravelly sand is frequently interbedded with minor beds of fine silty sand. Black clayey silt was encountered at depths of 8.5 to 10.5 feet, beneath which is a gray-brown sandy silt. Geologic logs for the three wells and three borings installed at the site are provided in Attachment 1.

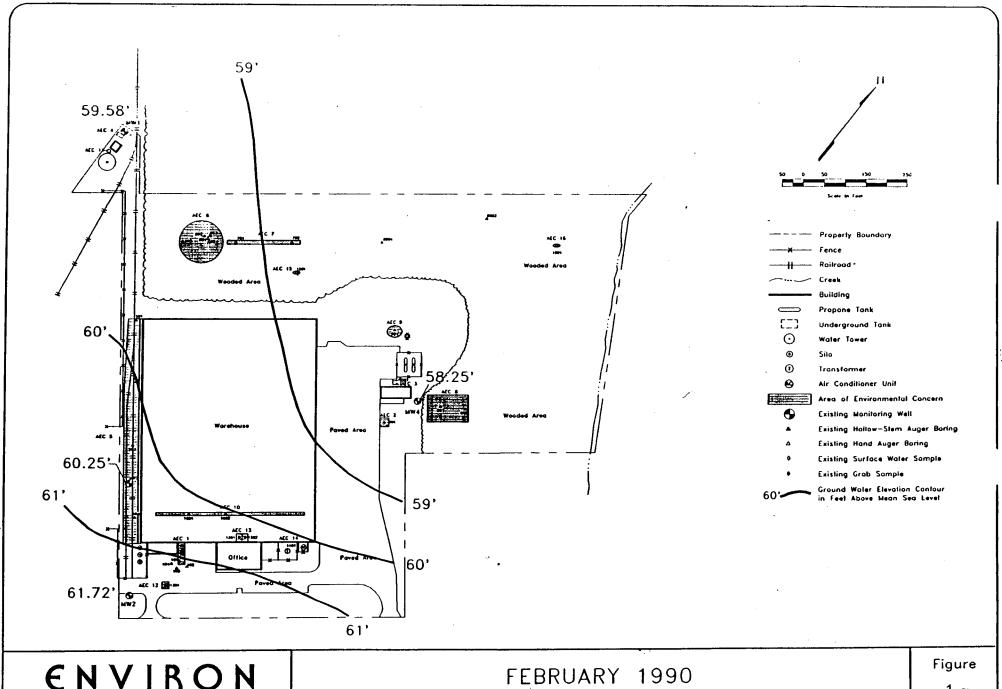
#### B. Regional Hydrogeology

The Polychrome facility is located in an area underlain by the Magothy and Raritan Formations, the principal aquifer used for drinking and industrial waters in the region. The coarse, well sorted sand lenses of the Raritan are particularly important for water supply purposes. These formations are isolated hydraulically from the surficial aquifer by the regionally extensive Merchantville Clay.

ENVIRON completed a search of wells within one-half mile of the Polychrome site, including well locations from the NJGS Case Index and water withdrawal points as provided by the Bureau of Water Allocation. No wells were identified within this radius. Attachment 2 provides the well records and radius printouts from NJDEP. As this printout indicates, the nearest water withdrawal point in the downgradient direction is more than three miles from the site.

#### C. Site Hydrogeology

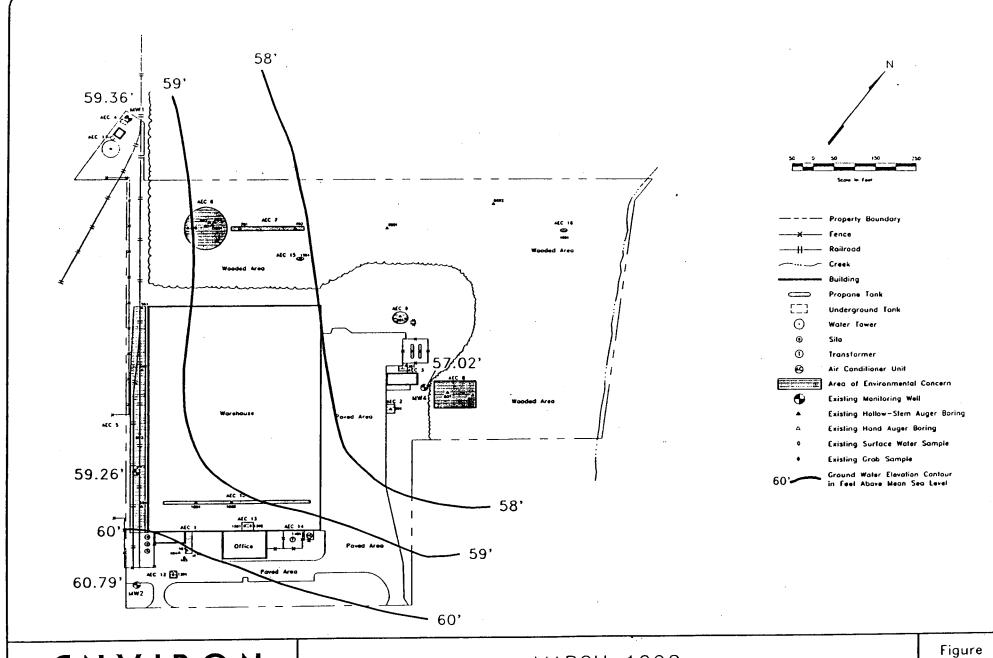
The four monitoring wells at this site are completed in a dense, sandy silt with minor amounts of clay, typical of the glacial stratified drift present at the surface throughout much of the region. These wells are screened above a micaceous silt layer encountered at 8 to 10 feet below grade, likely the upper surface of the Merchantville Clay Formation. Ground water elevations were measured at the four wells on February 5 and March 7, 1990. In addition, elevations were measured at MWs 2, 3, and 4 during ground water sampling on January 4, 1990; the lock on MWl could not be opened at that time, and thus was not measured.



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GROUND WATER ELEVATIONS AND CONTOURS

1 a



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MARCH 1990 GROUND WATER ELEVATIONS AND CONTOURS

1b

Table 4 provides elevations collected at these times. The February 5 and March 7 data are shown on Figures 1a and 1b, respectively. As these data indicate, the direction of ground water flow is to the north-northeast to north-northwest, with a gradient of about 0.005 feet/foot.

It is likely that the monitoring wells at this site are screened across the entire saturated thickness of the surficial aquifer. The Merchantville Clay was encountered during drilling of each well. The bottom of the well screen was set at the surface of the clay. It is also probable that this aquifer discharges to the nearest surface water body, Back Creek located approximately 1000 feet northeast of the downgradient property boundary. This creek flows west, then south, emptying into Gropp Lake in Yardville.

These ground water elevation data indicate that the direction of flow varies from north-northwest in the portion of the site beneath the warehouse to north-northeast in the area west of the warehouse. Flow direction in these areas may be affected by local recharge from two adjoining unpaved areas, the grass area bordering Route 130 and the railrand siding. Despite these localized variations, overall ground water flow is toward Back Creek.

Table 4: Ground Water Elevations

Monitoring Well	Date and Ground Water Elevation		
	January 4	February 5	March 7
MW1	_	59.58	59.36
MW 2	.60.78	61.72	60.79
MW3	60.48	60.25	59.26
MW4	56.57	58.25	57.02

609A:2074f

IV. PRESENTATION OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

#### A. Overview

Analytical results are discussed below in relation to informal ECRA guidance levels. This comparison is made only as an aid to presentation of the data, and neither ENVIRON nor Polychrome suggest that these levels are an appropriate basis for site remediation. Summarized laboratory data sheets are included as Attachment 3 whereas the complete Tier II data packages are provided as Volume 2.

#### B. AEC 1

Soil samples were collected from three soil borings in this AEC and analyzed for cadmium and TPHCs. The concentrations of these parameters in each of the nine soil samples are shown on Table 5.

As these data indicate, TPHC concentrations above 100 ppm are confined to the soil surface. Cadmium levels negligibly above 3 ppm are present at Borings 102 and 104 and do not exhibit a trend with depth.

Soil sampling results from AEC 1 from this phase of sampling demonstrate that TPHC contamination is confined to the soil surface. Although the 5.0-foot sample from Phase I Boring 101 was contaminated with TPHCs, it was collected from the auger flights, and thus may be inaccurate. Unlike TPHC levels, cadmium concentrations do not exhibit a trend with depth, indicating that this constituent is not present as a result of industrial activity. For example, cadmium levels at Boring 104 are minimally above 3 ppm and remain essentially unchanged from the surface to 5 feet. Thus, ENVIRON does not believe that cadmium

concentrations warrant remediation. In addition, ENVIRON does not believe that TPHC levels in this area require remediation. The levels are only slightly above 100 ppm and occur only at the surface. BNs or VOCs typically associated with petroleum products were not detected in any of the samples from Boring 101, installed in 1988. A more likely source of this minimal surficial contamination is the overlying macadam. Furthermore, the presence of paving prevents vertical migration of the TPHCs. Thus, ENVIRON does not believe remediation is appropriate in AEC 1.

#### C. AEC 6 and Background

Soil samples were collected from four hand auger borings and from one surface location in AEC 6 and analyzed for cadmium. No sample had a detectable concentration of cadmium. Similarly, cadmium levels in soil samples from the two background hand auger borings were also below method detection limits.

Previous sampling conducted in AECs 6, 7, 15 and 16, all located in the wooded portion of the property, identified cadmium in soils at concentrations between 6 and 58 parts per million (ppm).

ENVIRON discussed these apparently conflicting sets of data with representatives of Analytikem, the laboratory which performed the 1988 analyses. According to Analytikem, the 1988 results are erroneous and are from a period when cadmium concentrations were determined from two wavelengths which were subject to interferences from iron. The primary wavelength was as specified in the EPA Method, while the secondary wavelength was recommended by the instrument manufacturer. A letter from Analytikem to ENVIRON explaining this error is provided as Attachment 4.

Table 5: Cadmium and TPHC Concentrations in Soil Samples from AEC 1

Boring	102	103	104
······································	<u>Cadmium C</u>	oncentrations	
<u>Depth</u>		r	
0.5	ND	ND	3.1
2.5	3.7	ND	3.1
5.0	ND	2.8	3.2
	TPHC Co	ncentrations	
0.5	730	340	250
2.5	77	ND	ND
5.0	ND	35	ND

Notes: All concentrations are in part per million.

Depths provided are in feet to top of sampling interval.

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As a result of the iron interference, a tertiary wavelength has been added to the analytical protocol to avoid any further analytical misinterpretation. The Phase II results were verified using the tertiary wavelength, as described in this letter.

Based on its discussion with AnalytikEM and on the Phase II sampling results, ENVIRON believes that cadmium is not present above ECRA guidance levels in the wooded portion of the site. Thus, in ENVIRON's judgment, no further characterization of this area is necessary.

### D. Ground Water

As required by NJDEP, ground water samples were collected from MWs 2, 3, and 4 and analyzed for TPHCs, BN+15, VOC+15, TDS, and pH. TPHCs and BNs were not detected in these samples. Table 6 presents concentrations of VOCs in these wells. The Tier II data package is provided as Volume II.

The ground water results confirm conclusions based on the Phase I soil data from AEC 5, demonstrating that former waste oil disposal activities did not impact ground water quality in this area. Thus, in ENVIRON's judgment, no further characterization of AEC 5 is necessary.

In its October 12, 1989 letter, NJDEP requested details regarding the investigation into the existence of a drainage pit in AEC 5, the active railroad siding. In this request, NJDEP refers to this feature, depicted in an August 1965 engineering proposal for railroad track refurbishment and drainage system improvement, as the "existing drain and drainage pit". However, the engineering sketch actually depicts the "existing drain" as the small ditch that is still present between the

railroad and the property boundary. This existing ditch drains stormwater along the tracks to the northeast, where it discharges into Back Creek. No information has been provided to NJDEP which indicates that any of the proposed drainage system improvements were actually implemented. As previously reported to NJDEP, ENVIRON, during its many inspections of this property, has not been able to find any visible evidence that any of the proposed drainage system revisions have been constructed.

NJDEP has expressed concern that the proposed drainage pit, if installed, could have acted as a collection point for waste oil disposed on the railroad siding. This concern is not consistent with information provided regarding these disposal practices and with Phase I and Phase II data. As indicated in the SES, uncontrolled waste oil disposal occurred between 1961 and 1965. Afterwards, the area was remediated and new ballast was emplaced; the drainage proposal was prepared at this time. Waste oil disposal that subsequently occurred was to a much lesser degree, and in 1973 all oil-saturated ballast was again removed. Phase I soil sampling demonstrated that this disposal did not impact soils beneath the ballast. Thus, migration of oil to the alleged drainage pit would have been unlikely, as this would have impacted soil quality beneath the railroad tracks.

Ground water analyses from MW3, the monitoring well installed in the railroad siding, demonstrate that the former waste oil disposal practices in this area have not impacted ground water quality. Thus although ENVIRON has not conducted a subsurface investigation to verify the absence of this feature, ENVIRON believes that soil and ground water data

indicate that this pit, if installed, would have not been affected by the minimal amount of waste oil disposal that occurred after 1965. Thus, no further characterization in AEC 5 is proposed.

The ground water data indicate that the only well with detectable VOC concentrations is MW4, the well downgradient of the building and most areas of industrial activity. The only area at the site in which any of the VOCs at MW4 were detected is AEC 10, the interior floor trench. Tetrachloroethene and 1,1,1-trichloroethane were identified in the surface sample from Phase I Boring 1001. These compounds were also identified in several of the post-excavation samples from AEC 10 including the 6.0-foot sample from the Boring 1002 excavation. Polychrome did not use any of these compounds during its occupancy of this site. Although data from AEC 10 are limited, they suggest that the soils underlying the trench may be a source for the ground water contaminants at MW4. Discussions with Monsanto personnel regarding its activities during its ownership and operation of the site indicate that cooling water was circulated through this trench. During a 1987 inspection involving NJDEP personnel, small cracks in the concrete lining were observed. Recirculating cooling water may have leached the VOCs into the ground water via these damaged areas. It is possible that the remaining VOCs at MW4, trichloroethene and trans-1,2-dichloroethene, are degradation products of the tetrachloroethene.

### E. Post-Excavation Results

#### 1. AEC 2

observed a pile of absorbent material with a chemical odor.

Sampling conducted during the Phase I program identified one BN and several VOCs at concentrations exceeding 10 and 1 ppm, respectively. Five post-excavation samples were collected from AEC 2, four from the sidewalls at a depth immediately below the surficial gravel fill and the fifth from the excavation floor. Each of these samples was analyzed for BN+15 and VOC+15. One targeted BN, bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate was detected in three of these samples at concentrations from 49 to 110 ppb, all below method detection limits (MDLs). This compound is present most likely as a result of sample handling with latex gloves. Similarly, one targeted VOC, methylene chloride, was identified in only one sample at 660 ppb, below the MDL.

The forward library searches performed on these samples tentatively identified two VOCs and no BNs. One of the VOC TICs, 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane, is present most likely due to cross-contamination by foam packing materials. The other VOC TIC, acetone, was detected in one of the sidewall samples at an estimated concentration of 32 ppm. This compound was not detected in the Phase I samples from this area. Acetone was used during decontamination of sampling equipment and is likely present as a residue of that procedure. In ENVIRON's judgment, the

Polychrome Corporation, Yardville, NJ

ECRA Case No. 86122

Table 6: Concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds in Ground Water

Monitoring Well	voc	Concentration <sup>3</sup>
MW2	ND <sup>2</sup>	
MW3	ND	
MW4	Tetrachloroethene	250
••••	Trichloroethene	61
	Trans-1,2-dichloroethene	61
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	26

<sup>1</sup> MW1 not sampled per NJDEP recommendations

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None detected

<sup>3</sup> In micrograms per liter, i.e., parts per billion

post-excavation results indicate that the excavation conducted in AEC 2 effectively remediated the BN and VOC contamination in this area. However, at the time this excavation is backfilled, a confirmatory sample will be collected from the location where acetone was detected to verify that it is not present in soils at unacceptable levels.

### 2. AEC 4

A 2,000-gallon, No. 2 fuel oil storage tank was formerly present in AEC 4. This tank failed a Petro-Tite® test as a result of an improperly installed return line that was observed during tank removal in February 1986. One monitoring well has been installed in this area. Analytical results from this location indicate the presence of TPHCs in soils at a maximum concentration of 74 ppm, but none in ground water. Following the tank removal, post-excavation samples were collected. Each was analyzed for TPHCs and two were analyzed for BN+15. TPHCs were not detected in these samples. BNs were found at levels between 0.55 and 1.2 ppm. No soil was removed at this time.

About 10 cubic yards of soil was excavated from AEC 4 in February 1990. Four post-excavation samples were collected from this area and analyzed for TPHCs. Three of these samples were obtained from the sidewalls from a depth directly below the layer of surface vegetation. The fourth sample was collected from the excavation floor. TPHCs were detected in only one sample, at a

level of 330 ppm, collected from the side of the excavation adjacent to the aboveground tank pad. This minimally elevated TPHC concentration is isolated and, in ENVIRON's judgment, does not warrant further remediation. Additional excavation at this location would compromise the integrity of this pad. Second, previous sampling has confirmed that BNs are not associated with the TPHCs in this area. Last, the sample collected from the excavation floor did not contain detectable levels of TPHCs. Therefore, no further excavation is proposed in this area.

### 3. <u>AEC 10</u>

Five post-excavation samples were collected from each of the two excavations in AEC 10 and analyzed for TPHCs, VOC+15, PCBs, arsenic, cadmium and phenols. TPHCs, VOCs, PCBs and arsenic were identified at concentrations exceeding ECRA guidance levels. Plate 2 presents the concentrations of those parameters, and phenols, at each of the ten locations. TPHCs are present above 100 ppm at all of the locations. Cadmium was not identified at levels above 3 ppm, whereas arsenic was present slightly above 20 ppm at only two locations. Phenols were detected at all locations at concentrations between 2.2 and 110 ppm. PCBs were identified at all the locations at concentrations between 3.4 ppm and 872 ppm. The two Aroclors present at each location were Aroclor 1242, present at the higher concentration in each sample, and Aroclor 1254, present at much lower values, frequently below the MDL. Four VOCs were detected:

tetrachloroethene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, methylene chloride and toluene. VOC concentrations ranged from 220 ppb, below the ECRA action level, to 13,580 ppb. Although PCB contamination was consistently detected in these post-excavation samples, VOC contamination was detected sporadically at few locations.

The pattern of VOC and PCB contamination at the Boring 1001 excavation suggests that these contaminants attenuate with depth.

At Boring 1001, the total VOC concentration was lowest in the floor sample. Similarly, the PCB concentration in that floor sample was significantly less than three of the four sidewall samples.

Conversely, VOC and PCB concentrations at the Boring 1002 excavation increase with depth. The sample at the excavation floor was the only sample from this excavation with a VOC level above the ECRA action level. Similarly, the PCB level in that floor sample is greater than three of the four sidewall samples. The concentration of TPHCs is also greatest in that floor sample.

Currently available information regarding previous use of this trench does not indicate a mechanism to explain the marked increase in contaminant levels with depth at the Boring 1002 excavation. Also, contaminant levels in all samples collected from slightly beneath the building floor are similar to those collected from beneath the trench floor lining. This suggests that contamination may extend to some degree beneath the warehouse floor. These data also indicate that contamination extends beyond the maximum depth of excavation at both locations.

Information obtained thus far from discussions with former

Monsanto personnel on the use of this trench indicate that cooling

water for blow-molding machinery was circulated through the trench.

During excavation, reinforcing steel bars were encountered in the

cement trench floor. These bars extended into the sidewalls,

suggesting that the trench was lined with cement concurrent with the

installation of the building floor.

### 4. AEC 11

After several cubic feet of soil were removed from beneath the fill pipe for the aboveground fuel oil tank in this AEC, one post-excavation sample was collected for TPHC analysis. TPHCs were not detected in this sample, demonstrating that this excavation remediated the surficial staining and that no further work is needed in this area.

#### IV. ADDITIONAL PROPOSED SAMPLING

#### A. Ground Water

Based on its review of the Phase II data, ENVIRON believes that additional ground water sampling is necessary to define the extent of the VOC contamination detected at MW4. Two additional monitoring wells are proposed to delineate more fully the extent of this contamination. MW5 will be installed proximate to the building near the downgradient end of the interior trench to determine if the trench is the contaminant source area. MM6 will be installed about 100 feet downgradient of MW4 to determine the extent to which VOCs may have migrated in the downgradient direction. These wells will be constructed according to NJDEP recommendations for wells monitoring unconsolidated formations and will be screened at the surface of the Merchantville Clay. Ground water samples will be collected from MW2 through MW6 and analyzed for VOC+15. Additional analyses are not proposed because no other parameters were detected in ground water at unacceptable levels. Following review of the data, ENVIRON will evaluate the need for ground water remediation, or for additional soil remediation in AEC 10.

### B. AEC 10 and Building Interior

The post-excavation sampling data from AEC 10 indicate that Phase I and II soil sampling may not have defined the lateral and vertical extent of contamination. These data also suggests that contamination may extend beneath the building floor and along the length of the trench.

Therefore, ENVIRON believes that limited sampling of soils along the

proposed below is designed for screening purposes only, i.e., to determine whether the trench is the contaminant source area and if the contamination has impacted soils beyond the confines of the trench. Should this sampling identify additional areas of contamination, further sampling may be proposed. Plate 3 shows the locations of all proposed sampling. Table 7 lists the proposed sampling locations, depths and analyses.

One boring will be installed at each end of the trench. borings, Borings 1003 and 1004, will be drilled to the water table or to the surface of the Merchantville Clay, whichever is encountered first, to verify the lateral and vertical extent of contamination. Continuous split spoons will be collected to document soil conditions and the depth to the surface of the Merchantville Clay. Three soil samples will be taken at each boring: from the soil surface, from immediately above the water table if encountered above the Merchantville Clay, and from an intermediate depth. These samples will be analyzed for TPHCs and PCBs. ENVIRON proposes these parameters for screening purposes and will assume that intervals contaminated with these compounds also contain elevated concentrations of the other constituents previously detected in AEC 10, e.g., VOCs, arsenic and phenolics. ENVIRON believes that PCB levels will drive any further remediation that may be required. However, ENVIRON will screen these samples with a PID to determine qualitatively the presence of VOCs.

ENVIRON also proposes to install four borings through the floor to determine whether contamination has migrated beyond the sides of the trench. Three of these borings, Borings 1005, 1006 and 1007, will be

Table 7: Proposed Sampling in Vicinity of AEC 10

Area of Environmental Concern	Sampling Location	Number and Type of Samples per Location	Analyses
10	1003, 1004	Hollow-Stem Auger Borings 3 Soil Samples • 1.0-1.5 feet • 4.5-5.0 feet • 7.5-8.0 feet	TPHCs, PCBs
10	1005, 1006, 1007	Hollow-Stem Auger Borings 3 Soil Samples • 1.0-1.5 feet • 3.0-3.5 feet • 6.0-6.5 feet	TPHCs, PCBs
10	MW2-MW6	Ground Water Samples	VOCs

Note: Proposed sampling depths for borings are based on assumed floor thickness of 1 foot and depth to ground water of 8 feet. Actual sampling depths may be different based on conditions encountered during sampling.

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completed at the Boring 1002 excavation, where surface PCB levels were higher. Two of these borings will be installed about 3 feet from either side of the trench and the third, ten feet from the trench. Soil samples will be collected from three depths: the soil surface, the level of the trench floor and the level of the excavation floor. The last boring, Boring 1008, will be installed near Boring 1004, located at the downgradient end of the trench. The sampling depths at this location will be similar to those at Boring 1005. All samples from these borings will be analyzed for TPHCs and PCBs.

ENVIRON and Polychrome are proceeding with the above proposed interior sampling to expedite evaluation of potential remediation plans and contaminant delineation. Results of this at-peril sampling will be submitted to NJDEP following internal review.

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ATTACHMENT 1

### Polychrome, Yardville, NJ

Boring No. 102

## Geologic Log

0.0 - 0.5' Asphalt and stone fill

0.5 - 1.0' Gray and light brown silty clay

1.0 - 5.0' Orange brown silty clay with gray-brown sandy zones

### **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-stem auger

Rig: Mobile B-61

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: December 4, 1989 Plugging Material: Cuttings

### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	1 - 3' bgs	5, 5, 7, 8	140 lbs.	24"
2	3 - 5' bgs	8, 12, 18, 21	140 lbs.	6"
3	4 - 6' bgs	6, 8, 9, 8	140 lbs.	12"

### Samples Collected

Sample ID No.	Date	Analyses	Depth
609A-0102-SB01 609A-0102-SB02	12/4/89 12/4/89	TPHCs, Cd	0.5-1.0 2.0-2.5
609A-0102-SB03	12/4/89	TPHCs. Cd	4.5-5.0

Polychrome, Yardville, h

Boring No. 103

# Geologic Log

0.0 - 0.5 Asphalt and stone fill

0.5 - 6.0 Orange-brown and gray silty clay, minor sand

# **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-stem auger

Rig: Mobile B-61

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: December 4, 1989 Plugging Material: Cuttings

## Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1 2	1 - 3' bgs 4 - 6' bgs	5, 5, 10, 11 6, 6, 6, 9	140 lbs.	24"

## Samples Collected

Sample ID No.	Date	<u>Analyses</u>	Depth
609A-0103-SB01	12/4/89	TPHCs, Cd	0.5-1.0
609A-0103-SB02	12/4/89	TPHCs, Cd	2.5-3.0
609A-0103-SB03	12/4/89	TPHCs, Cd	5.0-5.5

Polychrome, Yardville, NJ

Boring No. 104

### Geologic Log

0.0 - 0.5' Asphalt and stone fill.

0.5 - 5.5' Orange-brown and gray silty clay

### **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-stem auger

Rig: Mobile B-61

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: December 4, 1989 Plugging Material: Cuttings

### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	1 - 3' bgs	6, 5, 11, 13	140 lbs.	24"

### Samples Collected

	Sample ID No.	Date	Analyses	<u>Depth</u>
,	609A-0104-SB01	12/4/89	TPHCs, Cd	0.5-1.0
	609A-0104-SB02 609A-0104-SB03	12/4/89	TPHCs, Cd	2.5-3.0 5.0-5.5

MONITORING WEI CARTIFICATION - FORM A - AS-BU CERTIFICATION

(One form must be completed for each well)

Name of Permittee:	Polychrome Corporation	
Name of Facility:	Polychrome Corporation	
Location:	584 Route 130 Yardville,	NJ
NJPDES Permit No:	none	
·		
CERTIFICATION		
Well Permit Number (As	assigned by NJDEP's Well	
Drilling Permits Sec	tion (609-984-6831)):	2 8 - 2 4 4 4 0- 3
Owner's Well Number (A	s shown on the	
application or plans	<b>):</b>	MW2
Well Completion Date:		12/5/89
Distance from Top of C	asing (cap off) to	
Ground Surface (one-	hundredth of a foot):	2.54
Total Depth of Well (or	ne-hundredth of a foot):	16.96
Depth to Top of Screen	from Top of Casing	
(one-hundredth of a	foot):	6.96
Screen Length (feet): .		10
Screen or Slot Size:	•	No. 20 slot
Screen or Slot Materia	1:	PVC
	Steel or Other-Specify):	PVC
Casing Diameter (inches	a):	4
Static Water Level from	m Top of Casing at the Time	4
of Installation (one	-hundredth of a foot):	7 20
Yield (gallons per min	-nundred in or a root.):	7.38
Length of Time Well Pu	utej: mod om Poilod	1.5
Lithologic Log:	mped or bailed	1 Hour
Tremotogic rog;		Attach
sonally examined and and document and all attached individuals immediately lieve the submitted in aware that there are so	y of law that, where applica d on the reverse of this pag m familiar with the informat hments, and that, based on m y responsible for obtaining formation is true, accurate ignificant penalties for sub ssibility of fine and impris	e, that I have per- ion submitted in this y inquiry of those the information, I be- and complete. I am mitting false informa-
Bruce O. Highee Name (Type or		Mughu
# 1226		
Certification or L	icansa No	CEAT .
der dar a data da	rcense no.	SEAL
	•	
Certification by Es	Kecutive Officer or Duly Aut	horized Representative
William Km Name (Type or	Print) Williams	ignature
Staff Goole	gist <u>ma</u>	ch 23, 1990

Polychrome, Yardville, NJ

Monitoring Well No. 2

Permit No. 28-24440-1

Borehole Elevation: 65.89

Top-of-casing Elevation: 68.16

### Geologic Log

0.0 - 3.5' Brown silty medium sand, minor subrounded quartz gravel and cobbles

3.5 - 4.5' Silty sand with angular gravel

4.5 - 6.8' Orange-brown silty sand with gray-brown leached zones

6.8 - 8.5' Gray-brown clayey silt

8.5 - 14.0' Black clayey silt

14.0 - 15.0' Gray-brown sandy silt, wet

### **Drilling Specifications**

Drilling Method: Hollow-stem auger

Rig: Mobile B-61

Driller/License No.: Bruce Higbee, #1226

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: December 5, 1989

## Monitoring Well Specifications

•	Depth	Material/Type	<u>Diamete</u> r	Cap
Protective casing	3' bgs - 2' ags	Steel Schedule 40	8 in.	Steel locking cap
Inner casing	2' ags 5' bgs	PVC Schedule 40	4 in.	PVC vented cap
Screen	5' bgs - 15' bgs	PVC No. 20 slot	4 in.	PVC end cap
Grout	0' ags - 3' bgs	Bentonite - cement		-
Bentonite seal	3' bgs - 4' bgs	Pellets		-
Sand pack	4' bgs - 15' bgs			-

bgs = below ground surface, ags = above ground surface

### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Depth	Blow Counts	<u>Hammer</u>	Recovery
1 2	5 - 7' bgs 8 - 10' bgs	9, 11, 11, 13 5, 8, 9, 14	140 lb. 140 lb.	24" 24"
3	13 - 15' bgs	6, 7, 10, 15	140 1ь.	24"

### <u>Observations</u>

Development time: 1.5 hours
Estimated yield: 1 gallon/hour

# THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS/HER AGENT

GROUND WATER MONITORING WELL CERTIFICATION-FO	RM B-LOCATION CERTIFICATION
Name of Permittee: Name of Facility: Location: NJPDES Permit No:  Dolychrome Sam Sam NA NA NA	Corporation e Yardville, NJ
LAND SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION Well Permit Number (As assigned by NJDEP's Water Allocation Section, (609-984-6831): This number must be permanently affixed to the well casing.	28244401
Longitude (one-tenth of a second): Latitude (one tenth of a second): Elevation of Top of Casing (cap off)   (one-hundredth of a foot): Owner's Well Number (As shown on the application or plans):	West 74°39'21.67" North40°11'14.74"  68.16  MW-2
AUTHENTICATION I certify under penalty of law that I have perfamiliar with the information submitted in the attachments, and that, based on my inquiry of immediately responsible for obtaining the information is true, accurate and of there are significant penalties for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprison	those individuals ormation, I believe the omplete. I am aware that of false information,
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S SIGNATURE	
James M. Stewart  PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S NAME  (Please print or type)	SEAL
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S LICENSE	
The Department reserves the right in cases of specified ground water limits or Ground Water (N.J.A.C. 7:9-6.1 et seq.) to require that we accuracy of one-hundredth of a second latitue shall not be considered to be a major modified	ells be resurveyed to an els and longitude. This

MONITORING WE \_\_ERTIFICATION - FORM A - AS-BU \_\_CERTIFICATION (One form must be completed for each well)

wame or termirres:	Polychrome Corporation	·
Name of Facility:	Polychrome Corporation	
Location:	584 Route 130 Yardville,	NJ -
NJPDES Permit No:	none	
CERTIFICATION		
Well Permit Number (As	assigned by NJDEP's Well	
Drilling Permits Sec	tion (609-984-6831)):	2 8 - 2 4 4 4 1 - 9
Owner's Well Number (A	s shown on the	
application or plans	):	MW3
Well Completion Date:	,	12/4/89
Distance from Top of C	asing (cap off) to	
Ground Surface (one-	hundredth of a foot):	0.40
Total Depth of Well (o	ne-hundredth of a foot):	13.06
Depth to Top of Screen	from Top of Casing	
(one-hundredth of a	foot):	3.06
Screen Length (feet):		10
Screen or Slot Size:	-	No. 20 slot
Screen or Slot Materia	1:	PVC
	Steel or Other-Specify):	PVC
Casing Diameter (inche	e).	4
	m Top of Casing at the Time	
of Installation (one	-hundredth of a foot):	1 40
Yield (gallons per min	-nundredth of a root):	1.48 1.5
Length of Time Well Pu	med on Poiled	
Lithologic Log:	mped of balled	1 Hour
Dienotogic Log.		Attach
quirements as specifie sonally examined and a document and all attac individuals immediatel lieve the submitted in aware that there are s	y of law that, where applicated on the reverse of this pays m familiar with the information has, and that, based on a y responsible for obtaining formation is true, accurate ignificant penalties for subscibility of fine and imprison	ge, that I have per- tion submitted in this my inquiry of those the information, I be- and complete. I am- positting false informa-
Bruce O. Highee Name (Type or	Print)	A Tigher Signature
# 1226 Certification or L	icense No.	SEAL
Certification by E	xecutive Officer or Duly Au	thorized Representative
William Ka	Print) Willy	Signature
Staff Gool	logist man	23,1990

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Polychrome, Yardville, NJ

Monitoring Well No. 3

Permit No. 28-24441-9

Borehole Elevation: 61.87

Fop-of-casing Elevation: 61.96

## Geologic Log

0.0 - 1.0' Crushed stone, wet

1.0 - 7.0' Orange-brown sandy silt, minor clay

7.0 - 13.0' Gray silty clay

### Drilling Specifications

Drilling Method: Hollow-stem auger

Rig: Mobile B-61

Driller/License No.: Bruce Highee, #1226.

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: December 4, 1989

### Monitoring Well Specifications

,	Depth	Material/Type	Diameter	Cap
Protective Casing	Flushmount	Steel	8 in.	Steel locking
Inner casing	0' ags - 3' bgs	PVC Schedule 40	4 in.	PVC vented cap
Screen	3' bgs - 13' bgs	PVC No. 20 slot	4 in.	PVC end cap
Grout	0' ags - 1' bgs	Bentonite - cement		
Bentonite seal		Pellets		·
Sand pack	2' bgs - 13' bgs			

bgs = below ground surface, ags = above ground surface

### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.		De	pth	Blow Counts	Hammer	Recovery
1	5	_	7' bgs	8, 6, 9, 15	140 lbs.	0"
2			9' bgs	7, 9, 8, 11	140 lbs.	0''

### Observations |

Development time: 1.5 hours

Estimated yield: 1.5 gallons/hour

# THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS/HER AGENT

GROUND WATER MONITORING WELL CERTIFICATION-FOR	RM B-LOCATION CERTIFICATION
Name of Permittee: Palychrame Name of Facility: Same	Corporation
Location: 584 house [3	O Yardville No
NJPDES Permit No:	O, THE GOTTE, TO
NJPDES PREMIT NO:	•
LAND SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION	
Well Permit Number (As assigned by NJDEP's Water Allocation Section, (609-984-6831): This number must be permanently affixed to	28244419
the well casing.	·
	West 74°39'23.94" -
Longitude (one-tenth of a second):	West 74 39 23.94 -
Latitude (one tenth of a second):	North40°11'16.85"
Elevation of Top of Casing (cap off)	
(one-hundredth of a foot):	61.96
Owner's Well Number (As shown on the	
application or plans):	MW-3
appeaudion of grand,	•
AUTHENTICATION	
I certify under penalty of law that I have perfamiliar with the information submitted in the attachments, and that, based on my inquiry of immediately responsible for obtaining the information is true, accurate and continuous there are significant penalties for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprison	those individuals ormation, I believe the omplete. I am aware that g false information,
	•
Jam m Jak	•
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S SIGNATURE	
	•
	••
. James M. Stevart	SEAL
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S NAME	
(Please print or type)	
(Frage brine or elbe)	
•	•
26108	
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S LICENSE	
The Department reserves the right in cases of specified ground water limits or Ground Water (N.J.A.C. 7:9-6.1 et seq.) to require that we accuracy of one-hundredth of a second latitud shall not be considered to be a major modific	ouality Standards

MONITORING WE' RTIFICATION - FORM A - AS-BU JERTIFICATION

(One form must be completed for each well)

Name of Permittee:	Polychrome Corporation	
Name of Facility:	Polychrome Corporation	
Location:	584 Route 130 Yardville,	NJ
NJPDES Permit No:	none	
CERTIFICATION Well Permit Number (As Drilling Permits Sec Owner's Well Number (As application or plans Well Completion Date: Distance from Top of Ca Ground Surface (one- Total Depth of Well (on Depth to Top of Screen (one-hundredth of a secreen Length (feet): Screen or Slot Size: Screen or Slot Material Casing Material (PVC, Scasing Diameter (inches Static Water Level from of Installation (one- Yield (gallons per minu Length of Time Well Pum	assigned by NJDEP's Well tion (609-984-6831)): s shown on the ): asing (cap off) to hundredth of a foot): ne-hundredth of a foot): from Top of Casing foot):  1: Steel or Other-Specify): 3): Top of Casing at the Time -hundredth of a foot): 1te):	NJ  2 8 - 2 4 4 4 2- 7  MW4  12/4/89  2.58  11.44  6.44  5  No. 20 slot  PVC  PVC  4  8.44  0.5  1 Hour
Length of Time Well Pun	ite): med or Railed	
Lithologic Log:	sped or balled	Attach
sonally examined and and document and all attach individuals immediately lieve the submitted infaware that there are si	of law that, where applical on the reverse of this page familiar with the information of the formation of the formation of the formation of the formation is true, accurate a gnificant penalties for substibility of fine and imprise	e, that I have per- ion submitted in this y inquiry of those the information, I be- and complete. I am
_		D-
Name (Type or	Print) S	ignature Justine
# 1226 Certification or Li	cense No.	SEAL.
Certification by Ex	ecutive Officer or Duly Auth	norized Representative
William Kra Name (Type or	Print) Willia	ignature
Staff Geold	gist marc	De 23, 1990

7065A:2093f/022290

Polychrome, Yardville, NJ

Monitoring Well No. 4

Permit No. 28-24442-7

Borehole Elevation: 63.20

Top-of-casing Elevation: 65.01

### Geologic Log

0.0 - 2.0' Loose yellow-brown silty sand

2.0 - 9.5' Orange-brown fine to medium silty sand, minor subrounded gravel,

wet at 6 feet

9.5 - 10.5' Orange clayey silt, dry

10.5 - 12.0' Black silt

## Drilling Specifications

Drilling Method: Hollow-stem auger

Rig: Mobile B-61

Driller/License No.: Bruce Higbee, #1226

Drilling Company: J.E. Fritts & Associates, Inc.

Date Drilled: December 4, 1989

### Monitoring Well Specifications

•	Depth	<u>Material/Type</u>	<u>Diamete</u> r	Cap
Protective casing Inner casing Screen Grout Bentonite seal	2' ags - 5' bgs 5' bgs - 10' bgs 0' ags - 3' bgs 3' bgs - 4' bgs	PVC No. 20 slot Bentonite - cement Pellets	8 in. 4 in. 4 in.	Steel locking cap PVC vented cap PVC end cap
Sand pack	4' bgs - 10' bgs	No. 2 Well sand	·	

bgs = below ground surface, ags = above ground surface

### Split Spoons

Split Spoon No.	Dept	<u>h</u>	Blow Counts		Hammer	Recovery
. 1	5 -	7' bgs	12, 13, 12,	. 12	140 lbs.	. 18"
2	10 - 1	•	5, 6, 7	-	140 1bs	

### **Observations**

Development time: 1.5 hours

Estimated yield: .5 gallon/hour

# THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS/HER AGENT

GROUND WATER MONITORING WELL CERTIFICATION-FO	RM B-LOCATION CERTIFICATION
Name of Permittee:  Name of Facility:  Location:  NJPDES Permit No:  NA  Polychrome  Same  NA  NA	
LAND SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION Well Permit Number (As assigned by NJDEP's Water Allocation Section, (609-984-6831): This number must be permanently affixed to the well casing.	25244427
Longitude (one-tenth of a second): Latitude (one tenth of a second): Elevation of Top of Casing (cap off)   (one-hundredth of a foot): Owner's Well Number (As shown on the application or plans):	West 74°39'18.62" . North 40°11'22.36"
AUTHENTICATION I certify under penalty of law that I have perfamiliar with the information submitted in the attachments, and that, based on my inquiry of immediately responsible for obtaining the information is true, accurate and continued are significant penalties for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable.   August Mannes of the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting including the possibility of fine and imprisonable for submitting the possibility of	those individuals ormation, I believe the omplete. I am aware that q false information,
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S SIGNATURE  James M. Stewart  PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S NAME  (Please print or type)	SEAL
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S LICENSE	
The Department reserves the right in cases of specified ground water limits or Ground Water (N.J.A.C. 7:9-6.1 et seq.) to require that we accuracy of one-hundredth of a second latitud shall not be considered to be a major modific	: Quality Standards ells be resurveyed to an le and longitude. This

ATTACHMENT 2

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HANDEX CORP., 703 Ginesi Drive, Morganville, New Jersey 07751 (201) 536-8500

	G LOG		nnlication N	0 Permit No. 28_15075
Date Di	111ed <u>4</u>	/5/85	Couni	V Mercer     Se monitor
ocallo	[] <u>Sou</u>	<u>tn broad and</u>	<u>Lakeside</u>	e. <u>!ardville, New Jersey</u>
wner .	She	11 Oil Compa	ny	Address West Orange, New Jersey
	Method	solid	augers	Sampling Methodcuttings
asing	aiiititi . ''		<u> </u>	Total Depth 16'
Type	é	PVC Schedule	: 40	Diameter 4" Length 6'
<b>T</b> VO	e	PVC Schedule	40	Slot 20 Diameter 4" Length 10'
Static V	Vater Lev	vel	1	Casing Seal <u>bentonite</u> Geologic Formation
DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6" ON SAMPLER	WELL DESIGN	IDENTIFICATION OF SOILS/REMARKS
			Casing	0'-4' Brown medium to fine SAND, little medium to fine gravel, little- silt
				4'-11' Dark brown medium to fine SAND, some coarse to fine gravel, little silt
10'			Screen	11'-14' Orange brown medium to fine SAND, trace- silt
			1 1	NOTE: Gasoline odor at 11'
	·		Well	14'-19' Light brown coarse to fine SAND, little- medium to fine gravel, trace- silt
<b>.</b>	_			NOTE: Occasional 1/4" clay stringer
20'			_	19' White silty CLAY
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30'				·
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<b>,</b>				
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}				



HANDEX CORP., 703 Ginesi Drive, Morganville, New Jersey 07751 (201) 536-8500

ORING Vell No.		11 _ <b>A</b> DO	olication No.	Permit No. <u>28–15076</u>
Naka Dail	16d //	5/05	County	Mercer USEUSE
ocation	Sou	th Broad and	<u>Lakeside</u>	Yardville, New Jersey Address West Orange, New Jersey
wner _	Shel	1 Oil Compan solid	AUGETS	Sampling Method split spoon
nle Dia	meter	30114	8"	Total Depth16'
asing: Type		VC Schedule	40	Diameter 4" Length 6'
créén Type	P	VC Schedule	40	Slot 20 Diameter 4" Length 10' Casing Seal bentonite
Gravel P	ack Size	#1		Geologic Formation
tatic w	aler Lev	el		dooregre / or name of
DEPTH BELOW	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6" ON SAMPLER	WELL DESIGN	IDENTIFICATION OF SOILS/REMARKS
SURPACE				O'-3'6" Brown medium to fine SAND, little+ coarse to fine gravel, little+ silt, FILLconcrete
			Casing	3'5"-5' Dark grey medium to fine SAND, little+ medium
			5	to fine gravel, little silt
-				5'-6' Light brown medium to fine SAND, little+ medium to fine gravel, trace silt
,	S-la	9'-10'		6'-9' Tan grey medium to fine SAND, trace gravel,
10'	S-1b	10'-11'	Screen	trace silt 9'-10'6" Tan medium to fine SAND, trace silt
	S-2	11'-13'	Scr	10'6"-11' Tan medium GRAVEL and medium to fine SAND
			We11	11'-13' Tan medium to fine SAND, laminated, little silt (seams)
				SITE (SCOLL)
				13'-19' Orange tan medium to fine SAND, water saturated
20'			_	saturateu
		-	-	
	-		_	
<b>'</b>   .			4	
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30'			-	
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<b>'</b>			7	

ATTACHMENT 3

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## General Chemistry

## Sample Designation

Parameter	Method Blank	A20914-1 609A MW02 GW01	A20914-2 609A MW03 GW01
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, by IR pH, units Total Dissolved Solids	1,000 U  10,000 U	1,000 U 5.2 110,000	1,000 U 3.8 190,000
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

### Sample Designation

Parameter	A20914-3 609A MW04 GW01	A20914-4 609A MW02 WB01	A20914-5 609A 0606 SB01
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, by IR	1,000 U	1,000 U	NR
pH, units	6.2	NR	NR
Total Solids	NR	NR	75
Total Dissolved Solids	150,000	NR	NR
Units	(110/1)	(110/1)	(7)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

Metals

Sample Designation

 Parameter
 Method 609A 0606 5801

 Cadmium, total
 1,000 U
 1,300 U

 Units
 (ug/kg)
 (ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

No nontargetted compounds were detected in the following samples:

Volatile Method Blank 1 Volatile Method Blank 2 Semivolatile Method Blank

A20914-1 609A MW02 GW01 A20914-6 609A 0104 TB01

AnalytiKEM Designation A20914-2

Client Designation 609A MW03 GW01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/l)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	602	8.6

AnalytiKEM Designation A20914-3

Client Designation 609A MW04 GW01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Estimated Concentration Number (ug/1)		
·	Unknown Compound	VOA	307	38	

AnalytiKEM Designation A20914-4

Client Designation 609A MW02 WB01

<u>@</u>				Estimated
CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Concentration (ug/1)
67-64-1	2-Propanone (Acetone)	VOA	263	7.1
	None Detected	BNA	-	

Note: Estimated concentration is calculated against the nearest eluting internal standard.

# Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics - Base Neutrals

# Sample Designation

Parameter	Method Blank	A20914- 609A MW GW01		A20914-2 609A MW03 GW01	A209 609A GW01	14-3 MW04	A209 609A WB01	14-4 MW02
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	10 U	10 t	Ī	10 U	10	ប		••
Bis(2-chloroethy1) Ether	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	Ŭ
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10 U	10 U	,	10 U	10	U	10	Ŭ
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	IJ	10	U 
l,2-Dichlorobenzene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	U •••
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	10. U	10 U		10 U	10	IJ	10 10	U
Hexachloroethane	10 U	10 U		10 U	. 10	IJ	10	U
Nitrobenzene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	ប	10	U U
Isophorone	10: U	10 U	Ì	10 U	10	Ü	10	_
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ü	10	U U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10 U	10 ປ	•	10 U	10	Ü	10	บ
Naphthalene	10 U	10 U	i	10 ປ	10	บ	10	U
Hexachlorobutadiene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ü	10	U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10 U	10 U	!	10 U	10	U	10	. II
2-Chloronaphthalene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ü	. 10	U
Dimethyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ū	10	U
Acenaphthylene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	U
Acenaphthene	10 U	10 ប្		10 U	10	Ü	10	U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	บ	10	ซ
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ū	10	Ü
Diethyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ū	14	Ü
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ü	10	U
Fluorene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ü	10	บ
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	10 U.	10 ປ		10 U	10	Ū	10	Ü
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	ŭ
Hexachlorobenzene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	Ü
Phenanthrene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	<b>U</b> .	10	Ü
Anthracene	10 U	10 ປ		10 U	10	U	10	Ü
Dibutyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	Ū
Fluoranthene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U ·	10	
Benzidine	100 ប	100 U		100 U	100	Ŭ	10	U
Pyrene	10 U	10 U		10 U	100	ŭ	100 10	U
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	บ	10	U U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	20 U	20 U		20 U	20	บ	20	Ŭ
Benzo(a)anthracene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ü	10	U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	10 U	1.2 J		10 U	4.0		2.9	-
Chrysene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ŭ	10	U U
Dioctyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U	•	10 U	10	บ	10	U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	Ü	10	_
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	ŭ	10	U
Benzo(a)pyrene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	U
<pre>Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene</pre>	10 U	10 U		10 U	1.0	U	10	U U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	U	10	U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10 U	10 U		10 U	10	ប	10	Ü
Units	(ug/l)	(ug/1)		(ug/l)	(ug/1	)	(ug/1	)

Test Report No. A2 Page 13

## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## Volatile Organics

## Sample Designation

Parameter	Method Blank 2	A20914-2 609A MW03 GW01	A20914-3 609A MW04 GW01	A20914-4 609A MW02 WB01
Chloromethane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Bromomethane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Vinyl Chloride	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Methylene Chloride	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 U	<b>61</b> .	10 U
Chloroform	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U	26	10 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Bromodichloromethane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Trichloroethene	10 U	10 U	<b>61</b> .	10 U
Dibromochloromethane	10 U	10 Ü	10 U	10 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Benzene	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 . บ	10 U	10 U	10 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Bromoform	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Tetrachloroethene	10 · U	10 U	250:	10 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Toluene	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chlorobenzene	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Ethylbenzene	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
m-Xylene	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
o,p-Xylene	10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/l)	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

Test Report No. A. ...4 Page 12

### VIII. Analytical Results

## Volatile Organics

Parameter	Method Blank 1	A20914-1 609A MW02 GW01	A20914-6 609A 0104 TB01
Chloromethane	10 ປ	10 U	10 U
Bromomethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Vinyl Chloride	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Methylene Chloride	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chloroform	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	10 U	10 U	10 U
Bromodichloromethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	10 U	10 U	10 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Trichloroethene	10 U	10 U	10. U
Dibromochloromethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Benzene	10 U	10 U	10 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 U	10 U	10 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	10 σ	10 U .	10 U
Bromoform	10 U	10 U	10 U
Tetrachloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Toluene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chlorobenzene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Ethylbenzene	10 U	10 U	10 U
m-Xylene	10 U	10 U	10 U
o,p-Xylene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

#### Metals

#### Parameter

Sample Desi	gnatio	<u>n</u>		Cadmium,	total
Method Blar	ık			1,000	U
A20770-1	609A	0602	SBO1		Ū
A20770-2	609A	0602	SBO2	1,100	
A20770-3	609A	0602	SB03	1,200	
A20770-4	609A	0603	SB01		Ŭ
A20770-5	609A	0603	SBO2		Ū
A20770-6	609A	0603	SB03	-	Ü
A20770-7	609A	0604	SB01		บ
A20770-8	609A	0604	SB02	1,100	
A20770-9	609A	0604	SB03	•	Ū
A20770-10	609A	0605	SB01	1,200	
A20770-11	609A	0605	SB02	•	Ü
A20770-12	609A	0605	SB03		Ü
A20770-13	609A	BG01	SB01	•	Ŭ
A20770-14	609A	BG01	SB02		Ü
A20770-15	609A	BG03	SB01		Ü
A20770-16	609A	BG02	SB02	•	Ü
A20770-17	Field	Blank		10	บ *
	609A	0603	WB01	10	0
Units		•		(ug/kg	dw)

\* (ug/1)

## III. Summary of Analytical Results

The following is a summary of the total constituents identified in the samples. All results are rounded to two significant figures.

	Parameter
Sample Designation	Cadmium, total
A20749-1 609A-102 SB01 A20749-2 609A-0102 SB02 A20749-3 609A-0102 SB03 A20749-4 609A-103 SB01 A20749-5 609A-0103 SB02 A20749-6 609A-0103 SB03 A20749-7 609A-0104 SB01 A20749-8 609A-0104 SB02 A20749-9 609A-0104 SB03	ND 3,700 2,600 J 1,900 J 1,700 J 2,800 — 3,100 3,100 3,200
Units	(ug/kg dw)

Sample Designation	Hydrocarbons, by IR
A20749-1 609A-102 SB01 A20749-2 609A-0102 SB02 A20749-3 609A-0102 SB03 A20749-4 609A-103 SB01 A20749-5 609A-0103 SB02 A20749-6 609A-0103 SB03 A20749-7 609A-0104 SB01 A20749-8 609A-0104 SB02 A20749-9 609A-0104 SB03	730,000 77,000 ND 340,000 ND 35,000 250,000 ND
Units	(ug/kg dw)

VIII. Analytical Results

Volatile Organics

Parameter	Method Blank 1	A21268-1 609A-1002- PE01	A21268-2 609A-1002- PE02	A21268-3 609A-1002- PE03
Chloromethane	330 U	380° U	360 U	360 U
Bromomethane	330 U	380 · U	360 U	360 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Chloroethane	330. U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	330° U	380 U	.360 บ	360 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Chloroform	330 บ	380 U	360 U	360 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330. U	380 บ	360. U	360. U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	380 U	360 U	360. U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330: U	380 U	360 U	360 บ
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Dibromochloromethane	330. U	380 U	360 U	360 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	380 บ	360 U	360 U
Benzene	330. U	380 U	360 U	360 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Bromoform	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	380 U	220 J	360 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	380. U	360 U	360 บ
Toluene	330 U	380 U	360 U	280 J
Chlorobenzene	330. U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
n-Xylene	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	380 U	360 U	360 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

Volatile Organics

Parameter	Method Blank 1	A21268-4 609A-1002- PE04	A21268-5 609A-1002- PE05	A21268-6 609A-1001- PE01
Chloromethane	330 U	370 U	430 U	380. บ
Bromomethane	330 U	370 บ	430 U	380 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Chloroethane	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	370 บ	670	560 <sup></sup>
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Chloroform	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	370 บ	430 U	380 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	370 U	6,600	1,900
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 บ	370 U	430 U	380 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	370 ช	430 U	380 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	370 บ	430 U	380 U
Benzene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Bromoform	330 U	370 ซ	430 U	380 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	370° U	5,700	1,100
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Toluene	330 U	370 บ	510	470
Chlorobenzene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
<b>n-</b> Xylene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	370 U	430 U	380 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

## Volatile Organics

<u>Parameter</u>	Method Blank 2	A21268-8 609A-1001- PE03	A21268-9 609A-1001- PE04	A21268-10 609A-1001- PE05
Chloromethane				1203
	330 U	370 บ	370 ั บ	420 U
Bromomethane	330 U	370 บ	370 U	420 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 U	370 U	370 บ	420 U
Chloroethane	330 ซ	370 U	370 U	420 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	370 U	370: ช	510
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 บ	370 U	370 U	
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 ซ	370 U	370° U	420. U 420. U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	370 U	270	
Chloroform	330 U		370 U	420 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		370 U	370 U	420 U
-y-y- 111cmtor.octmane	330 U	740	370 ช	420 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330. U	370 ซ	370 บ	420° U
Bromodichloromethane	330. U	370 U	370 U	420 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 H
Dibromochloromethane	330°. U	370 U	370 U	420 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330 U	370 U	· -	420 U
Benzene	330 U	ט 370 370 ט	370 U	420 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	370 U	370 บ 370 บ	420 U 420 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	220: **		
Bromoform	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 U
Tetrachloroethene		370 U	370 U	420 U
	330 U	510	1,200	250 J
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 บ
Coluene	330 U	370: ℧	370 U	420 U
hlorobenzene	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 U
ı-Xylene	330 U	370 U	370 U	420 17
,p-Xylene	330 U	370 U		420 U
		3/0 0	370 U	420 U
Inits	(ug/kg)			

# Volatile Organics

Parameter	Method Blank 2	A21268-11 609A-0201- PE01	A21268-13 609A-0201- PE03	A21268-14 609A-0201- PE04
Chloromethane	330 U	390 ປ	400 U	400 U
Bromomethane	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Vinyl Chloride .	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Chloroethane	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Methylene Chloride	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330: บ	390 U	400 U	400 U
Chloroform	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	390 บ	400 U	400 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	390 U	400 U	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U 400 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	390 บ	400° U	400 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	390 U	400 U	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330. U	390 U	400 U	400. U
Benzene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330. U	390 U	400 U	400 U 400 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	390 U	400 U	400. บ
Bromoform	330 U	390 U	400 U	400° U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	390 U	400. U	400 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 T
Toluene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U 400 U
Chlorobenzene	330 U	390 U	400 U	
Ethylbenzene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U 400 U
m-Xylene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

#### Volatile Organics

	,		•
Parameter	Method Blank 3	A21268-25 609A-1001-WB01	A21268-26 609A-0214-TB01
Chloromethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Bromomethane	10. U	10 U	10 U
Vinyl Chloride	10 U	10 U	. 10 N
Chloroethane '	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chioroechane	10 0		
Methylene Chloride	10 U	10 U	10 U
1.1-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 ປ	10 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	10 U	10 <sup>.</sup> U	10 U
Chloroform	10 U	10 U	10 U
	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10 0.		.0 0
Carbon Tetrachloride	10 U	10 · U	10 U
Bromodichloromethane	10 U	<b>10</b> U.	10 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	10 U	10 U	10 U.
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Trichloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Dibromochloromethane	10. U	10 U	10 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U.
Benzene	10 U	10 U	10 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10 U	10 U	10 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	10 U	<b>10</b> U	10 U
Bromoform	10 U	10 U	10 U
Tetrachloroethene	10 U	10 U	10 U
		10. (1	. 10 11
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	10 U	10 U	10 U
Toluene	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chlorobenzene	10 U	10 U	10 U 10 U
Ethylbenzene	10 U	10 U	10 0
m-Xylene	10 U	10 U	10 U.
o,p-Xylene	10 U	10 U	10 N
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

#### Volatile Organics

		121268 7	•2126 H = 12	A21268-15	A21260-22
•	Method	A21268-7 609A-1001-	A21268-12 609A-0201-	609A-0201-	009A=1001
Parameter	Blank 4	PE02	PE02	PEO5	WCUI
1 arameter					
Chloromethane	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	<b>400</b> , <b>U</b>
Bromomethane	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Vinyl Chloride	330 บ	360 U	400 เ	410 U	400 U
Chloroethane	330 U	360 U	400 Ú	410 U	400 U
Methylene Chloride	330 <sub>"</sub> .U	490	660	410 U	400 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	330 U	360 U	40 <b>0</b> U	410 U	40 <b>0</b> U
l,1-Dichloroethane	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	46 <b>0</b> U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Chloroform	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	40 <b>0 U</b>
1,2-Dichloroethane	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
l,l,l-Trichloroethane	330 U	7,900	400 U	410 U	400 บ
Carbon Tetrachloride	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Bromodichloromethane	330 บ	360 U	400 U	410 U	40 <b>0</b> .U
1,2-Dichloropropane	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Trichloroethene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Dibromochloromethane	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	330. U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Benzene	330 U	3 <b>60</b> U∙	400 U	410 U	400 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Bromoform	330. U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Tetrachloroethene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400. U
Toluene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Chlorobenzene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Ethylbenzene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
m-Xylene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
o,p-Xylene	330 U	360 U	400 U	410 U	400 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

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# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics - Base/Neutrals

Sample Designation
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Parameter	Method Blank	A21268-11 609A-0201- PE01	A21268-12 609A-0201- PE02	A21268-13 609A-0201- PE03
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 บ	•		
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether		390 U	400 U	400 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	390 U	400 บ	400 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	330. U	390: U	400 U	400 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	390 บ	400 บ	400 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
N-Nitrosodipropylamine		390 U	400 บ	400 U
Hexachloroethane	330 U	.390 ช	400 U	400 U
Nitrobenzene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Isophorone	330 U	390. U	400 U	400. U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	390 บ	400 U	400 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U	390 .บ	400. U	400 U
Naphthalene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Herachloroputadiene	330 ช	390 U	400 U	400 บ 400 บ
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 U	390 บ	400 U	
Acenental Philade	330 U	390 ซ	400 U	400 U
Acenaphthylene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Acenaphthene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	. 330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Diethyl Phthalate	330 ช	390 U	400 U	400 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 ซ	390 U		400 U
Fluorene	330 ช	390 U	400 U	400 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 บ
Hexachlorobenzene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Phenanthrene	330 U	390 U	400. U	400: ช
Anthracene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Fluoranthene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Benzidine	3,300 U	3,900 U	400 U	400 U
Pyrene	330 U	390 U	4,000 U	4,000 U
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 U	780 U	400 U	400 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	390 U	800 U	800 U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Chrysene	330 U	390 U	110 J	400 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 U		400 U	400 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Dibenzo(a, h)anthreces		390 U	400 U	400 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
	330 U	390 U	400 U	400 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	
		· ·	/AP 84/94/	(ug/kg dw)

# Semivolatile Organics - Base/Neutrals

Sample	Design	nation

Parameter	Method Blank	A21268-14 609A-0201- PE04	A21268-15 609A-0201- PE05
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	330 U	410 U	270
Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether	330 U	410 U	370 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	410 U	370 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	330 U	410 U	370 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330 II	410 U	370 U
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	330 U	410 U	3/0 0
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	330 U	410 U	370 U
Hexachloroethane	330. U	410 U	370 U
Nitrobenzene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Isophorone	330 U	410 U	370 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	330 U	410 U	370. U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330 U	410 U	370 บ 370 บ
Naphthalene	330° U	410 U	- <del>-</del>
Hexachlorobutadiene	330 U	410 U	370 บ 370 ซ
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330 U	410 U	370 บ 370 บ
2-Chloronaphthalene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Dimethyl Phthalate	330 U	410 U	370 U
Acenaphthylene	330 U	410 U	370 บ 370 บ
Acenaphthene	330 U	410 U	370 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	410 U	370 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Diethyl Phthalate	330 U	410 U	370 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	410 U	370 U
Fluorene	330 ซ	410 U	370 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330 U	410 U	370 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	330 U	410 U	370 U
Hexachlorobenzene	330 บ	410 U	370 U
Phenanthrene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Anthracene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	330° U	410 U	370 U
Fluoranthene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Benzidine	3,300 U	4,100 U	3,700 U
Pyrene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	330 U	410 U	370 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	660 U	820 U	. 740 U
Benzo(a)anthracene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	330 U	86 J	49 J
Chrysene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	330 U	410 U	370 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330 บ	410 U	370 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	330. U	410 U	370 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	330 U	410 U	370 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330 U	410 U	370 U
	-		370 0

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7III. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

No nontargetted compounds were detected in the following samples:

Aqueous Volatile Method Blank 3

Volatile Nonaqueous AnalytikEM Designation Method Blank 1

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	387	170
	Unknown Compound	VOA	453	500

Volatile Nonaqueous AnalytikEM Designation Method Blank 2

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	388	180
	Unknown Compound	VOA	455	280

Volatile Nonaqueous AnalytikEM Designation Method Blank 4

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg)
	Unknown Compound	VOA	452	290

Semivolatile Nonaqueous Analytikem Designation Method Blank

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg)
	Unknown Compound	BN	236	640
	Unknown Compound	BN	267	830
	Unknown Compound	BN	316	1,800
	Unknown Hydrocarbon	BN	329	480

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VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytikEM Designation <u>A21268-1</u>

Client Designation 609A-1002-PE01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	386	300
	Unknown Compound	VOA	453	860

AnalytikEM Designation <u>A21268-2</u>

Client Designation 609A-1002-PE02

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)	
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	386	240	

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-3

Client Designation 609A-1002-PE03

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	386	230
	Unknown Compound	VOA	423	560
	Unknown Compound	VOA	453	1,000

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-4

Client Designation 609A-1002-PE04

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	386	220
	Unknown Compound	VOA	453	660

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VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation <u>A21268-5</u>

Client Designation 609A-1002-PE05

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	VOA	452	970

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-6

Client Designation 609A-1001-PE01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)	T
	Unknown Compound	VOA	453	770	7

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-7

Client Designation 609A-1001-PE02

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
67-64-1	2-Propanone (Acetone)	VOA	245	18,000
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	389	1,300

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-8

Client Designation 609A-1001-PE03

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	MOM	388	190
	Unknown Compound	<b>VOA</b>	455	690

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## VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

## EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytikEM Designation <u>A21268-9</u>

Client Designation 609A-1001-PE04

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichlorg- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	387	280
	Unknown Compound	AOV	454	630

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-10

Client Designation 609A-1001-PE05

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	388	270
·	Unknown Compound	VOA	455	770

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-11

Client Designation 609A-0201-PE01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	Unknown Compound	VOA	244	870
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	387	190
	Unknown Compound	VOA	454	580
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BN	360	780
	Unknown Compound	BN	556	570
·	Unknown Compound	BN	617	1,200
	Unknown Compound	BN	703	2,400

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VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-12

Client Designation 609A-0201-PE02

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
67-64-1	2-Propanone (Acetone)	VOA	246	32,000
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	390	14,000
	Unknown Compound	BN	556	450
	Unknown Compound	BN	617	1,000
	Unknown Compound	BN	692	190
	Unknown Compound	BN:	704	1,700
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BN	2148	1,700

AnalytikEM Designation <u>A21268-13</u>

Client Designation 609A-0201-PE03

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	388	190
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	VOA	455	680
·	Unknown Compound	BN	358	470
	Unknown Compound	BN	555	280
	Unknown Compound	BN	616	420
	Unknown Compound	BN	2146	240

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VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytikEM Designation <u>A21268-14</u>

Client Designation 609A-0201-PE04

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	386	180
	Unknown Compound	VOA	453	550
	Unknown Compound	BN	360	360
	Unknown Compound	BN	505	170
	Unknown Compound	BN	556	370
	Unknown Compound	BN	617	350
	Unknown Compound	BN	702 <sup>-</sup>	570
	Unknown Compound	BN	2147	280

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-15

Client Designation 609A-0201-PE05

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
5-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	387	190
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BN	362	340
	Unknown Compound	BN	505	200
	Unknown Compound	BN	557	690
	Unknown Compound	BN	618	170
<del></del>	Unknown Compound	BN	703	490

Test Report No. A21268 Page 32

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A21268-22

Client Designation 609A-1001-WC01

Ī	1	· 1		Estimated
ĺ.	ĺ	i i	Scan	Concentration
CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Number	(ug/kg dw)
	1,1,2-Trichtoro-			
76-13-1	1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	388	240

AnalytikEM Designation A21268-25

Client Designation 609A-1001-WB01

			Scan	Estimated  Concentration
CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Number	(ug/l)
	11,1,2-Trichloro-			
76-13-1	1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	388	1.8

AnalytiKEM Designation A21268-20

Client Designation 609A-0214-TB01

	1			Estimated	
CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Numb <b>er</b>	Concentration  (ug/l)	
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichioro- 1,2,2-trifluoroethane	VOA	1390	3.2	

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

Polychlorinated Biphenyls

#### Sample Designation

Parameter	Method Blank	A21268-1 609A-1002- PE01	A21268-2 609A-1002- PE02	A21268-3 609A-1002- PE03
Aroclor 1016	330 <sup>.</sup> U	3,800 U	360,000 U	3,600 U
Aroclor 1221	- 330 ປ	3,800 U	360,000 U	3,600 U
Aroclor 1232	330 U	3,800 U	360,000 U	•
Aroclor 1242	330 U	22,000	680,000	3,600 U
Aroclor 1248	330 U	3,800 U	360,000 y	5,400
Aroclor 1254	330 U	2,100 J	59,000	3,600 U
Aroclor 1260	330 U	3,800 U	36,000 U	410 360 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

#### Sample Designation

Parameter	A21268-4 609A-1002- PE04	A21268-5 609A-1002- PE05	A21268-6 609A-1001- PE01	A21268-7 609A-1001- PE02
Aroclor 1016	37,000 U	43,000 U	380 U	36,000 U
Aroclor 1221	37,000 U	43,000 U	380 U	•
Aroclor 1232	37,000 U	43,000 U	:	36,000 U
Aroclor 1242	100,000	_	380 U	36,000 U
Aroclor 1248	37,000 U	520,000	3,200	120,000
Aroclor 1254		43,000 U	380 U	36,000 U
	8,200	55,000	170 J	32,000 J
Aroclor 1260	3,700 U	43,000 U	380 U	36,000 U
Units	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

Note: All compounds reported at levels exceeding the PQL have been confirmed by alternate column GC.

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#### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### Polychlorinated Biphenyls

#### Sample Designation

Parameter	Method Blank			A21208-10 609A-1001- PE05		
Aroclor 1016	330 U	370,000 U	3,700 U	4,200 U		
Aroclor 1221	330 U	370,000 U	3,700 U	4,200 U		
Aroclor 1232	330 U	370,000 U	3,70C U	4,200 U		
Aroclor 1242	330 U	830,000	79,000	20,000		
Aroclor 1248	330 · U	370,000 U	3,700 U	4,200 U		
Aroclor 1254	330. U	42,000	11,000	3,000 J		
Arocior 1260	330 U	37,000 U	3,700 U	4,200 U		
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)		

#### Sample Designation

Parameter	A21268-22 609A-1001- WC01	A21268-23 609A-0401- WC01	A21268-24 609A-1000- WC01	A21268-25 609A-1001- WB01
Aroclor 1016	4,000 บ	<b>38</b> 0. U	<b>40,000</b> U	ល ប
Aroclor 1221	4,000 U	380 U	<b>40,000</b> U	10 U
Aroclor 1232	4,000 U	380 U	<b>40,000</b> บ	10 U
Aroclor 1242	53,000	400	83,000	ro n
Aroclor 1248	4,000 U	380 U	<b>40,000</b> U	10 U
Aroclor 1254	5,400	44 J	6,700	10 U
Aroclor 1260	4,000 U	<b>38</b> 0 U	<b>40,000</b> ป	ហេ ដ
Units	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/L)

Note: All compounds reported at levels exceeding the "QL have been confirmed by alternate column GC.

#### Reactivity

The observations for Reactivity were as follows:

- . The sample(s) did not undergo violent changes under normal conditions.
- The sample(s) did not react violently or form a potentially explosive mixture with water.
- . The sample(s) did not appear readily capable of detonation, explosive decomposition or reaction at standard temperature or pressure.
- The sample(s) did not generate toxic gases, vapors or fumes when exposed to pH conditions between 2 and 12.5.
- . The results for reactive sulfide and cyanide are as follows:

Parameter	Method Blank	A21268-22 609A-1001- WC01	A21268-23 609A-0401- WC01	A21268-24 609A-1000- WC01
Sulfide Cyanide	50,000 U 50,000 U	60,000 U	50,000 U 50,000 U	50,000 U;50,000 U* 50,000 U;50,000 U*
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

<sup>\*</sup>Duplicate Analysis.

#### General Chemistry

\*(ug/1)

\*(ug/1)

#### Parameter

Sample Designation	Phenolics, total, as phenol
Method Blank	250 U
A21268-1 609A-1002-PE01	2,600
A21268-2 609A-1002-PE02	22,000
A21268-3 609A-1002-PE03	2,200
A21268-4 609A-1002-PE04	8,200
A21268-5 609A-1002-PE05	21,000
A21268-6 609A-1001-PE01	15,000
A21268-7 609A-1001-PE02	110,000
A21268-8 609A-1001-PE03	6,000
A21268-9 609A-1001-PE04	46,000
A21268-10 609A-1001-PE05	19,000
A21268-25 609A-1001-WB01	29 *
Units	(ug/kg dw)

#### Parameter

Sample Designation	Petroleum Hydrocarbons, by IR
Method Blank	20,000 U
A21268-1 609A-1002-PE01	200,000
A21268-2 609A-1002-PE02	2,700,000
A21268-3 609A-1002-PE03	1,900,000
A21268-4 609A-1002-PE04	1,900,000
A21268-5 609A-1002-PE05	23,000,000
A21268-6 609A-1001-PE01	1,700,000
A21268-7 609A-1001-PE02	3,000,000
A21268-8 609A-1001-PE03	2,900,000
A21268-9 609A-1001-PE04	1,900,000
A21268-10 609A-1001-PE05	2,400,000
A21268-16 609A-1101-PE01	23,000 U
A21268-17 609A-0401-PE01	23,000 U
A21268-18 609A-0401-PE02	23,000 U
A21268-19 609A-0401-PE03	23,000 U
A21268-20 609A-0401-PE04	330,000
A21268-24 609A-1000-WC01	500,000
A21268-25 609A-1001-WB01	1,000 U*
Units	(ug/kg dw)

#### Metals

#### Sample Designation

Parameter	Method Blank	A21268-1 609A-1002- PE01	A21268-2 609A-1002- PE02	A21268-3 609A-1002- PE03
Arsenic, total Cadmium, total	1,000 U 1,000 U	19,000 1,200 U	3,400 1,100 U	6,200 1,100 U
Units	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg.dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)

#### Sample Designation

Parameter  Arsenic, total Cadmium, total Units	A21268-4	A21268-5	A21268-6	A21268-7		
	609A-1002-	609A-1002-	609A-1001-	609A-1001-		
	PE04	PE05	PE01	PE02		
· ·	7,200	44,000	13,000	4,300		
	1,100 U	1,300 U	1,100 U	1,100 U		
Units	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)		

Parameter	A21268-8	A21268-9	A21268-10	A21268-25
	609A-1001-	609A-1001-	609A-1001-	609A-1001-
	PE03	PE04	PE05	WB01
Arsenic, total	5,600	4,900	22,000	10 U.
Cadmium, total	1,100 U	1,100 U	1,300 U	10 U
Units	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/kg dw)	(ug/1)

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VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

EP Toxicity Procedures

Parameter	Method Blank	A21268-22 609A-1001- WC01	A21268-23 609A-0401- WC01	A21268-24 609A-1000- WC01	EP Toxicity Limits
Arsenic	500 U	500 บ	500 U	500 U	5,000
Barium	2,000 U	740 J	520 J	540 J	100,000
Cadmium	100 U	100 U	100 U	100 U	1,000
Chromium	500. U	500 U	500 U	500 U	5,000
Lead	500 U	500 U	500 U	500 T	5 000
Mercury	20 U	20 U	20 U	20 U	5,000
Selenium	300 U	300 U	300 ับ	300 U	200
Silver	500 U	500 U	500 U	500 U	1,000 5,000
Copper	500 ซ	500 ช	500 บ	500 U	
Zinc	200 Ū	440	290:	390.	
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)	(ug/1)	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

ATTACHMENT 4

AnalytiKEM Inc. 28 Springdale Road Cherry Hill, NJ 08003 609:751-1122 215:923-2068

February 6, 1990

Environ 210 Carnegie Center Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Attention: William Kraft

Reference: Cadmium Analysis, Polychrome Project

Test Report No. 17790 November 18, 1988 Test Report No. 20770 December 12, 1989

Dear Mr. Kraft:

This letter is in response to the inquiries concerning the Cadmium results for the project stated above. You recently brought to our attention, that our results were not in agreement with historical results obtained previously for this project. This letter will serve to define the technical issue and present some conclusions.

The original analysis for Cadmium was performed by ICP utilizing EPA SW-846 second edition method 6010. Under this methodology, the suggested wavelength for Cadmium analysis is 226.502 nm, and 214.438 nm is suggested by the instrument manufacturer. It is noted in these protocols that Iron present at a sufficient concentration may cause interference effects at these wavelengths. Iron analysis was not requested for these samples; therefore, it could not be determined if Iron was causing the interference.

To investigate the possibility of Iron interference at these wavelengths, Analytikem conducted a series of tests in March of 1989 to assist in determining the problem. Samples of similar matrix which were known to contain Iron at a sufficient concentration to interfere with Cadmium analysis were chosen and analyzed. It was found that Iron will not interfere with the tertiary Cadmium line at 228.81 nm by ICP. As an example we have enclosed an ICP scan printout for one of the samples used in the study. The Iron interference can be clearly seen on these scans. A table of analyte interferences is also included.

Environ February 6, 1990 Page 2

As a result of this study, the tertiary wavelength (228.81 nm) has been added to our S.O.P. for the analysis of Cadmium. Effective at that time, if results obtained by ICP for the primary and tertiary wavelengths are in agreement, the results are reported. If the results do not compare, Cadmium will be analyzed by either Graphite Furnace or Flame Atomic Absorption and these results are reported.

We apologize for any inconvenience this may have caused you. If you have any further questions on this issue, please contact me at any time.

Very truly yours,

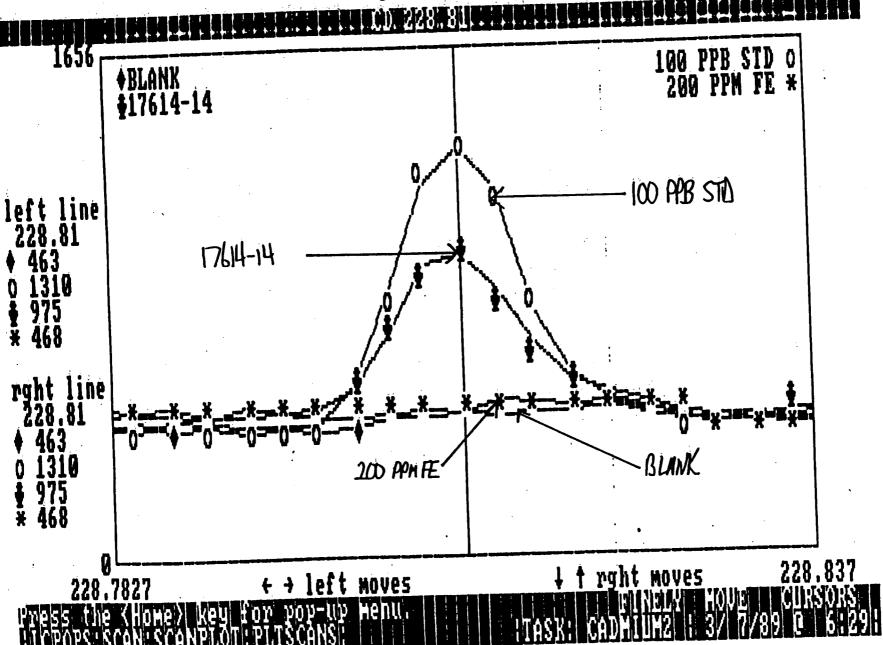
AnalytiKEM, Inc.

Gregory Pruna Metals Manager

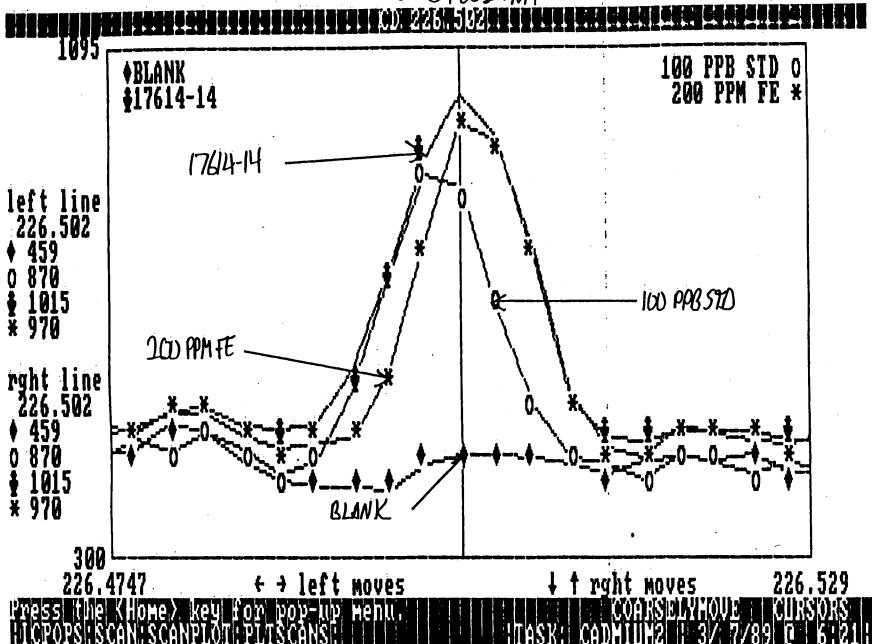
GP/trj

cc: William Fithian
Edward Palmer
David Kliauga
Anne Cicero

228.81 NM



226,502 NM



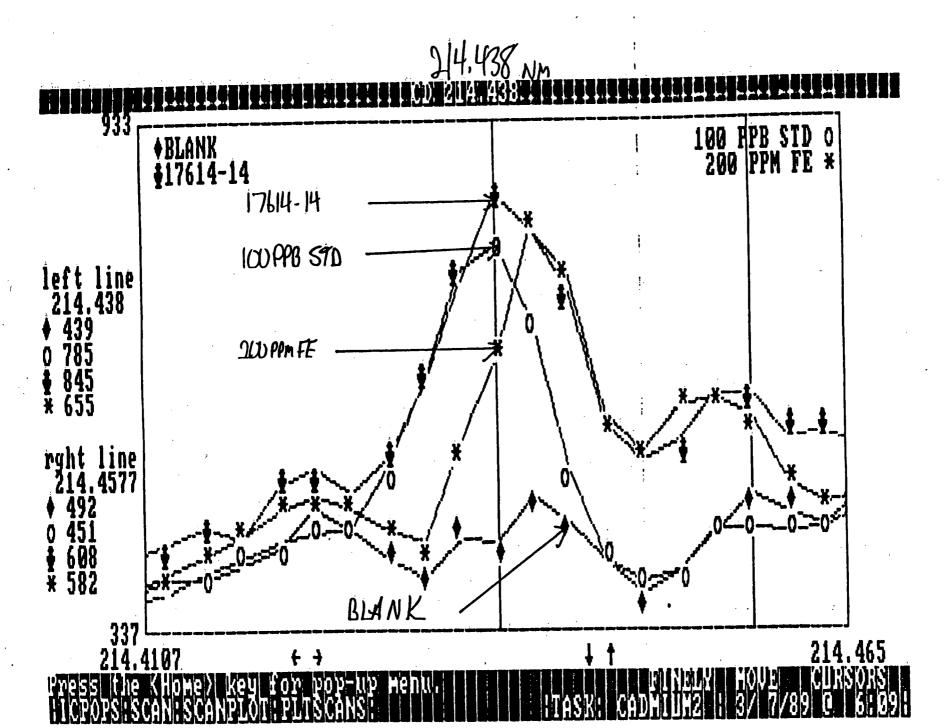


TABLE 2. ANALYTE CONCENTRATION EQUIVALENTS ARISING FROM INTERFERENCE:
AT THE 100-mg/L LEVEL

·	Wavelength	Interferent a,b									
Analyte	(um) waverengtu	Al	Ca	Cz	On	Fe	Mg	Mn	NI	<b>T1</b> .	V
Aluminum	308-215		_		_	_	÷	0.21			1.4
Antimony	206.833	0.47		~ " "		80.0		_	_		0.45
Arsenic	193.696	1.3	_	0.44	_	. —	_	_	_		1.1
Barium	455-403		_	_	_	· —	_			-	_
Beryllium	313 -042	<del>-</del>	_	_		_	_	_	. —	0.04	0.05
Boron	249.773	0.04		-	· <b>—</b>	0.32		_	_	_	_
Cadmium	226.502	_	_	_	_	0.03	_	_	0.02	_	_
Calcium	317.933	_	_	80.0	_	0.01	0.01	0.04	_	0.03	0.03
Chronium	267.716	_	-	_	-	0.003	_	0.04	-	_	0.04
Cobalt	228.616	_	_	0.03	_	0-005	_	_	0.03	0.15	_
Copper	324.754		_	-	_	0.003		_	_	0.05	0.02
Iron	259•940	-	_	-	_	_	-	0.12	_	_	_
Lead	220.353	0.17		_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Magnesium	279-079	_	0.02	0.11	_	0.13	_	0.25		0.07	0.12
Manganese	257.610	0.005		0.01	_	0.002	0.002	_	-	-	_
Molybdenum	202 -030	0.05	_	_	-	0.03.	_	_	_		_
Nickel	231 •604		_	-	_			-		_	-
Selenium	196-026	0.23		_	-	0.09	-			_	_
Silicon	288-158	_	_	0.07				_	-	. <u> </u>	0.01
Sodium	588-995	_	_		. —		_	-	_	0.08	-
Thallium	190.864	0.30	_	· —	_	-	_	-	_	. <b>–</b>	_
Vanadium	292,402		-	0.05	_	0.005	· —			0.02	
Zinc	213.856		_	-	0.14	_	_	_	0.29	_	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Dashes indicate that no interference was observed even when interferents were introduced at the following levels:

A1 - 100	0 mg/L,	Mg -	1000	mg/L,
Ca - 100	0 mg/L,	Mn -	200	mg/L,
Cr - 20	0 mg/L,	T1	200	mg/L,
Cu - 20	0 mg/L	A -	200	mg/L
Fe - 100	0 mg/L			_

barred figures recorded as analyte concentrations are not the actual observed concentrations; to obtain those figures, add the listed concentration to the interferent figure.



#### State of New Jersey

#### DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT Lance R. Miller, Acting Director CN 028 Trenton, N.J. 08625-0028 (609) 633-7141 Fax # (609) 633-1454

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED
Carol Surgens
Lowenstein, Sandler, Brochin, Kohl
65 Livingston Avenue
Roseland, NJ 07068

FEB 2 2 1990

Dear Ms. Surgens:

RE: Administrative Consent Order ECRA Case #86122,

In the Matter of Polychrome Corporation ("Polychrome ACO")

This is in response to your letter dated February 9, 1990 requesting an extension for submission of the Soil and Ground Water Results Report with an appropriate proposal and review fee pursuant to Paragraph 10 of the Polychrome ACO. An extension shall be granted for 30 days from receipt of this letter.

The Department is concerned over the length of time Polychrome has taken to work through the ECRA Process. Please be advised that it is imperative that Polychrome and its agents anticipate the need to formalize contracts, obtain permits, and so forth in order to adhere to Department time frames. Future requests for extensions of this nature will not be granted.

This letter is only an extension and does not relieve Polychrome of any obligations or responsibilities set forth in the ACO.

If Polychrome fails to submit the above referenced information on or before the indicated submission date, NJDEP reserves the right to implement full enforcement measures pursuant to the Polychrome ACO, including the right to assess penalties from the original due date established under the Polychrome ACO.

Please contact Sharon S. Bruder at (609) 633-7141 if you have any further questions on this matter.

Sincerely,

/ Karl J. Delaney, Assistant Director Industrial Site Evaluation Element

SSB/dg

c: Tina O'Brien, BEAC William Kraft, Environ

# ENVIRON

February 9, 1990

#### VIA TELECOPIER

Ms. Sharon Bruder
Industrial Site Evaluation Element
Division of Hazardous Waste Management
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
401 East State Street, Fifth Floor
Trenton, NJ 08625

Re: Polychrome Corporation Yardville, Mercer County ECRA Case No. 86122

#### Dear Sharon:

The purpose of this letter is (1) to inform you of the progress made to date in executing the NJDEP-approved Phase II sampling program at this site; and (2) to formally request an extension for submitting the results report. As we discussed, the need for an extension of time is in large part due to difficulties in scheduling well installation with drilling contractors.

#### I. PROGRESS IN EXECUTING SAMPLING PROGRAM

Field operations began on December 4, 1989 and all proposed sampling was completed by January 4, 1990. The specific field tasks performed include the following:

- Installation and development of three additional shallow monitoring wells.
- Installation of four soil borings in the vicinity of AEC 1 to delineate extent of soil contamination.
- Completion of six hand auger borings in wooded portion of property.
- Sampling of monitoring wells for TDS, TPHCs, BN+15 and VOC+15.

In addition to the field investigations, a one-half mile radius well search was initiated by ENVIRON and included a computer search of both water withdrawal points and well permits.

ENVIRON has recieved all of the analytical data from the sampling program, and is in process of reviewing and verifying these data. In addition, a survey of the monitoring well locations and elevations has been completed.

# II. PROPOSED TIMETABLE FOR COMPLETION

The remaining tasks to complete execution of the sampling program are:

- 1) Excavation and disposal of soils from AECs 1, 2, 4, 10 and 11.
- 2) Completion of monitoring well certification forms;
- 3) Compilation and verification of analytical results;
- 4) Interpretation of hydrogeologic and chemical data;
- 5) Completion of a report presenting and interpreting the results of the sampling program; and

The estimated time required to complete these tasks is as follows:

<u> Tasks</u>

- February 14 Complete excavations and collect post-excavation and waste classification samples.
- February 23 Complete interpretations of hydrogeologic and chemical data. Determine nature and extent of any contamination detected. Prepare summary figures presenting these data.
- March 2 Receive post-excavation and waste classification results. Submit material profile information to disposal facility.
- March 20 Tranportation of stockpiled and drummed soil to disposal facility.
- March 20 Complete a report presenting the results of the additional delineation sampling and cleanup activities.
- March 27 Complete internal and external review of the report and submit to NJDEP.

We are continuing to proceed with the completion of the sampling program at this time. We believe that an March 27, 1990 due date for submission of the results report is

appropriate and realistic given the scope of sampling, laboratory deliverable dates and the time necessary to complete cleanup activities. However, ENVIRON notes that the schedule for disposal arrangements may be longer than anticipated, lengthening the time required to complete the cleanup activities. ENVIRON will notify you if delays are encountered. Please call if you have any questions about the proposed schedule for completion of this work.

Sincerely,

William D. Kraft Staff Geologist

WDK:rdp 2040f

cc: Barbara Cane, Esq.
Anthony Reitano, Esq.

# ENVIRON

November 27, 1989

Ms. Sharon Bruder
Industrial Site Evaluation Element
New Jersey Department of
Environmental Protection
401 East State Street, 5th floor
Trenton, NJ 08625

Re: Polychrome Corporation Yardville, Mercer County ECRA Case No. 86122

Dear Sharon:

This is to confirm our telephone conversation of November 22 at which time I informed you that Environmental Drilling, Inc. (EDI), the drilling contractor scheduled to install the monitoring wells at the above referenced facility, is once again unable to maintain its schedule. This delay is entirely the responsibility of EDI and is beyond Polychrome's control. As EDI could not provide a revised date, ENVIRON will contact other drilling firms to schedule the field program and will notify you of that schedule. Please contact me if you have any questions about the sampling program.

Sincerely,

William D. Kraft Staff Geologist

WDK:bk 1991f

cc: Barbara Cane, Esq. Carol Surgens, Esq. 

# ENVIRON

November 3, 1989

Ms. Sharon Bruder
Industrial Site Evaluation Element
New Jersey Department of
Environmental Protection
401 East State Street, 5th floor
Trenton, NJ 08625

Re: Polychrome Corporation Yardville, Mercer County ECRA Case No. 86122

Dear Ms. Bruder:

Polychrome has tentatively scheduled implementation of the Phase II sampling program at the above-referenced facility to begin on November 20. This assumes that Environmental Drilling Inc. completes its other projects according to current schedules. I will inform you if there is any change in this schedule.

Sincerely,

William D. Kraft Staff Geologist

WDK:bk 1979f

cc: Barbara Cane, Esq. Carol Surgens, Esq.

(609)633-7141

CN 028 enton, N.J. 08625-0028



## State of New Tersev DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

Michele M. Putnam Deputy Director lazardous Waste Operations

John J. Trela, Ph.D., Director

Lance R. Miller Deputy Director Responsible Party Remedial Action

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED Carol Surgens, Esq. Lowenstein, Sandler, Brochin, Kohl 65 Livingston Avenue Roseland, NJ 07068

OCT 1 2 1989

Dear Ms. Surgens:

Re: Polychrome Corp.

dus 2/17/54 Hamilton Two. Mercer County

ECRA Case #86122

Phase I Sampling Plan Dated: September 1988,

Addendum to the Phase I Sampling Plan Dated: January 1989 and the

Letter Dated September 11, 1989 from Ms. Carol Surgens and

Environ on Behalf of Polychrome Corp.

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Commissioner of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) by the Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act (ECRA, N.J.S.A. 13:1K-6 et seq.) and delegated to the Chief of the Bureau of Environmental Evaluation and Cleanup Responsibility Assessment pursuant to N.J.S.A. 13:1B-4, the referenced Sampling Plan is hereby approved as conditioned herein:

#### Part I: Soil Modifications

- Polychrome Corp. shall further delineate the petroleum hydrocarbon Α. (PHC) and cadmium (Cd) contamination found in the dumpster area (AEC1) as proposed. Remediation shall be required in this area.
- The excavation proposed for the northern edge of the parking lot (AEC2) В. However, sidewall samples shall be collected and is acceptable. analyzed for volatile organics plus an additional fifteen peaks (VO+15) and base neutrals plus an additional fifteen peaks (BN+15).
- Additional delineation for elevated levels of Cadmium (Cd) and Arsenic C. (As) are not required in the area of the railroad tracks (AEC 5), provided levels present at the soil surface (0-6") have been documented.
- D. Polychrome Corp. shall excavate the contaminated soil found in the trench (AEC 10) to remove the elevated levels of PHC, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB), VO's, Cd, As and phenols. Post-excavation sampling shall be conducted to verify residual levels. Delineation of the above

referenced contaminants is not required since soil removal is necessary in this area and thus a decrease in elevated levels is expected.

- E. Polychrome Corp. shall conduct further delineation in the wooded areas (AECs 7,15,&16). If Polychrome Corp. contends that similar levels of contaminants are found throughout this area, then soil samples to verify this assumption shall be provided to the Department. The proposed background sampling for Cd is acceptable. However, proposed BGO1 shall be relocated northeast of proposed BGO2. The Sampling depths shall be at the surface (0-6") interval and at 3'. Sampling at the 1.5' interval is not required.
- F. Polychrome Corp. shall submit before and after photo documentation and details of the repairs made to the asbestos pipe insulation in the boiler. In addition, the work performed in these areas shall conform to the following:
  - i. Accepted Engineering Practices.
  - ii. Support A&B of 40 CFR., Part 6., National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollution.
  - iii. N.J.A.C. 7:26 Non-hazardous Waste Regulation.
- G. Polychrome Corp. shall provide the details of the investigation which verified the absence of the "existing drain and drainage pit" in AEC 5 (identified on the attached map).

#### Part II: Hydrogeology

The groundwater conditions of the Sampling Plan Approval letter dated June 3, 1988 remain requirements by the Department as per the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES) Discharge to Ground Water (DGW) N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.1 and in addition to the following reasons.

Historically, a large quantity of machine waste oil was dumped along the railroad tracks. An estimated 500 gallons per year of waste oil was deposited along the railroad tracks between 1961 and 1965. Approximately 18" of railroad track was excavated in 1965. From 1965 to 1973 approximately 50 gallons of waste oil per year had been discharged to the track bed via a floor drainage trench. The oil soaked ballast was replaced in 1973, however, soil remediation was not completed, leaving a tarry residue in place. Due to the large quantities of waste oil deposited over this 13 year period, the removal of contaminated gravel on two occasions, the documented contamination present at depth, the shallow depth to groundwater and the sandy nature of the soil previously documented at the site, a groundwater investigation remains a requirement by the Department conditioned as follows:

- A. A minimum of two wells shall be installed downgradient of the railroad tracks to monitor the potential impacts to ground water quality.
- B. One well shall be located upgradient of all areas of concern to monitor the quality of groundwater flowing onto the site and to determine ground water flow direction.

- C. The above requested monitoring wells shall be permitted, constructed, and surveyed in accordance with the Department's specifications for unconsolidated monitoring wells. Sample analysis shall include pH, PHC TDS, BN+15, and VO+15.
- D. Polychrome shall obtain a New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Discharge to Ground Water (NJPDES DGW) Permit for the past discharges of waste machine oil to the ground as per N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.1.
- E. All underground storage tanks including the excavated fuel oil tank shall be registered with the Bureau of Underground Storage Tanks (BUST). Registration forms can be obtained by calling 1-800-722-TANK.
- F. A well search shall be submitted to the Department identifying all wells including private, residential, commercial and industrial, within a half-mile radius of the site. The state, county and local offices shall be contacted to obtain this information. All wells shall be located and identified on a site map.

Part III. ECRA Standards for Data Requirements, Presentation and Proposals

#### A. Data Requirements

The following information shall be included with the results of sampling.

- 1. Logs for all soil borings and wells.
- 2. Soil profile logs for all excavations.
- 3. Monitoring Well Certification Forms: Form A (As-Built Certification) and Form B (Location Certification) must be completed for each monitoring well installed. Form A must be submitted with the results of sampling. Because additional wells are sometimes required to complete a hydrogeologic investigation, Form B may be submitted after completion of the installation of all required ground water monitoring wells, unless required prior to that time by the Department. As built diagrams of all wells shall be included with Form A.
- A scaled site map of all well and soil boring locations.
- 5. A minimum of two (2) ground water contour maps, including depth to ground water and reference point elevation, with depth to water readings taken at least thirty (30) days apart. If applicable, depth to water readings taken prior to purging shall be used for contouring purposes. Any corrections made to the static water level due to the presence of free product must be reported, along with the thickness of the product layer.
- 6. Ground water samples shall be collected a minimum of two (2) weeks following development of the wells.
- 7. At a minimum, the following purge information shall be provided along with the analytical results: date and time of purge, depth

to water before purging, purge method, estimated volume of purged water, depth to water after purging, date and time of sampling, depth to water before sampling, and sampling method.

- 8. Provide in a tabular format the results of sampling. Include the sample number, location, interval and depth of sample, sample matrix, and the analytical methods used. The enclosed summary format sheets are provided as guidance for summarizing data.
- 9. A site map which lists the concentrations of all significant contamination found (above ECRA action levels) at all sampling locations. The labelling of data should be keyed to facilitate interpretation, especially at locations where more than one type of contaminant is found. The use of contaminant isopleth maps is also encouraged.

#### B. Data/Results Presentation

- Because of case management workloads and volumes of data to be reviewed and processed, the above noted formatting requirements are essential to insure complete and timely review of the submittal.
- 2. Tier II deliverables should be identified and separated from the submittals, discussion, conclusions and data summary sheets. The enclosed Laboratory Deliverables checklist should be completed and returned with the Tier II deliverables.
- 3. All submittals of text/data shall be forwarded in triplicate and shall be properly paginated, bear a table of contents and be bound (1 copy may be unbound for filing purposes).
- 4. Failure to organize submittal information as outlined above can constitute reason to return the submittal to the consultant for correction and resubmission, thus causing further delay in case processing.
- 5. Failure to address these conditions and provide documentation where required shall constitute non-compliance with ECRA, no final approvals or case closure will occur until these issues are resolved.

#### C. The Cleanup Plan Proposal

During the course of the implementation of the sampling and the generation and evaluation of data, the consultant will be considering the development of a Cleanup Plan. To insure a complete and timely review of the submittal, the Cleanup Plan should be a stand alone, self-supporting document. As a guide to this process, the following elements should be included in the formation of the plan.

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Table of Contents

- 3. Summary of Environmental Concerns. Include the results of previous sampling.
- 4. The proposed remedial actions. Include the evaluation of any alternative remedial actions if appropriate.
- 5. Cleanup levels to be achieved. Be specific with regard to media and parameters.
- 6. A Work Plan must detail the specific activities that will be used to complete the proposed cleanup objectives.
- 7. A post-remediation sampling and monitoring plan.
- 8. A specific time table for implementation of the Cleanup Plan which includes milestones in the project.
- 9. Progress reports, dependant on the duration of the cleanup.
- 10. Estimate costs for cleanup:
  - a. capital costs;
  - b. operation and maintenance costs;
  - c. monitoring system costs;
  - d. laboratory costs;
  - e. engineering, legal, and administrative costs; and
  - f. contingency costs.
- D. Please be advised that, according to N.J.A.C. 7:26B-4.3, sampling results shall be accompanied by:
  - a. a proposed Negative Declaration; or
  - b. a proposed Cleanup Plan; or
  - c. a revised Sampling Plan to further delineate the extent and degree of contamination on or from the industrial establishment.

Failure to submit the appropriate accompanying document as described above will constitute reason to return the submittal to the consultant for correction and resubmission, thus causing further delay in case processing.

E. Please be advised that the results of sampling shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee as required by N.J.A.C. 7:26B-1.10. The enclosed Fee Submittal Form is provided for guidance to determine the fees required; this form should be completed and returned with the submittal package.

A Cleanup Plan shall be accompanied by a fee based on the cost of cleanup.

Submission of analytical data shall be assessed a \$1,000.00 review fee.

Part IV General

- 1. Polychrome Corp shall accomplish this investigation and any further analytical investigations by the methods outlined in this Sampling Plan. If any change in methods outlined in this sampling plan is necessary or if any delays are encountered, Polychrome Corp shall inform BEECRA in writing prior to implementation.
- 2. Polychrome Corp shall submit summarized analytical results in tabular form. Polychrome Corp shall also submit with the analytical data all documents associated with the sampling and testing, including but not limited to lab sheets, chain of custody, results of blank analyses, lab chronicles, summary of analytical instrument tuning, and analytical methods used.
- 3. Polychrome Corp shall submit the results in triplicate within one hundred twenty (120) days of receipt of this approval.
  - 4. Polychrome Corp shall notify NJDEP at least five (5) business days prior to implementation of sampling.
  - 5. If contamination is determined to exist above a level found acceptable by NJDEP, Polychrome Corp shall prepare and submit a Cleanup Plan developed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26B-5.3 to address said contamination. If the data from implementation of the approved Sampling Plan indicates the presence of contamination, but is not sufficient to define the full horizontal and vertical extent, then such areal definition shall be proposed as a Sampling Plan Addendum in a form which meets the criteria of N.J.A.C. 7:26B-3.2(c)11. The horizontal and vertical extent of contamination shall be determined before an approvable Cleanup Plan can be developed.

This document was prepared by the Case Manager, Sharon Bruder. If you have any questions, please contact the Case Manager at (609) 633-7141.

Very truly yours,

Kenneth T. Hart, Chief

Bureau of Environmental Evaluation and Cleanup Responsibility Assessment

SSB/cam enclosure

cc: William Kraft, Environ
Swati Topin, Ph. D., NJDEP/BEERA
Derek Carano, NJDEP/BGWDC

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\*N.Y. BAR ONLY

September 11, 1989

#### FEDERAL EXPRESS

Ms. Sharon Bruder, Case Manager.
Industrial Site Evaluation Element
New Jersey Department of.
Environmental Protection
401 East State Street, 5th Floor:
Trenton, New Jersey 08625

Re: Polychrome Corp., Hamilton Township, Mercer County: ECRA Case No. 86122

Dear Sharon:

Enclosed please find a response we are submitting on behalf of Polychrome Corp. to the draft letter from your office commenting on the additional sampling proposed in the above-referenced matter. As you will see, the enclosures clarify certain information regarding sampling as you have requested, discuss areas in which there is still disagreement and indicate the areas in which the company will incorporate the State's comments and requests into the sampling proposed. Additionally, we are providing maps with proposed locations for additional soil sampling and copies of various tables and quality assurance/quality control documents that have been referenced in both the State's letter and our responses.

Ms. Sharon Bruder, Case Manager Page -2-

September 11, 1989

Once you have had an oportunity to review this and discuss our comments with other members of the State's technical team, please give me a call to discuss the final resolution of these issues. I hope to be hearing from you shortly.

Very truly yours,

Carol A. Surgens

CAS:rdf

Enclosures

cc: Barbara Kane, Esq. (w/enc.)
Mr. William Kraft (w/enc.)

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Have about this case to call her

p and discuss it.

#### Part I. Soil Modifications

#### A. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome Corp. shall further delineate the petroleum hydrocarbon (PHC) and cadmium (Cd) contamination found in the dumpster area (AEC 1) as proposed. Remediation shall be required in this area.

#### **ENVIRON Response:**

Delineation sampling for PHC and Cd will be conducted in AEC 1 as proposed. Remediation will be conducted subsequently, as needed.

#### B. NJDEP Comment:

The excavation proposed for the northern edge of the parking lot (AEC 2) is acceptable. However, sidewall samples shall be collected and analyzed for volatile organics plus an additional fifteen peaks (VO+15) and base neutrals plus an additional fifteen peaks (BN+15).

#### **ENVIRON Response:**

This requirement will be incorporated into the sampling program.

#### C. NJDEP Comment:

Horizontal and vertical delineation shall be conducted for the PHC, Cd and Arsenic (As) contamination found above ECRA "action levels" in the area of the railroad tracks and siding (AEC 5).

#### ENVIRON Response:

Soil sampling previously conducted in AEC 5 has delineated fully the vertical extent of PHC contamination, documenting that it is early present above the ECRA action level only at the surface. The PHC levels at this restricted surface location were minimally above the action level, and thus no herizontal defineation is needed. Conversely, prior sampling for Cd and As was confined to the surface, per NJDEP requirements. Thus, additional samples for these metals are appropriate to determine the lateral and vertical extent of contamination. Polychrome proposes to install three soil borings proximate to Boring 503, where the only elevated As level was identified. Soil samples will be collected from each boring from the soil surface and from six inches above

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the water table. The locations of the proposed borings are provided on the attached figure. (See Attachment 1). Polychrome is not proposing to delineate the Cd contamination because Polychrome believes elevated Cd values in AEC 5 and at another locations across the site result from activities predating development of the site for industrial use. Sampling is proposed below to support this background argument.

#### D. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome Corp. shall remediate the PHC, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB), VO's, and Cd contamination found in the trench (AEC 10). Concentrations of these contaminants are extremely elevated and the proposal to remediate by filling in the trench with concrete is not acceptable. Vertical and horizontal delineation of Cd and As contamination, which increase with depth shall be completed. Remediation for Cd, As, PCB's (79 ppm), VO's and PHC's is required in this area.

#### **ENVIRON Response:**

Polychrome will address the upper sample from Boring \*wnq 1001, which contained 79 ppm of PCBs, 15 ppm of VOCs and levels of PHC's above 100 ppm. Polychrome will Address install one boring through the trench floor on each side of Boring 1001 to delineate the lateral extent of these contaminants. Two soil samples will be collected from each boring, from the soil surface and the six-inch interval above the water table, and will be analyzed for PCBs, VCCs and PHCs.

Polychrome also will define the area of concern at Boring 1002 as a "hot spot" of PHC contamination. PCB concentrations Boring 1002 were only minimally above the ECRA action level range for this contaminant. Two delineation borings will be installed proximate to Boring 1002. Two soil samples will be collected from # why the depths described above, and will be analyzed for PHCs. (See Attachment 2).

following review of the analytical data from these four delineation borings, Polychrome will evaluate a cemale/txxx remediation of these two "hot spots".

#### E. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome Corp. shall submit the sampling data for the sampling data for the sampling data for the sampling data for

further action" proposal cannot be determined without this information.

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

This information, provided in the September 1988 report presenting the Phase I sampling data, will be resubmitted. See Attachment 3, pages 25, 26, 40 and 52 of Test Report No. A16918 of September, 1988 report, which are attached hereto for your easy reference. (See Attachment 3). Thus, Polychrome submits no further action is necessary.

#### F. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome Corp. shall include polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) as well as PHCs in the post excavation sampling analysis in the area of the former underground fuel oil tank (AEC-11).

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

Clarification of the AEC referred to in this item is necessary. AEC 4, not AEC 11, is the former underground fuel oil tank; AEC 11 is a discolored area proximate to an aboveground fuel oil tank. If this item refers to AEC 11, Polychrome will include PAHs in a post-excavation sample analysis if requested. However, if Item F refers to AEC'4, Polychrome will not include PAHs in the analysis. When the tank was removed in 1986, five post-excavation samples were collected and two were analyzed for BNs. No BNs were detected. The excavated soil was used to backfill the ENVIRON discussed the future removal of this soil with Mr. Michael Metlitz, then the Case Manager. He indicated that as post-excavaton samples had already been analyzed for BNs and none had been detected, no additional BN analyses need be performed on soil samples from AEC 4.

#### G. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome Corp. shall conduct further delineation in the wooded areas (AECs 7, 15, & 16). If Polychrome Corp. contends that similar levels of contaminants are found throughout this area, then soil samples to verify this assumption shall be provided to the Department.

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

Polychrome proposes to meet the goals of this item by verifying the assumptions regarding background

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levels. Two hand auger borings will be installed in undisturbed areas in the woodland. The approximate locations of these borings are shown on the attached figure. Samples will be collected at three depths, surface, 1.5 feet, and 3 feet, and analyzed for Cd. Polychrome will evaluate these results before conducting delineation sampling in AECs 7, 15 and 16. (See Attachment 4).

#### H. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome Corp. shall submit the tune summary for the BN and Vorfractions for AEC's 6, 7, 15 & 16 - lab report #A.

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

This material, submitted with the laboratory data package and sampling addendum in January 1989, will be resubmitted. See, Volume Two, Test Report No. 17790, pages 353 and 384, "Raw QC Data Package" of January 1989 addendum, attached hereto for your easy reference. (See Attachment 5).

#### I. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome Corp. shall submit the Chain of Custody for the post excavation samples (PHC) in the underground fuel oil tank area (AEC 4).

#### ENVIRON Response:

This information requested is attached. (See Attachement 6).

#### J. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome corp. 'shall submit before and after photo documentation and details of the repairs made to the asbestos pipe insulation in the boiler. In addition, the work performed in these areas shall conform to the following:

- Accepted Engineering Practices.
- ii. Support A&B of 40 CFR., Part 6., National Emission Standards for Hazardous air Pollution.
- iii. N.J.A.C. 7:26 Non-hazardous Waste Regulation.

#### **ENVIRON Response:**

Polychrome will comply with this request.

#### K. NJDEP Comment:

The enclosed map from the Site Evaluation Submission dated February 14, 1986, Appendix 4 indicates area of environmental concern (AEC) which require additional investigation. The area identified to have received waste oil appears on the map to be concentrated at one end of the railroad tracks adjacent to a paved area. In addition an existing drain is identified on the map and a drainage pit (identified on the map) or long drainage pipe was proposed to be installed. Polychrome shall conduct sampling to delineate any contamination associated with these AEC's or provide verification that these AEC's have been investigated and/or remediated.

#### **ENVIRON Response:**

DEP has reviewed the spill history section of the SES but we believe has misinterpreted the description provided for AEC 5. NJDEP notes that a map in the spill history section identified the waste oil spill area as limited to a portion of the railroad siding adjacent to a paved area, namely the terminus of the siding. It should be noted that as there is no scale on this map, relative distances may appear misleading. Boring 504 was installed specifically to address what Polychrome believes to be this area, based on best estimations and only minimal PHC levels were detected at the surface. Thus, Polychrome believes no further spill delineation is necessary.

Second NJDEP appears to have misinterpreted a 1965 engineering proposal for railroad reconstruction and drainage system design as evidence of installation of that system. Environ has carefully investigated this area and searched for both the piping and drainage pit at issue but has found no evidence of either. Furthermore, this issue has been discussed with various NJDEP personnel at the property, all of who have agreed that there is no physical evidence that this proposed drainage system was actually constructed. Most recently, Case Manager Sharon Bruder observed during the June 2, 1989 site inspection that there is no evidence of either the drainage pit or any other subsurface drainage Additionally, the 1965 proposal states that should insufficient drainage be noticed following the excavation of test pits, this system would not be installed. Based on the soil types encountered during drilling in AEC 5, it is unlikely that adequate drainage could be achieved by use of a drainage pit.

Thus, Polychrome proposes no additional action with regard to this area of concern. Polychrome, therefore, maintains that because there is no evidence of this drain and as there are no as-built diagrams of this drainage pit, no further action is appropriate or necessary.

#### Part II. Hydrogeology

#### NJDEP Introductory Comments:

The groundwater conditions of the Sampling Plan Approval letter dated June 3, 1988 remain requirements by the Department due to the following reasons.

It has been determined that a much larger quality of machine waste oil was dumped along the railroad tracks than previously suspect. an estimated 500 gallons per year of waste oil was deposited along the railroad tracks between 1961 and 1965. Also, from 1965 to 1973 approximately 50 gallons of waste oil per year had been discharged to the track bed via the floor drainage trench (AEC 10). The oil soaked ballast was replaced in 1973, however soil remediation was not completed, leaving a tarry residue in place. Due to the large quantities of waste oil deposited over this 13 year period, the removal of contaminated gravel on two occasions, the documented contamination present at depth, the shallow depth to groundwater (2-6) and the sandy nature of the soil, a groundwater investigation remains a requirement by the Department conditioned as follows.

#### **ENVIRON Response:**

It must be emphasized that Polychrome fully disclosed all the information that it has pertaining to waste oil disposal on the railroad siding by providing NJDEP with the 1986 SES Monsanto documents regarding spill volumes, location and duration in the Initial Notice submitted in February 1986. The NJDEP statements seem to imply that information has been withheld, which is not the case.

NJDEP states that from 1965 to 1973 waste oil was discharged via the floor drainage trench in AEC 10. NJDEP apparently has drawn the conclusion that the drainage trench described in that memo is the same as AEC 10. However, There are no facts supporting this conclusion. In fact, there is no physical evidence indicating any external discharge point of AEC 10.

In 1973, as NJDEP noted, the upper several inches of oily ballast were removed. However, NJDEP does not mention that in 1965, at the end of the heaviest oil dumping period, 18 inches of ballast were removed. However, NJDEP does not mention that in 1965, at the end of the heaviest oil dumping period, 18 inches of ballast and soil were removed. Also, the tarry

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residue NJDEP mentions, and which is described in the Monsanto memo, was not encountered at any boring in AEC 5. It is proabale that Monsanto personnel observed this residue on the surface of the ballast.

According to NJDEP, there is documented contamination at depth in AEC 5, where depth to ground water is between 2 and 6 feet and the soil is sandy in nature. A review of analytical data for AEC 5 clearly indicates that PHC contamination is confined to the surface. Analyses of soil samples collected at depth reported PHCs at non-detectable concentrations. Second, depth to water in AEC 5 as indicated by sampling depths and boring logs, was between 4.5 and 6 feet. Furthermore, at no location at this facility is ground water encountered at less than 4 feet. Last, information provided in the submitted boring logs indicates that all of the soils encountered in AEC 5 were silt, clay or peat. No information was given to suggest the presence of sand layers.

These statements must be clarified to understand Polychrome's position with respect to ground water monitoring in AEC 5.

## $^{\circ}$ $\sqrt{A}$ . NJDEP Comment:

A minimum of two wells shall be installed downgradient of the railroad tracks to monitor the potential impact to ground water quality.

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

Polychrome will install two monitoring wells downgradient of AEC 5.

## $\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathsf{B}$ . NJDEP Comment:

One well shall be located upgradient of all areas of concern to monitor the quality of groundwater flowing onto the site and to determine groundwater flow direction.

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

Polychrome will install one monitoring well upgradient of all AECs.

#### C. NJDEP Comment:

The above requested monitoring wells shall be permitted, constructed, and surveyed in accordance

with the Department's specifications for unconsolidated monitoring wells. Sample analysis shall include pH, PHC TDS, BN+15, and VO+15.

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

Polychrome will sample the wells required in Items II.A. and II.B. for pH, TDS, PHC, BN+15 and VOC+15.

#### D. NJDEP Comment:

Polychrome shall obtain a New Jersey Pollutant Discharge elimination System Discharge to Ground Water (NJPDES DGW) Permit for the past discharges of waste machine oil to the ground.

#### **ENVIRON Response:**

Polychrome is neither the owner nor operator at this property, nor were the activities at issue conducted by Polychrome. Therefore, Polychrome submits that for these, as well as other reasons, there is no legal basis to require Polychrome to obtain a NJPDES permit for the past discharges.

#### E. NJDEP Comment:

All underground storage tanks including the excavated fuel oil tank shall be registered with the bureau of Underground storage tanks (BUST). Registration forms can be obtained by calling 1-800-722-TANK.

#### **ENVIRON** Response:

Only one underground tank has been in place at this facility. This tank, a 2,000-gallon fuel oil tank removed in February 1987, was used to store fuel oil to heat a building and water related to the fire protection system. As the tank had a capacity of 2,000 gallons and was used to store heating oil for on-site consumption in a nonresidential building, Polychrome believes registration is not required. N.J.S.A. 58:10A-22 (p) 2.

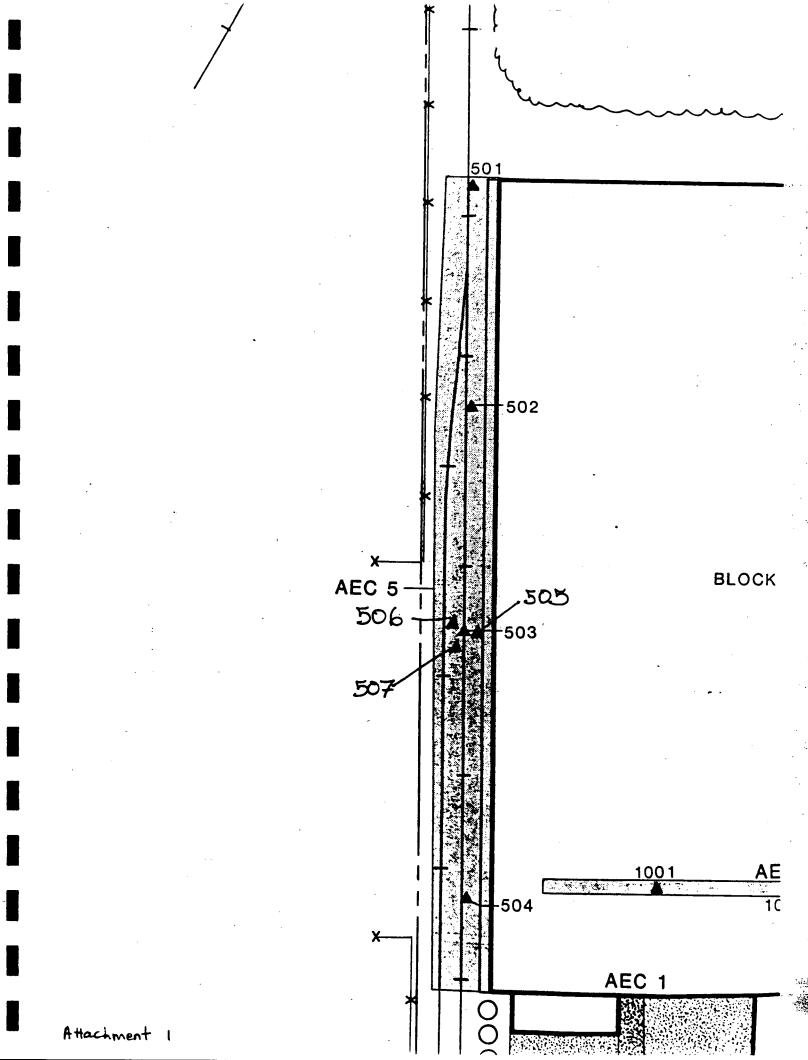
#### F. NJDEP Comment:

A well search shall be submitted to the Department identifying all wells including private, residential, commercial and industrial, within a half-mile radius of the site. The state, county and local offices shall be contacted to obtain this information. All wells shall be located and identified on a site map

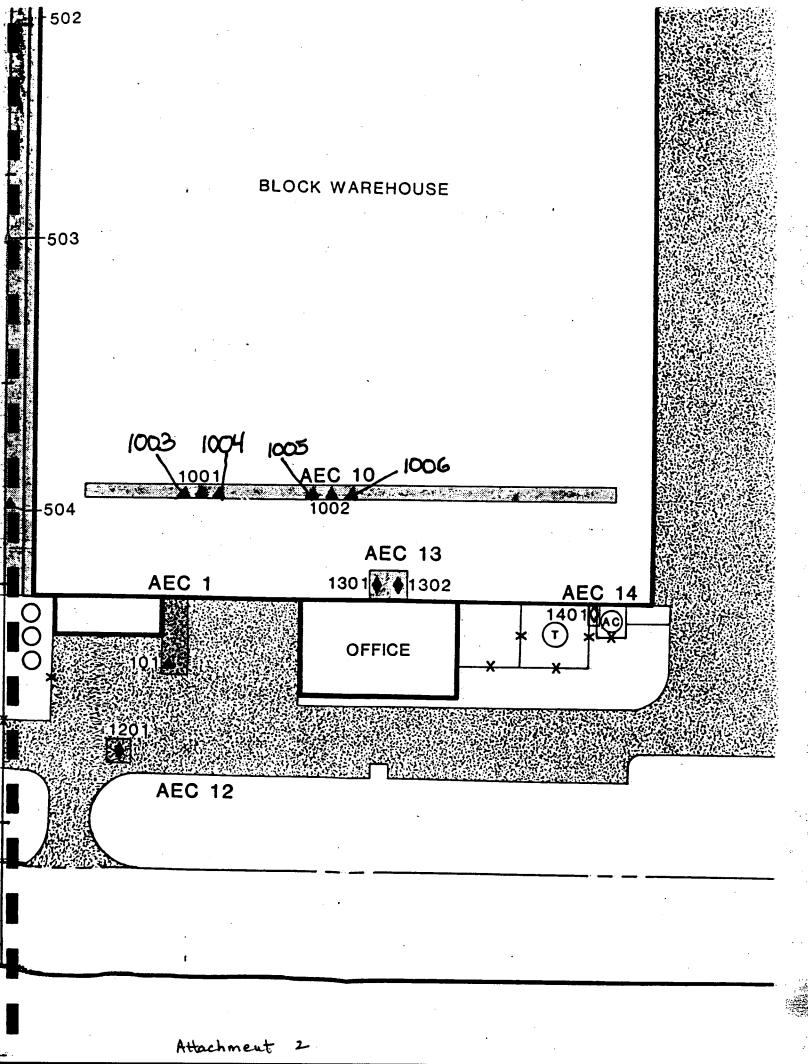
# **ENVIRON** Response:

Polychrome will submit a well search identifying the required information and will also prepare a summary figure locating each well.

ATTACHMENT ONE



ATTACHMENT TWO



ATTACHMENT THREE

Test Report No. A16918 Page 25

# VII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics-Base Neutrals (Page 1 of 2)

	Sample Designation	
Constituent	Aqueous Method Blank	A16918-6 609A-1401- SW01
N-Nitrosodimethylamine Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10 U 10 U 10 U	10 U 10 U 10 U 10 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	10 U 10 U	10 U
N-Nitrosodipropylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone	10 U 10 U 10 U 10 U	10 U 10 U 10 U 10 U
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10 U 10 U	10 U 10 U
Naphthalene Hexachlorobutadiene	10 U 10 U	10 U 10 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 2-Chloronaphthalene	10 U 10 U	10 U 10 U
Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene Acenaphthene	10 U 10 U 10 U	10 U 10 U 10 U
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

Sampling Data for AEC 14

Attachment 3

Test Report No. A16918 Page 26

VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Semivolatile Organics (Page 2 of 2)

|--|

Constituent	Method Blank	A16894-6 609A-1401- SW01
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	10 ប	10 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	10 U	10 U
Diethyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U
4-Chlorophenýl Phenyl Ether	10 U	10 U
Fluorene	10 U	10 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	10 U	10 U
• •		
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	10. U	10 U
Hexachlorobenzene	10 U	10 U
Phenanthrene	10 U	0.5 J
Anthracene	10 U	10 U
Dibutyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U
Fluoranthene	10 U	0.8 J
Benzidine	100 U	100 U
Pyrene	10 U	0.6 J
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	10 U	; 10 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	20: U	20 บ
	10.0	
Benzo(a)anthracene	10 U	10 U
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	10 U	19
Chrysene	10 U	10 U
Dioctyl Phthalate	10 U	10 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	10 U	10 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	10 U	10 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	10 U	10 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	10 U	10 и
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	10 U	10 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10 U	10 U
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

### VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

#### EPA/NIH/NBS Nontargetted Library Search

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-6

Client Designation 609A-1401-SW01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/1)
<u></u>	Unknown Compound	BNA	293.	. 5.2
·	Unknown Compound	BNA	308	10 -
	Unknown Compound	BNA	320	21
	Unknown Compound	BNA	365	23

AnalytiKEM Designation A16918-7

Client Designation 609A-0901-SB01

CAS Number	Compound Name	Fraction	Scan Number	Estimated Concentration (ug/kg dw)
	None Detected	VOA		
	Unknown Compound	BNA	325	4,000
	Unknown Compound	BNA	369	3,900
	Unknown Compound	BNA	400	310
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BNA	493	160
	Unknown Compound	BNA	2,354	290

Note: Estimated concentration is calculated against the nearest eluting internal standard.

Test Report No. A16918 Page 52

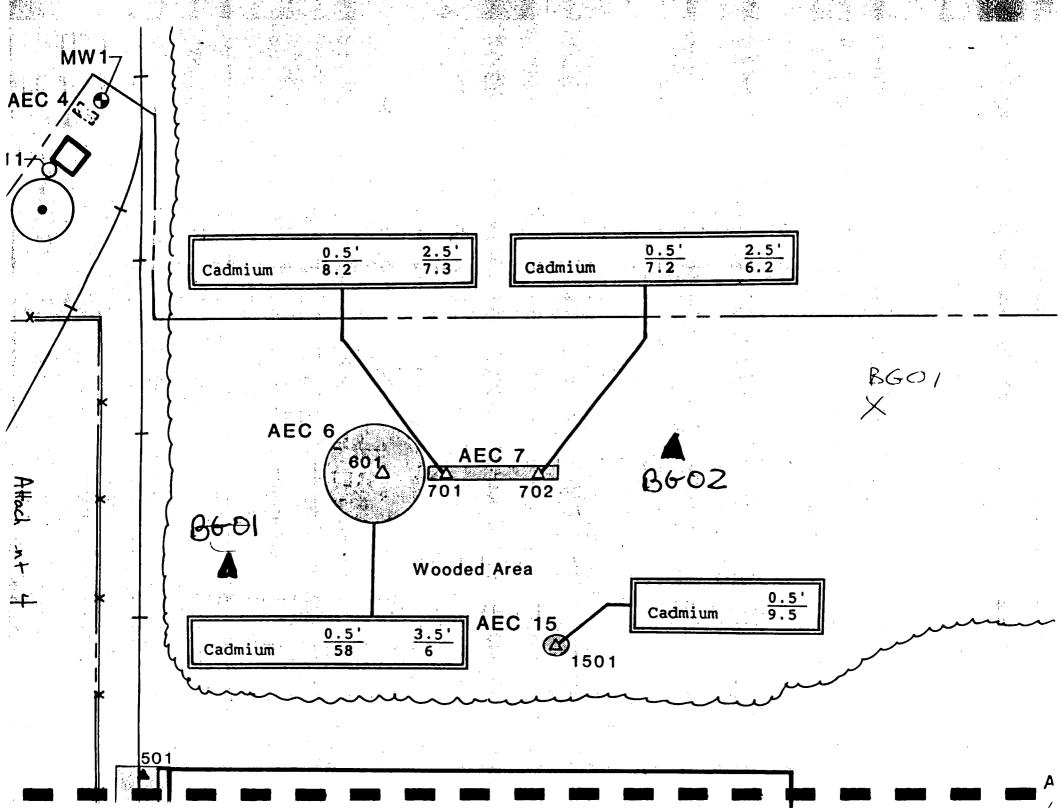
# VIII. Analytical Results (Cont'd)

# Polychlorinated Biphenyls

# Sample Designation

Constituent	Aqueous Method Blank	A16918-6 609A-1401- SW01
Annal an 1016	10 "	10 11
Aroclor 1016	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1221	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1232	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1242	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1248	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1254	10 U	10 U
Aroclor 1260	10 U	10 U
Units	(ug/1)	(ug/1)

ATTACHMENT FOUR



REFERENCE NO. 15

# Monsanto .

FABRICATED PRODUCE DIVISION

MONSANTO PLASTIC & RESINS COMPANY 584 Route #130 Trenton, New Jersey 08691 (609) 585-4650

Lester Mount
Plant Manager



#### State of New Jersey

# DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OFFICE OF CANCER AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES RESEARCH CN-402, TRENTON, N.J. 08625

THOMAS BURKE, M.P.H. DIRECTOR

#### MEMORANDUM

TO:

Lester Taube, Office of Economic Development Department of Labor and Industry Room 706

FROM:

Ed Stevenson, Manager, Industrial Investigations Unit

SUBJECT:

Inactive Monsanto Facility - Hamilton Twp.

#### BACKGROUND

Monsanto Plastics and Resins Co. operated its' "Yardville Plant" from 1961 to 1981 on 17 acres in Hamilton Twp. (584 Rt. 130). The facility employed 130 production workers in the manufacture of Plastic Bottles.

OED has requested clarification of the site status regarding possible abandoned environmental contamination.

A review of certain DEP records indicated <u>no</u> outstanding problems or on-site disposal practices.

#### **OBSERVATIONS**

An on-site inspection was conducted on 12/11/81 which noted the following (refer to attached sketch):

1. Water Tank/Pump House - There is a 10 foot dia.

area of fuel oil saturated soil, due to an apparent
overfill, around an underground tank fill-neck.

This is apparently an unreported spill and requires clean-up. (Responsible party has not been determined).

has been removed, however there has undoubtedly been seepage over the years under this pad. Therefore, this area is still possibly a minor source of groundwater contamination.

3. Bermed Transformer Area - The transformer is not labeled for PCB content.

This offices' survey records show an inventory of 6,675 lbs. of PCBs at a concentration of 450 ppm (October 3, 1979).

4. Fill/Trash Dumping On-site - There has been some minor fill of plastic pellets placed near a storm drain. This should be removed or paved over as the pellets could wash into the stream.

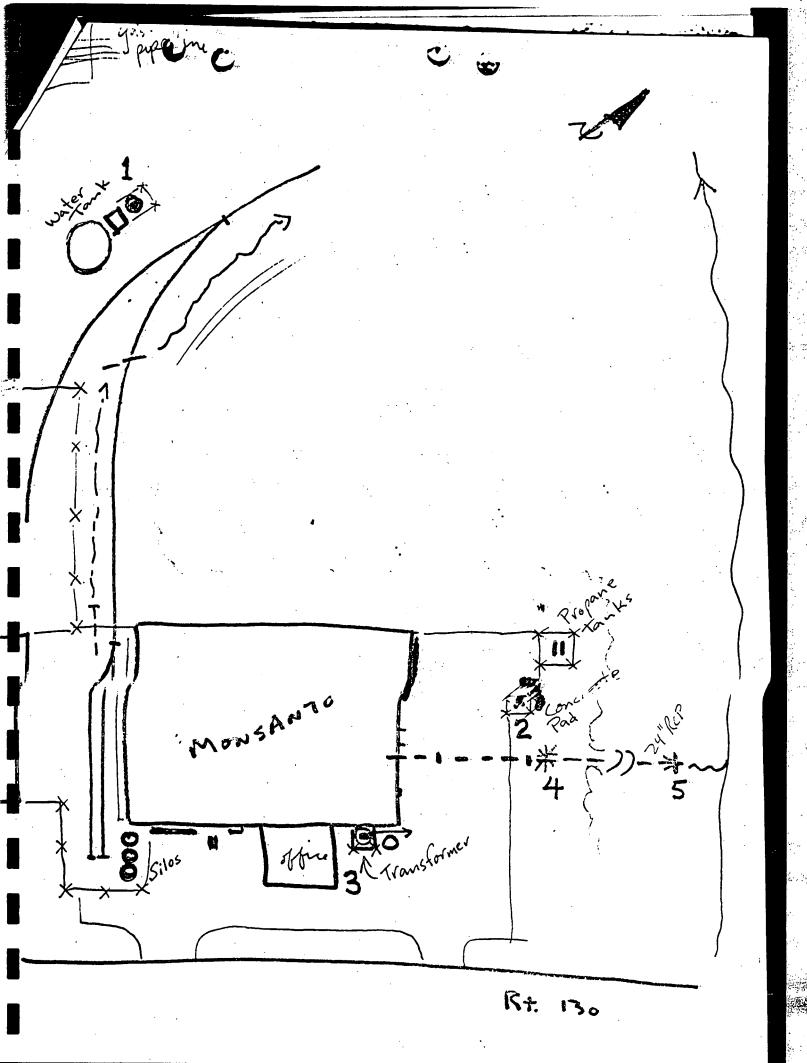
There is also some trash and garden debris dumped on the property which should be removed.

5. Site Drainage - The majority of drainage from the site is via a 24 in. RCP to Back Creek which borders the site. Sediments at the outfall and creek were visually examined and no obvious contamination was noted.

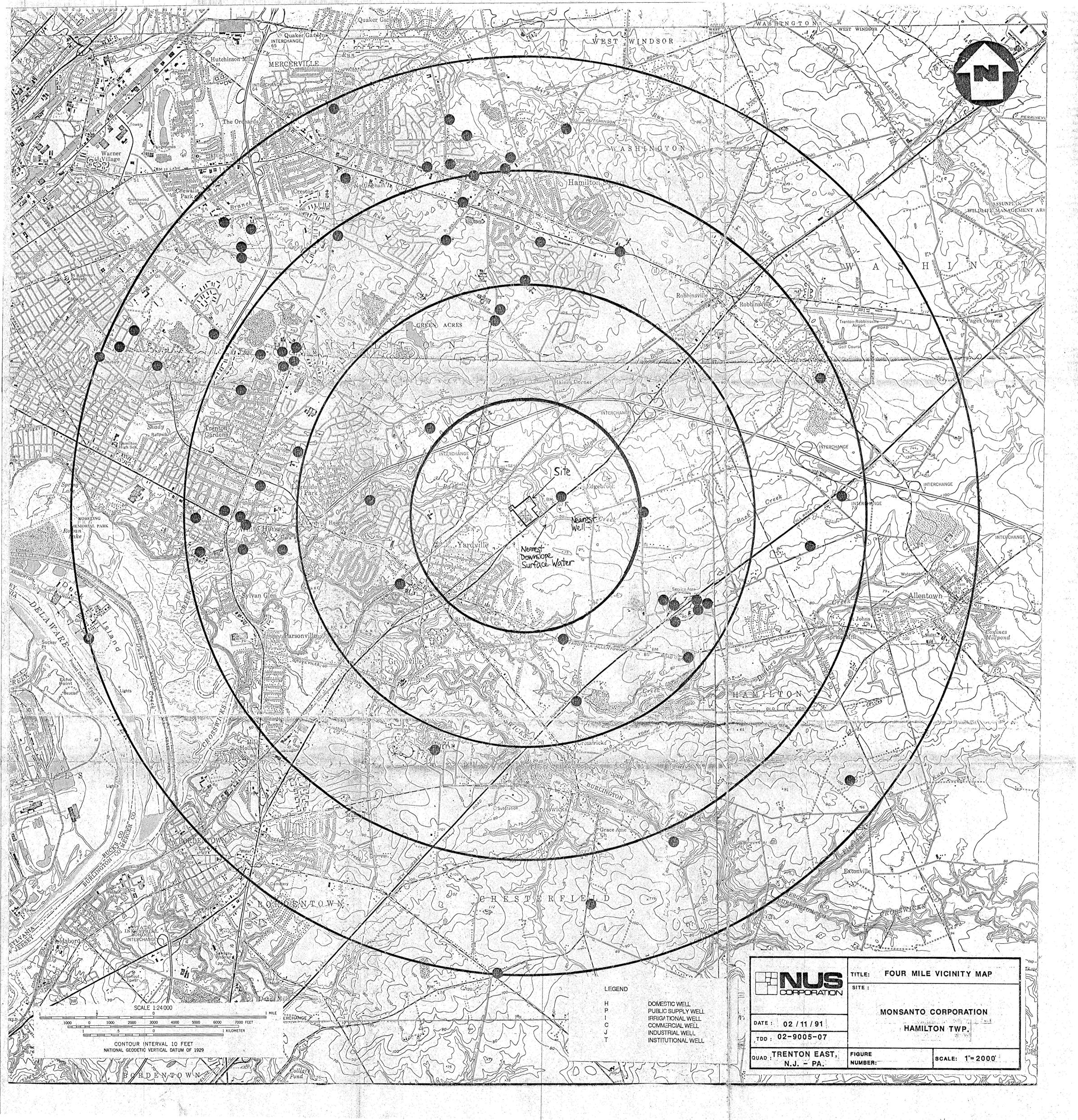
#### CONCLUSIONS

With the exception of the minor oil spillage at the pumphouse and possible contamination at the drum storage pad, there are no obvious major problems which should preclude transfer of ownership of this site.

cc: OHSC



REFERENCE NO. 16



REFERENCE NO. 17

### **NUS CORPORATION**

H

0788

MONSANTO CORP. 02-9005-07 TDD MANAGER - A. BONASERA LOGBOOK #0788 MAY 22, 1991

#### Purpose

- 10 Serves to discussent onsite activities and be understandable to an outside 144 reader.
- o Provides the basis for later written reports.
- Used an an evidentiary document and may be used in legal proceedings.

#### Distribution

o Controlled by the project manager and distributed as appropriate to personnel designated by the project manager.

#### General Procedures

- Record information in language which is objective and factual.
- o Use ink. Waterproof ink is recommended.
- Leave first two pages blank. They serve as space for the table of contents to be added when the log book is complete.
- The first written page identifies the date, time, TDD number, site name, location, NUS personnel and their responsibilities, other non-NUS personnel and observed weather conditions.
- Start on a new page at the start of each day's field activities. This page should identify date, time, TDD number, site name and location, NUS personnel and their responsibilities, other non-NUS personnel and observed weather conditions.
- b List all persons leaving or entering the site.
- o Information recorded in the log book should be in chronological order.
- o Sign and date each page, log all entries using a 24 hour clock. Entries should be time logged every 15 to 30 minutes.
- Corrections are to be lined through and initialed. No erroneous notes are to be made illegible.
- Include a sketch or map of the site which can be used to locate photo or sample locations. Note landmarks, indicate north, and if possible include an approximate source. Include as many sketches and maps as necessary.

terrior

 A person not present when field activities were being documented should read each completed page, and countersign and date when satisfied that the written notes are understandable.

A THE STREET STR

#### Specific Field Activities To Be Documented

- o Record the who, what and where of field activities.
- Indicate sampling and photo locations on a site sketch or map.
- As part of the chain of custody procedure, recorded in-situ sampling information must include sample number, date, time, sampling personnel, sample type, designation of sample as a grab or composite, and any preservative used.
- o Information for in-situ measurements must include a sample ID number, the date, time, and personnel taking measurements. Pertinent in-situ measurements include but are not limited to pN, temperature, Conductivity, flow measurements, continuous air monitoring measurements, and stack gas analysis. If infield calculations are necessary they must be checked and signed by a second team member.
- Create a photo log to document photos taken in the field. These must include date, time, photographer, sample number, roll number, frame number, photo ID number and description. Indicate if the film is for slides or prints in the column for roll number. Photo ID numbers can be added at the time the photo log is assembled.
- Record onsite health and safety measures used. Describe observed potential
  hazards to health and safety. Document the level of protection used,
  decontamination procedure used and specific decontamination solutions.
- Record details regarding relevant information obtained during onsite interviews. Include names of persons interviewed, the interest group represented, their address and phone number.
- o Record any other relevant information which would be difficult to generate at a later date.

### Table of Contents

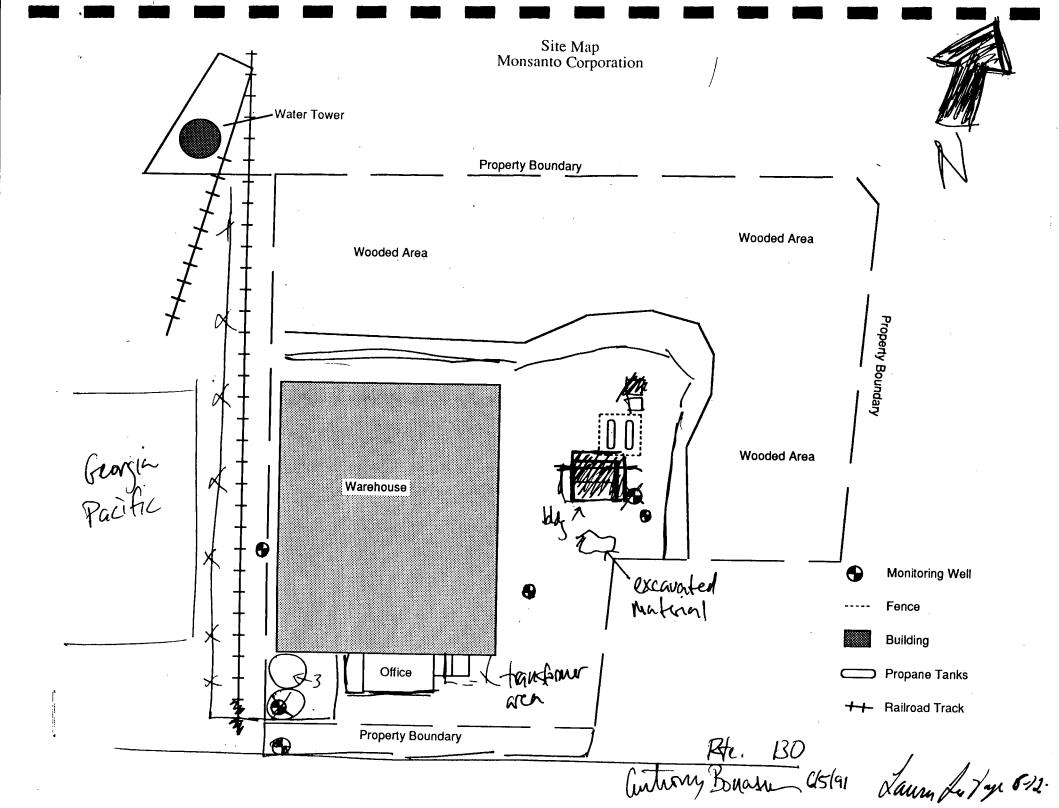
Site Map Site Reconvaissance Site Summary Photo Log

Pages 3

pages 4-10

pages 11-12

pages 13-14



#### CAROL A. SURGENS

#### JONES, DAY, REAVIS & POGUE

599 LEXINGTON AVENUE, NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10022 212-326-3939 TELEX: 237013 JDRP UR • TELECOPIER: 212-755-7306

ATLANTA. AUSTIN, BRUSSELS. CHICAGO. CLEVELAND. COLUMBUS.
DALLAS. GENEVA. HONG KONG. LONDON.
LOS ANGELES. PARIS. PITTSBURGH. RIYADH. TOKYO AND WASHINGTON

Roux Associates Inc.

1222 Forest Parkway, Suite 190 West Deptford, New Jersey 0806B

Tel: (609) 423-8800 Fax: (609) 423-3220

Mitchell Bormack Staff Geologist

Environmental Consulting & Management

Monsanto Conformation 02-9005-07 Hamilton Trup. Mercur Co., NJ 6/5/91

850 arrive on Site

Equipment	List		EPA	12 #	
DVA HNU	D C		30714		
Compass Camera Camera Moniter 4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6841 4697 4697	71	
Mini - 12ad			42857	88	
The follows understood	the pers	onuel ha	ve read	and	
Authony		The statement of the st	awhon	Busin	C/5/91
Joe Al			Sofi		
Keith B	11119	Backup SI	urvedlana_	Kize B	ion
antingo	1641		Laum L	Yy 6-1	2.2/

Monsanto Corporation 02-9005-07

Non NUS Personnel on site

Carol Surgeus Mitchell Bormack (Roax assoc.)

The weather conditions are: Sunny Clear 60-65°F, wind speed 5-10 mph NNW

852 Joe Filosa gives Safety tailpate meeting topics discussed: route to hospital, contaminents on site

900 Mitchell Bormack from Row associates Inc., crowes on site the inquirest what we will be doing on-site. Told him Mat we, will be taking pictures, and walking around the property.

Control Bourn - US/41 Laura Lesting 6/291

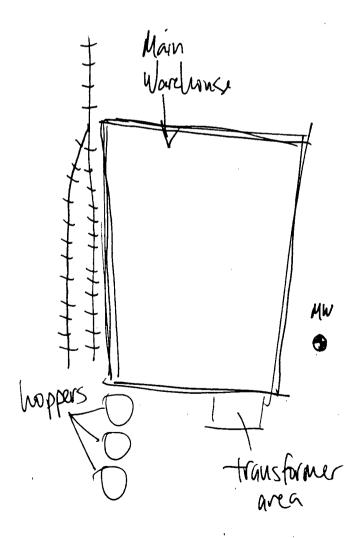
Mousanto Corporation 02-9005-07 6/5/91 Site Contact Carl Surgay amus Background reading are: Offen on the 926 Photo of Montonin well 2 like: no readings on How or OVA note: Mis well is the aggredient; background well 18,1 S,1 930

P,23 S,23 VPhoto of western edge of Main workbouse

Cuntury Bonager 6/5/91 Lawry Labor 5/2-41

02-9005-07 6/5/91

N



Cuntrony Bourse 6/5/11

Laure Letap 6-12-91

7

935

1 P4,5 S4,5

Photo of transformer area and southern and of blog.

950

1PG S6

Photo of Monitorn, well in parking bot near main waveling - directly east

951

Carol Surgers informs us (hat Monsont had left sorteent matrice) wist south of the small what warding This area had seen remediated and a well had been installed. The first sampling from this well indicated high

Curting Just 6/5/41 Laura La tyr 6-/2-91

02-9005-07

N

Main Workhonse

small warehouse

excavated material

autrony Boham C/5/91

Laura Lutoy 6/24

02-9005-07

leads of volithe contaviouents the second sampling from this well.

1000 (where at were of excavation excavation (aprex. 2 years ago)

Note: no realing on DVA or HNn wateral was removed from site but for South from Step but for to where said hat Firm Ries would contain into DEP had becard this area of no ware concern

1 PT ST Photo of excalated material

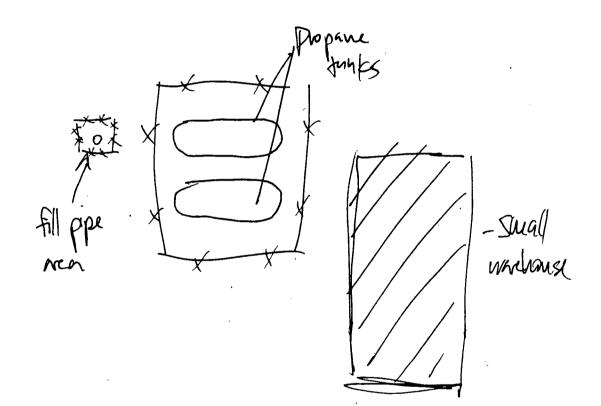
1005 1 P8910 Pavorauic of laden side 58,7,10 of diaju whichouse

autron Bran 6/5/91

Laure Latyr GN 4

02-9005-07

~ N



Cutron Bours 6/5/9,

Laure Lig 6/20

02-9005-07

10 10

1 PIL SI

Photo of fenced in Propose tanks note: no reading from DVA or HUM

1015 1 P12, S12 photo of popule fill

1020

(PB, SB

Photo of Northern end of main wavelevuse booking word

autrongBoursu 6/5/91

Laun Fity 6.12-4

Mousants Corporation 02-9005-07 Main Bailding

Continy Royasi 6/5/91

Laura Laten 6n.4

Mousants Corporation

02-9005-07

1025 Photo of Water tank on 1 PH, SI4 north western edge of property

PDSS better between rait fracks on direct western side of blog,

Note: as readings on the or DVA

1040 proceed back to Suburban

1100 leave SAe

autrony Bourse 6/5/91

Laur Luty 6 pm

# Site Summary

We arrived on site at 8:50 am and waited for site contacts: Mitchell Borbrack and Carol Surgeus to arrive. at 9:15 am Carol Surgeus arrived and we discussed what we would be doing: what we would look for that Roux associates would provide any data That I would need to 'De-Tist' the site I told her that EPA would review our recommendation, which would be made after gathring all sample data and then decide Sulving all sample data and then decide how to proceed with the site. At 10:40 am. Carol Surpers explained in further detail what Monsouto actually hid while they were active. She said that they made Plastic bottles and that during the time they were there they had only dumped waste oil from processes (At Mattime he trains were used heavily) on a section of rail just west of the main warehouse. She said turbur that sorbent material was put temporarily as Mousanto was vacatin, the temporarily, as Mousanto was vacatin, the property, in a mound son n of the small war house. This material was removed, and then the soil beneath it was later removed

Cuntrony Bayer 6/49, Laure Lety 642-81

Monsanto Corporation 02-9005-07 Site Summany (Cont'd) 6/5/91

and a minitoring well had been installed of which the first sampling results indicated high levels of volatives and the second sampling some time later revealed a sharp decrease in the concentrations of volatile chamicals.

Capo Sirguis and Mitchell Bormack inquired moore about what we were trying to do with the Site. I explained that the recon is just an appraising won event; to take pictures and obtain won files if possible, and that samplin, data in existance, would be used in support of a recommendation to EPA. I also informed her that she may request a copy of the Final Draft SI Report from the EPA.

hutrony Bourn 6/5/91.

Laure Luty 5-12-21

02-9005-07

### Photo Log

Photo Number	Description	Time .
1 PI, SI	View looking south at monitoring well 2	926
1 P2,3 S2,3	Panoranic view looking north of western side of main whethouse	930
1P4,5 S4,5	Pamoranic view looking west of transformer area and the southern end of bother bldg.	935
1PG SG	View looking east of monitoring well in parking lot, directly east of the main warehouse	950
1P7 S7	View looking worth of excavated material. Monitoring well in background	1000
( + - ?	Mage Gloser Laure Jub,	
MMssry G	May Xaller Lut ,	6-12-91

### Mousanto Consolation

02-9005-07

## Photo log (cont'd)

Photo Number	Description	Time
1 P89,10 S 8,9,10	Panorumic view looking west Of eastern side of main warehouse	1005
1 PII SII	View looking worth of fenced in propane tanks	1010
IPIZ SIZ	View looking east of propune fill pipe area	IDIS
1 P13 S13	View looking west of northern end of main wardwase	1020
1 P14 S14	View looking north of water tank	1025
1 PIS SI5	View of wonitoring well between rail-tracks directly west of main warehouse	(030
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Controlly Bourn 6/5/91

Laure Laty 6/2-91

REFERENCE NO. 18

				GH	SI							
UNIQUE SITE ID DWNER	LDCAL ID	MUNICIPALITY	LAT LON	ALTITUDE	DEPTH DIAMETER	STATION ID	AQUIFER	SCREENED Interval	₩ 5 DA	ATE PERMIT	DEPTH DRILLED	UNIQUE ID
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10170 RESEARCH FARM	210169 210170 210171 210172 210173 210174 210175 210176
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### SELECTED INFORMATION OF WELLS FROM THE GROUND WATER SITE INVENTORY DATABASE MERCER COUNTY

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210046	401119674381001				@	CHRYANOWSKILL S	1-1957 1-1958	05/24/1958		H	H	Š
210047	401122074422101					AGARITI + A	1-1953	10/21/1953		Ë	H	Š
210048	401126074385801				C	BUCKLEY FRANK		05/03/1957		H	H	M
210049	401159674414901					EMIL B HARD. TERRY F		08/29/1957		Ë	Н	S
210050	401229074413901					SESINI. V W	1952	04/19/1952		H	H	Š
210051	401231074414101 40124207442243L					PLAVCHAK . EDWARD	1958	05/20/1958		H	Н	S
210052 210053	401242074423401		–			LOTTO + KCKESH		10/11/1957		H	H	S
210054	401318074390401			·· · • = · · · ·	J.	GARDEN STATE WC	ROBRT FROST 10			F	P	Š
210059	401318074396401				**	CUBBERLEY EDITH	1953	09/03/1953		H	H	S
210055	401319074421301					AGINS. WILBUR	1956	04/04/1956		H	H	S
210056	401324074391001		-			BARTON FRANCIS		01/01/1952		H	H	S
210058	401325074411201					VARAMJAK STEP		03/18/1953		н	H	S
210056	401329074420501					HUTCHINSON. ROB		11/27/1953		H	H	S
210066	401340074395701					LOCKWOOD JOH E	1958	02/20/1958		H	Н	S
210060	401352074375701				<b>-</b>	GARDEN STATE WE	HAMILTON 3	01/01/1954		F	ü	T
	401353074395101	_			T.	GARDEN STATE WC	PARK AVENUE 11			F	P	Š
210962 - 210963	401353074395201			* ·-	<b>7</b> *	BARDEN STATE VC		09/10/1949		F	Ü	F
210063	401353074395202					GARDEN STATE WE	PARK AVE 3	01/01/1949		F	U	
210054	401363074395208				_	PAROEN STATE VC	PARK AVE 6	01/01/1954		P	U	
210066	461354074411401				7	GIOVENELLI. D J	1-1955	09/18/1955		H	Н	S
210067	401357074303001					MERCER RUBER CO	1954-2	11/22/1954		Ī	I	M
210068	401357674406601				2.	SARDEN STATE WC	PAXSON AVE 5	01/01/1954		P	Ü	S
210069	401402074394201					SARDEN STATE HC	HAMILTON 5	03/30/1956			U	M
210071	401410074396301		_			GARDEN STATE WE	(HAM SQ WC) 8	01/01/1958		P	U	F
210671	401411074395601				·L	JENKINS . HERB N	1954	05/04/1954		н	н	S
210072	401415374385501			=		KELLY. JAMES H	1952	05/20/1952		H	H	S
210073	401419974499701				3	GARDEN STATE WC	PAXSON AVE 9	02/06/1958		Р	ρ	F
210074	401419074424401				7	LAPP. ELEANOR	1953 WELL	01/01/1953		H	H	S
210075	401420074400201				<del></del> ,	GARDEN STATE WC		01/01/1974		P	U	S
210076	401423074411501			HAMILTON THE	7	SCHULER. H E	SCHULER	05/12/1954		н	Н	S
210077	401455074410001					MER CONTRACT CO	1955	05/05/1955		H	Н	S
210078	401459074393501					SPRINGSTEEN GEO	1953	08/27/1953		H	Н	S
210079	401618674292901		_			PROBASCO • C B	1954	01/01/1954		H	Н	S
210086	401558074320001					COCA-COLA CO	COCA-COLA 1972			- K	N	M
210081	401621974313401					HIGHTSTOWN W D	HIGHTSTOWN 1	01/01/1946		F	P	S
210082	401622974310401					DECKERS DAIRY	1929	01/01/1929		N	N	F
210083	401622074310402					DECKERS DAIRY		01/01/1947		N	N	F
210084	401622074313301					HIGHTSTOWN W D	HIGHTSTOWN 2	01/01/1947		F	P	S
210085	401625074313101					HIGHTSTOWN W D	TEST-3	03/10/1977	Z	U	U	S
210086	401625074313102					HIGHTSTOWN W D	0BS-4	03/10/1977	Z	U	U	S
210087	402334074460801	402774	74463R	HOPEWELL HORD		HOPEWELL BORO W	R	12/12/1965	u	F	P	Ħ
				HOLENDER DONG								

REFERENCE NO. 19

NUS CORPORATION AND S	SUBSIDIARIES	TELECON NOTE
CONTROL NO: 02-9005-07	DATE: July 11, 1991	TIME: 15 . 15
DISTRIBUTION:		
BETWEEN: Jo Hauson	Mousanto Co	PHONE: (314)694-6127
Authory Bo	nasera	
DISCUSSION: T calle	d Jo Hanson f	or additional
information on	the site history	
Co. She inform	ed we that coo	
pumped from a		returned to
a pit (not	well) In a cycl	
water ran over		was cooled
		and returned
through gravity	to the hot well,	1 1 1 .
	soling tower to no	<u> </u>
agayn. The state	1	Container (tank) than
was used to	collect waste oil	was received when
Monsanto sold -		iscontinued meration.
A CHICAL STATE	,	'
ACTION ITEMS:		
	Untur	y bourson 7/11/91
NUS 067 REVISED 0685		J

REFERENCE NO. 20

NUS CORPORATION AND S	UBSIDIARIES	TELECON NOTE
CONTROL NO: 02-9005-07	Date: July 12, 1991	TIME: 1430
DISTRIBUTION:		
BETWEEN: Ata BOUWA	of: Hamilton Tup Engineering Dep	PHONE: J. (609) 890-3636
AND: ANTHONY B	bhasela	
DISCUSSION: Spoke w	Mh Ata Bonua a	bout population
recieving ground		at approximately
33 457 people	are served by	oublic wells. Tub
outof four public		
Mousanto Compan	y's 4-mile radiu	is. Within the
4-miles appro	ximately 16,500 pe	aple are saved
	Ur Bonna further so	aid that storm
water nue off	into many separate	channels finally
to be distributed		. He did not
Know the specific	. must path for	Mousantos storm
drain	1	
ACTION ITEMS:		
	ant	my Bonan 7/12/91

NUS 067 REVISED 0685

REFERENCE NO. 21

TO: Project File	DATE: July 22, 1991
FROM: JUITHONY BONASERA	COPIES:
SUBJECT: (alculations of Popul	ation on groundwater in
REFERENCE: 4/ - Mile Radius	
See afforhed Chart ?	<b>X</b>
* Information obtained from re	eferences 18 and 20
·	
	<i>'</i>

	Public wells	Domestic wells	Receiving Population from public wells	Receiving Population from domestic wells	Total Receiving Population
0-1/4 Mile					
1/4-1/2 Mile	1			4	4
1/2-1 Mile					
1-2 Miles	1	7	8,250	27	8,277
2-3 Miles	1 .	19	8,250	72	8,322
3-4 Miles		15		57	57

Note: Receiving population from domestic wells was calculated by multiplying the number of wells by 3.8. The exact population served by each public well is unknown. The total population on public supply was divided equally.